Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by the City of Rocky Mount Finance Office Krystal Hunter, Finance Officer

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| TABLE OF CONTENTS | _ |
|---|-------------|
| INTRODUCTORY SECTION | <u>Page</u> |
| Letter of Transmittal | 1 - 8 |
| GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting | 9 |
| Organizational Chart | 10 |
| List of Principal Officials | 11 |
| FINANCIAL SECTION | |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 12 - 14 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | |
| Basic Financial Statements: | |
| Government-wide Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 33 and 34 |
| Statement of Activities | 35 and 36 |
| Fund Financial Statements | |
| Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds | 37 |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement | |
| of Net Position | 38 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund | |
| Balance – Governmental Funds | 39 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balance – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | 40 |
| General Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in | |
| Fund Balance – Budget and Actual | |
| Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds | |
| Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds | |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 53 - 115 |
| Required Supplementary Information: | |
| Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance | 116 and 117 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | 118 and 119 |
| City of Rocky Mount's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | 120 and 121 |
| City of Rocky Mount's Contributions | 122 and 123 |

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED) | |
| Other Supplementary Information: | |
| Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: | |
| Major Governmental Funds: | |
| General Fund: | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual | 124 - 134 |
| Major Special Revenue Fund – Public Facilities Corporation – Schedule of | |
| Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual | 135 |
| Major Special Revenue Fund – ARPA Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, | |
| and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual | 136 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds: | |
| Combining Balance Sheet | 137 |
| Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances | |
| Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds | |
| Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes | |
| in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds | 141 and 142 |
| Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – Public Transportation Grants Fund – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Budget and Actual | 143 |
| Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – Entitlement Grants Fund – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Budget and Actual | 144 |
| Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – Crime/Safety Control Fund – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Budget and Actual | 145 |
| Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – Economic Development Fund – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Budget and Actual | 146 |
| Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – Emergency Management Fund – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Budget and Actual | 147 |
| Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – Emergency Telephone System Fund – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Budget and Actual | 148 |
| Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – Occupancy Tax Fund – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds – Balance Sheet.......150

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 151

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds – Combining Statement of Revenues,

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED) | |
| Other Supplementary Information (Continued): | |
| Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (Continued): | |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued): | |
| Capital Project Fund – General Capital Development Projects – | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Budget and Actual | 152 |
| Enterprise Funds – Electric Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) | 153 |
| Enterprise Funds – Gas Operating Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) | 154 |
| Enterprise Funds – Water Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) | 155 |
| Enterprise Funds – Capital Projects Water Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) | 156 |
| Enterprise Funds – Sewer Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) | 157 |
| Enterprise Funds – Capital Projects Sewer Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) | |
| Enterprise Funds – Stormwater Management Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) | |
| Internal Service Funds – Combining Statement of Net Position | 160 |
| Internal Service Funds – Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and | |
| Changes in Net Position | |
| Internal Service Funds – Combining Statement of Cash Flows | 162 |
| Internal Service Funds – Risk Management – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | |
| Financial Plan and Actual (Non-GAAP) | 163 |
| Internal Service Funds – Communications – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – | 404 |
| Financial Plan and Actual (Non-GAAP) | |
| Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable – General Fund | |
| Analysis of Current Tax Levy | 166 |
| Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds – Comparative Schedule | 467 |
| by Source | 167 |
| Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds – Schedule by Function | 400 |
| and ActivityCapital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds – Schedule of Changes | 100 |
| by Function and Activity | 160 |
| by I unducti and Addivity | 103 |

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

| | | Page |
|-----|---|-------------|
| | STATISTICAL SECTION | |
| Fii | nancial Trends Information | |
| | Net Position by Component | 170 and 171 |
| | Changes in Net Position | 172 and 173 |
| | Fund Balances of Governmental Funds | 174 and 175 |
| | Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds | 176 and 177 |
| | General Governmental Expenditures by Function | 178 |
| | General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source | 179 |
| | General Governmental Revenues by Source | 180 |
| Rev | venue Capacity Information | |
| | Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property | 181 |
| | Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates | 182 |
| | Principal Property Taxpayers | 183 |
| | Property Tax Levies and Collections | 184 |
| | Electric Utility Revenue Rates | 185 - 187 |
| | Principal Electric Revenue Payers by Business Type | 188 |
| | Electric Fund Revenues, Expense and Net Income | |
| | Electric Fund Revenues by Source | 190 |
| | Electric Fund User Charges | 191 |
| | Gas Fund Revenues, Expenses and Net Income | 192 |
| | Gas Fund Revenues by Source | 193 |
| | Gas Fund User Charges | 194 |
| | Water Fund Revenues, Expenses and Net Income | |
| | Water Fund Revenues by Source | 196 |
| | Water Fund User Charges | 197 |
| | Sewer Fund Revenues, Expenses and Net Income | |
| | Sewer Fund Revenues by Source | 199 |
| | Sewer Fund User Charges | 200 |
| | Stormwater Fund Revenues, Expenses and Net Income | 201 |
| | Stormwater Fund Revenues by Source | 202 |
| | Stormwater Fund User Charges | 203 |
| Del | bt Capacity Information | |
| | Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type | 204 |
| | Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding | |
| | Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt | 206 |

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED) | |
|--|-------------|
| STATISTICAL SECTION (CONTINUED) | <u>Page</u> |
| Demographic and Economic Information | |
| Demographic and Economic Statistics | 208 |
| Principal Employers | 209 |
| Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function | 210 |
| Operating Information | |
| Operating Indicators by Function/Program | 211 |
| Capital Asset Statistics by Function | |

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- Letter of Transmittal
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
- Organizational Chart
- List of Principal Officials



December 28, 2023

The Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council and Residents of the City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) of the City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. We assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal

requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina, was incorporated on February 19, 1867, and is in eastern North Carolina in the coastal plains area. The City has a population of approximately 54,941 and straddles the Nash and Edgecombe County line, encompassing 45.46 square miles. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. The legislative body of the government of the City is comprised of a Mayor and a seven-member City Council. The governing council is responsible, among other things for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing body, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of various departments. The Mayor is elected at-large by the citizens and serves a four-year term and is the presiding officer of the Council. Members of the City Council serve four-year terms and are elected by the voters of the wards in which they reside. The City is divided into seven wards and a Council member who resides in the ward represents each ward. Elections are held every two years in order that the terms of office are staggered.

The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, sanitation, public improvements, planning and zoning, parks and recreational activities, transportation, general administrative services, and the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure. The City also operates electric, natural gas, water, sewer, and stormwater utilities for the incorporated and surrounding areas.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City has a formal operating budget process, which begins in February of each year. The City Council receives the recommended budget in late May. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than June 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. Legal budgetary control for operating budgets is exercised at the fund (e.g. General) and department (e.g. Police) level. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a fund. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Formal budgetary integration and encumbrance accounting are employed as management control devices during the year. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund and proprietary funds for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General fund, this comparison is presented on pages 41 and 42 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the General fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund section of this report, which starts on page 137. Also included in the

governmental fund section is project-length budget-to-actual comparisons for each governmental fund for which a project authorization budget has been adopted (i.e. Public Transportation). The proprietary fund budget to actual comparisons begins on page 143.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy. Rocky Mount is the principal city of its own designated metropolitan statistical area encompassing Edgecombe and Nash Counties. Rocky Mount is ranked as the 19th largest city in the state of North Carolina. Rocky Mount has an economy that is driven by knowledge-based enterprises, including advanced manufacturing, software and information technology, bio-pharmaceuticals and financial services. Among the area's leading products are pharmaceuticals, diesel engines, bakery products, processed tobacco, key systems, electronic controls, and automotive fuel systems. Situated where Interstate-95, the main north/south thoroughfare on the East Coast meets U.S. 64, Rocky Mount is in the heart of the Eastern Seaboard. With easy access to U.S. 264, U.S. 301, and Interstates 40 and 85 Rocky Mount is situated in very close proximity to an excellent overland transportation system.

Local employment growth improved in the past year and remains a challenging aspect of our overall economic picture. A significant share of our employment base is tied to manufacturing and logistics (transportation and warehousing), which are historically vulnerable to economic volatility. For the 12—month period ending June 30, 2023, employment within the City of Rocky Mount grew by 1.5%, with the June 2023 unemployment rate reaching 6.5%, compared to the June 2022 unemployment rate of 7.4%. For the same period, employment with the Rocky Mount Metropolitan Statistical Area also grew by 1.5%, with the June 2023 unemployment rate reaching 5.2%, compared to the June 2022 unemployment rate of 5.9%.

City staff works aggressively with Carolinas Gateway Partnership and the Rocky Mount Chamber of Commerce to recruit new business and encourage expansion of existing businesses. The North Carolina Department of Commerce provides additional support through the award of Building Reuse Grants passed through the City to provide financial assistance for renovation to existing structures. The grants are designed to help revitalize communities and create new jobs. For the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2023, the City was approved for \$300 thousand dollars in grant funds to recruit new businesses and support expansion efforts. The total for this project represents more than \$5 million being invested in the community and is projected to create 42 new jobs in the area over the next two years. The following is a brief description of the project being assisted through this program.

Woodgrain, Inc., an international company engaged in lumber, mill working, window manufacturing, door manufacturing, and distribution, assumed ownership of a formerly vacant manufacturing building on the north end of the City along the US 301 corridor. The company plans to renovate the facility for expansion of operations, adding 42 new jobs to operate and manage the facility.

The following is an update on previous recruitment efforts.

Hubble Power Systems, a national company, manufactures a wide range of electric power products used by utilities industries, residential construction, and transportation. The company is upfitting its Rocky Mount facility to expand manufacturing and distribution operations and to create 73 new jobs.

The CSX Corporation intermodal facility, The Carolina Connector, began its transportation operations in 2021. The 330-acre rail yard transfers cargo containers from tractor-trailers to trains for transport.

NCDOT invested \$118.1 million for site development and roadway construction. CSX contributed \$40 million to the project including cost for property, equipment, design and construction oversight and operational expertise. The DOT conducted an economic impact evaluation in 2019 and determined the facility will have an indirect job impact of up to 1,300 jobs. In November 2021, CSX announced its Wilmington Midwest Express, a direct rail connection service between the Carolina Connector site and midwest markets like Chicago and St. Louis. The new service will move cargo containers from the Port of Wilmington and other east coast ports to the Midwest with faster transit times, reducing shipping costs and lowering emissions. This connection was expanded in 2022 to increase service to the Port of Wilmington, and additional service was established between the Carolina Connector and the Port of Savanah. It is anticipated that logistics firms, trucking companies and other businesses with economic ties to the terminal will set up shop nearby, making Rocky Mount a logistics powerhouse. Rocky Mount's strategic location in the state, its growing industrial market, and the company's existing rail operations and existing ties were the deciding factor in selecting the terminal's location.

The City remains committed to revitalizing the Downtown Business District and Community with a focus on small business and the development of affordable workforce housing. Construction continued for the Five Point Crossing area of a 50-unit apartment building with parking lot. The building is located close to the Edgecombe Community College and a growing business district. This project represents an \$8.4 million investment in Rocky Mount. Construction was completed in Spring 2023.

The City of Rocky Mount has partnered with Metronet, the nation's largest independently owned fiber optic provider, to bring high-speed broadband internet service to the region. The fiber optic network is expected to take 1 year in construction and service to some residents and business could begin as soon as 2024. Additionally, the City is working with an existing fiber optic provider, Brightspeed (formerly Lumen/Centurlink), to assist their upgrade of existing service for residents and businesses, which should be available for use in 2024.

Rocky Mount Event Center have increased the attraction to Rocky Mount. The Event Center is managed by Sports Facilities Management and is included in the SFM (Sports Facility Management) Network, one of the leading authorities in youth and amateur sports. The Event Center also hosted business meetings, banquets, private parties, and sports events for a combined total of 370+ bookings that generated \$1.89 million dollars, a 35% increase from last year's revenues. Highlight events this year included 4 concerts attracting 5,734 total attendees, 10 volleyball tournaments with 25,552 attendees, a varsity cheer sport competition with 1,860 attendees, and a youth conference with 2,500 attendees. The 165,000 square foot multi-use facility features eight basketball and sixteen volleyball courts, a family entertainment area, meeting and conference rooms, banquet hall and other offices. The Rocky Mount Event Center is playing a pivotal role in indoor, safe, family fun with a 15,000 square foot Family Entertainment Center that includes an indoor ropes course, play area and party rooms.

The city received \$1 million in grants to restore facilities and amenities at Sunset Park, a centrally-located and heavily-frequented recreation space along the Tar River. This project includes replacement of playgrounds and shelters and improvements to the adjacent Tar River Greenway. The U.S. Department of Interior announced Rocky Mount as a recipient of a grant of \$500,000 from its Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF), and the North Carolina Department of Natural and Cultural Resources awarded the City a \$500,000 grant from the Parks and Recreation Trust Fund (PARTF) for this project. Additional funding is being requested from the State's Recreation Trails Program (RTP) for associated improvements to the adjacent Greenway.

Several new Transportation infrastructure projects for the City were awarded by the North Carolina Department of Transportation in their 2024-2033 State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). These projects are intended to improve traffic safety, alleviate congestion, support increased multimodal traffic demand due to economic growth projections, and address prior disinvestment and lack of equitable transportation infrastructure in select portions of the City. The Sunset Avenue interchange project remains under construction, along with many other North Carolina Department of Transportation highway projects. The following project descriptions were taken from the North Carolina Department of Transportation Website:

- Improvements to US 64 to facilitate conversion to Interstate 87.
- Preliminary engineering for planned improvements to NC 97 (Atlantic Avenue) to include pedestrian and bicycle improvements.
- Construction of streetscape improvements, including pedestrian and bicycle improvements, for US 301 Business (Church Street)

State projects currently under construction include

- Benvenue Road and US 64 Off Ramp roundabout. The US 64 bypass off ramp at Benvenue Road is being converted into a roundabout.
- Sunset Avenue Pedestrian Signals. Construct new pedestrian signals on Sunset Avenue from May Drive, to Church Street.
- Eastern Avenue/Sunset Avenue will be widened to four lanes with a median between Red Oak and Halifax roads.
- Eastern Avenue Bicycle Boulevard. Shared bicycle road markings, and speed cushions were added to Eastern Avenue, from Stith Talbert Park to Glendale Drive, a total of 2.3 Miles of bicycle boulevard.

These new projects will be completed in several phases over the coming years. These new multimodal transportation projects are expected to bring both commercial and residential growth to the City of Rocky Mount, and the Rocky Mount Urbanized area.

Long-term financial planning. The City is committed to budget and to expend available resources in a manner that will continue the improvement of the City's fiscal condition and protecting and building reserves for future operating and capital needs. One of the primary commitments of the City is the long-term community redevelopment program to bring back life and energy to the downtown community. Rocky Mount's Central City-focused initiatives of the past two decades have set the groundwork for the redevelopment of downtown Rocky Mount. The Douglas Block, an area that has been the focus of extensive revitalization efforts, is the site of the revitalized Douglas Block business district and the Rocky Mount Event Center. City leaders are reviewing strategies to provide affordable housing throughout the City. Continued revitalization and affordable housing are primary focuses for the near future.

The City's annual operating budget balances projected revenues from taxes, fees and other sources of expenditures reflecting ongoing operations, strategic initiatives and other important investments. City Council's established goals and objectives serve as the guide in decision making, along with the City's shared values of excellent public service, excellent customer service, and innovation. Fiscal year 2024 focuses available resources on balancing the budget for existing services and projects, continued

protection of the City's fiscal condition, to ensure effective delivery of essential services, and continued planning and implementation of strategic initiative and investments designed to improve quality of life and economic development opportunities for all City residents. The City maintains the goal to affirm Rocky Mount as the leader of the Twin County Region by promoting and implementing aggressive initiatives to encourage residential, commercial, and industrial development in and around Rocky Mount. The goal is to strengthen its position as an economic, cultural and educational center in Eastern North Carolina. The budget also provides for effectively maintaining and improving public infrastructure, including roadways, utility systems and public facilities and enabling implementation of recent planning activities.

The proposed budget provides the framework to address priorities, accommodate challenges and continue improvement of our long-term financial picture. The tax rate for fiscal year 2024 remains at \$.685 per \$100 assessed value.

The 2024 budget includes full funding of an employee class and compensation plan approved by City Council in June 2023 and provides provisional funding to cover the salary and benefit costs for pay for performance increases from 2.0% - 4.0% for all eligible full-time employees.

Cash management policies and practices. The deposits of the City are made in board-designated official depositories and are collateralized as required by State statute. The City maintains a pooled cash and investment account that is available for use by all funds, except those restricted by statutes or other legal reasons. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), North Carolina Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (CLASS), an SEC registered mutual fund, and public money market funds held at banking institutions. The average yield on all cash and investments was .03%.

All of the City's investments at June 30, 2023, were classified in the lowest risk category as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. As of June 30, 2023, the City's cash resources were invested as follows:

| Cash on hand | \$ 38,875 |
|---|-------------------|
| Cash in traditional bank accounts | 10,833,092 |
| Lease escrow funds | 5,203,302 |
| North Carolina Capital Management Trust | 99,511,900 |
| North Carolina Class | 1,011,501 |
| Total | \$ 116,598,670 |

Risk Management The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City protects itself from potential loss through the purchase of commercial insurance for primary and/or excess coverage for individual claims exceeding specific amounts. The City retains the risk for claims below the specified amount. In addition to the excess coverage purchased, various risk control techniques are practiced by the City including employee safety programs, a drug free workplace program with mandatory drug screening for new employees, pre-employment physicals, and a vehicle accident review board which are implemented to minimize accident-related losses. The City's insurance coverage and self-insured retentions are more fully described in note 12 of the financial statements.

Pension and other postemployment benefits- The City sponsors a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for its sworn law enforcement officers. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to eligible retired employees on a timely basis. The City is required by State statute to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City, to the Fireman's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The State funds this plan through appropriations. Plan members, who are eligible fire personnel, are required to contribute \$10 per month. The City has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan.

All permanent full-time City employees participate in the statewide North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System, a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined, benefit pension plan. The State of North Carolina administers the plan. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which is 12.14% for employees not engaged in law enforcement and 13.04% for law enforcement officers. The State announced that the employer contribution rates for fiscal year 2024 would be increased to 12.89% for employees not engaged in law enforcement and increased to 14.04% for law enforcement officers.

All full-time employees of the City participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a multiple-employer, defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. Eligible employees may make voluntary contributions. State statute requires that the City contribute 5% of annual covered salary for all law enforcement officers. The City makes a similar contribution for all other full-time employees equal to 3% of the employee's covered salary.

The City provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees of the City who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System and who meet certain criteria that are more fully described in note 9 of the financial statements. Currently, 182 retirees are eligible for postretirement health benefits. The City is currently funding the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis.

The City also provides death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System, a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Additional information on the City's pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in note 9 of the financial statements.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement; the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the assistance and dedication of the staff of the Finance Department. We would like to thank Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, the City's independent auditors, for their assistance in preparing this report. In addition, we wish to express our appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their continued support and leadership in conducting the financial affairs of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Keith C. Rogers, Jr.

City Manager

Krystal G. Hunter Finance Director

Krystal D. Hunter



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

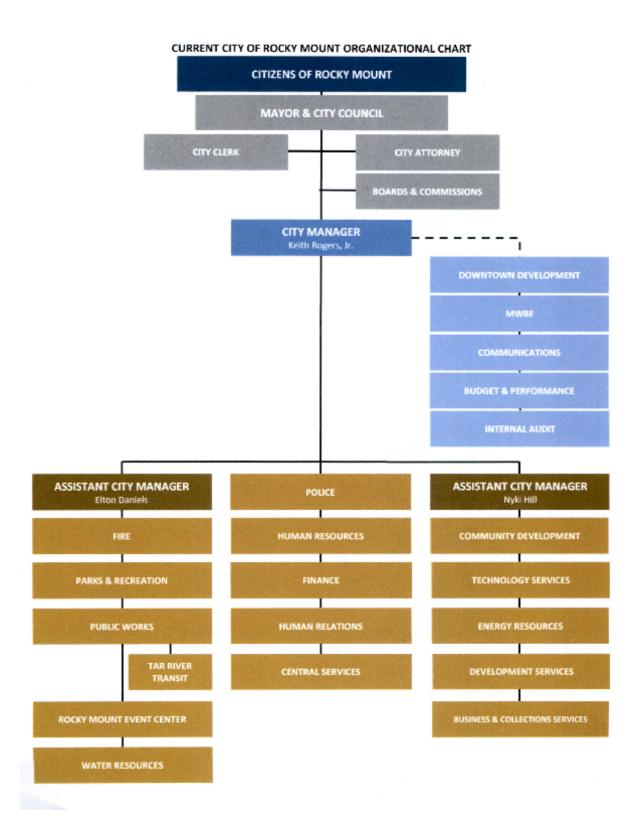
City of Rocky Mount North Carolina

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CITY COUNCIL

C. Saunders Roberson, Jr., Mayor T.J. Walker, Jr., Mayor Pro-tem

Reuben C. Blackwell, IV Richard Joyner Tom Harris

Lige Daughtridge Andre Knight Jabaris D. Walker

CITY ADMINISTRATION

Keith Rogers, Jr., City Manager Elton Daniels, Assistant City Manager Nyki Hill, Assistant City Manager

FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules
- Other Supplemental Schedules
- Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **City of Rocky Mount**, **North Carolina** (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the schedules related to the City's defined benefit pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, budget to actual schedules, other supplemental schedules, and schedule of capital assets used in the operations of governmental fund schedules (collectively, "the supplementary information") are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina December 28, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Rocky Mount, we offer readers of the City of Rocky Mount's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Rocky Mount (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative and the transmittal letter which is found in the Introductory Section.

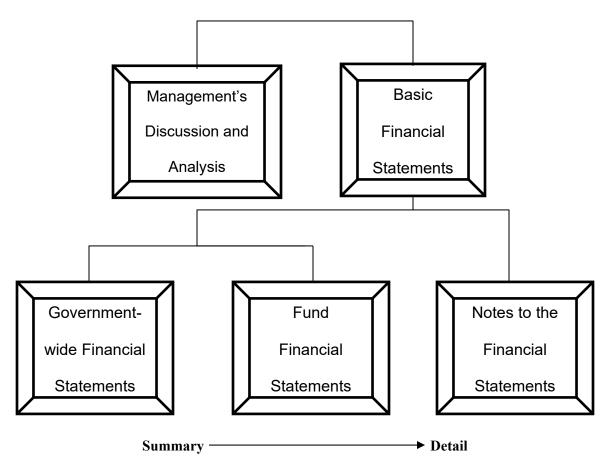
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$328,793,021 (net position). The net position of the governmental activities is \$121,647,618 and the net position of the business-type activities is \$207,145,403.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$4,694,380. Governmental activities net position increased by \$7,052,664 and business-type activities net position decreased by \$11,747,044.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental type funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$68,853,321, an increase of \$5,733,980 from the prior year. Approximately 60% of this total amount, or \$37,865,121, is non-spendable or restricted.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's business-type funds reported a combined ending net position of \$207,145,403, a decrease of \$11,747,044.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total unassigned fund balance for the General fund was \$18,890,252 or 21% of total General fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- During fiscal year 2017, the City issued special obligation bonds to fund the construction
 of the Rocky Mount Event Center. The Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation nonprofit entity is a legally separate component unit that is essential for the tax credit portion
 of the Rocky Mount Event Center's financing and is shown in the financial statements in
 a blended presentation.
- The City maintained its Aa2 Moody's and AA+ Fitch's bond ratings for the 6th consecutive year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City.

Figure 1: Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements are the **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statement; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes and required supplemental financial data, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements are the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and their total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in net position help determine whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The *statement of activities* presents information which shows how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include the City's basic services which are public safety, public works, public service, parks and recreation, engineering, planning and development, emergency management, and general administration that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The business-type activities are those that the City charges user fees to recover all or a significant portion of their costs. These include the electric, gas, water, sewer and stormwater services offered by the City. The City has no discretely presented component units.

The government-wide financial statements are on pages 33 through 36 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like all other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash inflow and outflow, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City adopts an annual budget for its General fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the City Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to The budgetary statements have been provided to finance these current period activities. demonstrate how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the City Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the City Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains five enterprise funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, gas, water, sewer, and stormwater activities. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of City. The City uses internal service funds to account for two activities – its self-insured health and dental care along with radio and telephone communications. The internal service funds have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, gas, water, sewer and stormwater activities. With the exception of the Stormwater fund, all other proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of the City.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements and Other Information

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements immediately follow the basic financial statements of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information immediately follows the notes to the financial statements of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis of the City of Rocky Mount

Net Position

The following (Figure 2) reflects condensed information on the City's net position.

Figure 2:

City of Rocky Mount Statement of Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-ty | Business-type Activities | | Total | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 71,915,992 | \$ 75,649,774 | \$ 87,869,332 | \$ 99,823,684 | \$ 159,785,324 | \$ 175,473,458 | |
| Other assets | 24,351,823 | 30,847,093 | 172,157 | 491,527 | 24,523,980 | 31,338,620 | |
| Capital assets | 137,537,990 | 123,879,973 | 157,838,316 | 159,573,403 | 295,376,306 | 283,453,376 | |
| Total assets | 233,805,805 | 230,376,840 | 245,879,805 | 259,888,614 | 479,685,610 | 490,265,454 | |
| Deferred Outflows | | | | | | | |
| of Resources | 29,261,985 | 25,488,301 | 7,736,325 | 6,547,855 | 36,998,310 | 32,036,156 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | | | | | | | |
| outstanding | 116,980,176 | 102,415,813 | 33,195,608 | 29,901,715 | 150,175,784 | 132,317,528 | |
| Other liabilities | 14,033,634 | 23,453,601 | 10,361,114 | 12,458,037 | 24,394,748 | 35,911,638 | |
| Total liabilities | 131,013,810 | 125,869,414 | 43,556,722 | 42,359,752 | 174,570,532 | 168,229,166 | |
| Deferred Inflows | | | | | | | |
| of Resources | 10,406,362 | 16,481,781 | 2,914,005 | 5,184,270 | 13,320,367 | 21,666,051 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in | | | | | | | |
| capital assets | 84,333,700 | 82,832,384 | 150,239,394 | 151,384,975 | 234,573,094 | 234,217,359 | |
| Restricted | 19,645,472 | 17,819,682 | - | - | 19,645,472 | 17,819,682 | |
| Unrestricted | 17,668,446 | 12,861,880 | 56,906,009 | 67,507,472 | 74,574,455 | 80,369,352 | |
| Total net position | \$ 121,647,618 | \$ 113,513,946 | \$ 207,145,403 | \$ 218,892,447 | \$ 328,793,021 | \$ 332,406,393 | |

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$328,793,021 as of June 30, 2023. The City's net position decreased by \$4,694,380 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The largest portion of net position, 71%, reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The city uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position, 6% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, 23% may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Several aspects of the City's financial operations influenced the change in total net position:

- There are three components of net position: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. There was an increase of \$355,735 in the category of net position for net investment in capital assets. Net investment in capital assets is made up of several components: capital assets, current and long-term debt, and unexpended debt proceeds. During the current year, there were increases in capital assets and in overall debt and unexpended debt proceeds. Compared to the prior year, restricted net position increased by \$1,315,443. The unrestricted net position decreased by \$5,271,550 compared to the prior year.
- The total decrease in net position was \$4,694,380 for the year, compared to a growth of \$3,229,365 for the prior fiscal year. The change was influenced by an increase in revenues in total by \$17,265,100 or 8.2% compared to the prior year and an increase in expenses in total by \$25,175,845 or 12.2% compared to the prior year. The governmental activities had an increase in total revenues of \$12,529,819 and the business type activities experienced an increase in total revenues of \$4,735,281. Charges for service had an increase of \$1,320,399. There was an increase in operating grants and contributions of \$12,003,078 or 146.2% over the prior year. There was a decrease in capital grants and contributions of \$6,142 compared to the prior year.
- Ad valorem tax revenue increased by \$2,083,784 compared to the prior year. The tax rate in the current year is \$0.685, per \$100 of assessed value which is the same rate as in the prior year.
- The City diligently continues to collect property taxes. The City's tax collection percentage is 97.45% for property excluding motor vehicles, which is an improvement of 2.32% compared to the prior year. The statewide average for other municipalities with a population between 50,000 and above is 98.86%. The statewide collection percentage is based on 2021 statewide data and is the most recent published percentage and showed an increase of 0.01% from 2020. The City continues to be slightly below the statewide average; however, the City continues to focus efforts to improve collections for taxes. The City is within 1.41% of the statewide average which is an improvement compared to the prior year difference of 3.72%. The collections percentage continues to be impacted by unemployment rates.

Changes in Net Position

The City's total revenues and expenses for governmental and business-type activities are reflected in Figure 3.

Figure 3:

City of Rocky Mount Changes in Net Position

| Revenues: Coparameter (Charges for services) \$ 13,774,390 \$ 14,939,430 \$ 131,886,413 \$ 129,400,974 \$ 145,660,803 \$ 144,340,404 Operating grants and contributions \$ 20,212,730 \$ 20,9652 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | | Governme | ntal Activities | Business-type Activities | | Total | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Program revenues: Charges for services \$13,774,390 \$14,939,430 \$131,886,413 \$129,400,974 \$145,660,803 \$144,340,404 Contributions \$20,212,730 \$8,209,652 \$ | | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Charges for services \$ 13,774,390 \$ 14,939,430 \$ 131,886,413 \$ 129,400,974 \$ 145,660,803 \$ 144,340,404 Operating grants and contributions 20,212,730 8,209,652 — — 20,212,730 8,209,652 Capital grants and contributions 646,617 662,759 — — 646,617 652,759 General revenues: 70poptry taxes 30,587,804 28,504,020 — — 21,481,952 20,928,146 Other 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,992 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,550,693 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: Ceneral government 12,508,765 12,327,072 — 12,508,765 12,327,072 Public safety 37,284,082 32,292,754 — 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public works 14,254,730 12,448,98 — 15,048,561 11,221,898 Emergency management 6,239,506 — 16,064,019 545,579 <td>Revenues:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Operating grants and contributions 20,212,730 8,209,652 - - 20,212,730 8,209,652 Capital grants and contributions 646,617 652,759 - - 046,617 652,759 General revenues: 846,617 652,759 - - 30,587,804 28,504,020 Other taxes 21,481,952 20,928,146 - - 21,481,952 20,928,146 Other 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,550,693 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: 8 8 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,550,693 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: 8 8 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total cevenues 37,284,082 32,292,754 - 12,508,765 12,327,072 | Program revenues: | | | | | | |
| contributions 20,212,730 8,209,652 - 20,212,730 8,209,652 Capital grants and contributions 646,617 652,759 - - 646,617 652,759 General revenues: Property taxes 30,587,804 28,504,020 - - 30,587,804 28,504,020 Other taxes 21,481,952 20,928,146 - - 21,481,952 20,928,146 Other 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: General government 12,508,765 12,327,072 - 12,508,765 12,327,072 Public safety 37,284,062 32,292,754 - 37,284,062 32,292,754 Parks and recreation 15,048,561 11,221,898 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,239,506 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - 133,428 127,979 | Charges for services | \$ 13,774,390 | \$ 14,939,430 | \$ 131,886,413 | \$ 129,400,974 | \$ 145,660,803 | \$ 144,340,404 |
| Capital grants and contributions 646,617 652,759 - 646,617 652,759 General revenues: Property taxes 30,587,804 28,504,020 - - 30,587,804 28,604,020 Other taxes 21,481,952 20,928,146 - - 21,481,952 20,928,146 Other 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,550,693 226,719,798 209,454,688 Expenses: 6 6 12,2327,072 - 12,508,765 12,327,072 Public safety 37,284,082 32,292,754 - 37,284,082 32,292,754 Parks and recreation 15,048,561 11,221,898 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public works 14,254,730 12,448,235 - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,6239,506 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development | Operating grants and | | | | | | |
| contributions 646,617 652,759 - - 646,617 652,759 General revenues: Ceneral revenues: Properly taxes 30,587,804 28,504,020 - - 30,587,804 28,504,020 Other taxes 21,481,952 20,928,146 - - 21,481,952 20,928,146 Other 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,556,693 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: Ceneral government 12,508,765 12,327,072 - - 12,508,765 12,327,072 Ceneral government 15,048,561 11,221,898 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public service 6,064,019 545,579 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979< | contributions | 20,212,730 | 8,209,652 | - | - | 20,212,730 | 8,209,652 |
| Ceneral revenues: Property taxes 30,587,804 28,504,020 - | Capital grants and | | | | | | |
| Property taxes 30,587,804 28,504,020 - - 30,587,804 28,504,020 Cither taxes 21,481,952 20,928,146 - - 21,481,952 20,928,146 Cither 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,550,693 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: | contributions | 646,617 | 652,759 | - | - | 646,617 | 652,759 |
| Other taxes 21,481,952 20,928,146 - 21,481,952 20,928,146 Other 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,550,693 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: Ceneral government 12,508,765 12,327,072 - - 12,508,765 12,327,072 Public safety 37,284,082 32,292,754 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public works 14,254,730 12,448,235 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,049,019 545,579 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Public service 6,064,019 545,579 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,434,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - - 1,573,162 1,564,9 | General revenues: | | | | | | |
| Other 5,730,331 6,669,998 2,399,561 149,719 8,129,892 6,819,717 Total revenues 92,433,824 79,904,005 134,285,974 129,550,693 226,719,798 209,454,698 Expenses: General government 12,508,765 12,327,072 - - 12,508,765 12,327,072 Public safety 37,284,082 32,292,754 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Parks and recreation 15,048,561 11,221,898 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public works 14,254,730 12,448,235 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,239,506 - - - 6,084,019 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,434,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - | Property taxes | 30,587,804 | 28,504,020 | - | - | 30,587,804 | 28,504,020 |
| Expenses | Other taxes | 21,481,952 | 20,928,146 | - | - | 21,481,952 | 20,928,146 |
| Expenses: General government 12,508,765 12,327,072 Public safety 37,284,082 32,292,754 12,508,765 11,221,898 Public works 14,254,730 12,448,235 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,239,506 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public service 6,064,019 545,579 6,064,019 545,579 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979 138,428 127,979 1,434,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 Electric 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormw ater 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 1,891,293 Ret Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Other | 5,730,331 | 6,669,998 | 2,399,561 | 149,719 | 8,129,892 | 6,819,717 |
| General government 12,508,765 12,327,072 - - 12,508,765 12,327,072 Public safety 37,284,082 32,292,754 - - 37,284,082 32,292,754 Parks and recreation 15,048,561 11,221,898 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public works 14,254,730 12,448,235 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,239,506 - - - 6,040,109 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 138,428 127,979 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,573,162 1,564,995 Bectric - - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,780 71,664,187 77,887,780 71,664,187 77,887,780 71,664,187 77,887,780 71,664,187 77,887,780 71,664,187 77,887,790 71,664,187 78,887,870 </td <td>Total revenues</td> <td>92,433,824</td> <td>79,904,005</td> <td>134,285,974</td> <td>129,550,693</td> <td>226,719,798</td> <td>209,454,698</td> | Total revenues | 92,433,824 | 79,904,005 | 134,285,974 | 129,550,693 | 226,719,798 | 209,454,698 |
| Public safety 37,284,082 32,292,754 - - 37,284,082 32,292,754 Parks and recreation 15,048,561 11,221,898 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public w orks 14,254,730 12,448,235 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,239,506 - - - 6,239,506 Public service 6,064,019 545,579 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 138,428 127,979 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,564,995 Bectric - - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 Sew er - | Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation 15,048,561 11,221,898 - - 15,048,561 11,221,898 Public w orks 14,254,730 12,448,235 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management - 6,239,506 - - - 6,239,506 Public service 6,064,019 545,579 - - 6,064,019 545,679 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,344,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - - 1,573,162 1,564,995 Electric - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 <th< td=""><td>General government</td><td>12,508,765</td><td>12,327,072</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>12,508,765</td><td>12,327,072</td></th<> | General government | 12,508,765 | 12,327,072 | - | - | 12,508,765 | 12,327,072 |
| Public w orks 14,254,730 12,448,235 - - 14,254,730 12,448,235 Emergency management Emergency management Public service 6,064,019 545,579 - 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development Public service 138,428 127,979 - - 138,428 127,979 Community revitalization Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - - 1,573,162 1,564,995 Electric - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - - 31,008,038 24,820,895 31,008,038 24,820,895 Water - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 14,27,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expen | Public safety | 37,284,082 | 32,292,754 | - | - | 37,284,082 | 32,292,754 |
| Emergency management - 6,239,506 - - - 6,239,506 Public service 6,064,019 545,579 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 138,428 127,979 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,434,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - - 1,573,162 1,564,995 Electric - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - 31,008,038 24,820,895 31,008,038 24,820,895 Water - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 14,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 7 7 7 7 7 1,427,659,400 231,414,178 <td>Parks and recreation</td> <td>15,048,561</td> <td>11,221,898</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>15,048,561</td> <td>11,221,898</td> | Parks and recreation | 15,048,561 | 11,221,898 | - | - | 15,048,561 | 11,221,898 |
| Public service 6,064,019 545,579 - - 6,064,019 545,579 Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 138,428 127,979 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,434,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - - 1,573,162 1,564,995 Electric - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - 31,008,038 24,820,895 31,008,038 24,820,895 Water - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 Sew er - - 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormwater - - 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Transfers in (out) < | Public w orks | 14,254,730 | 12,448,235 | - | - | 14,254,730 | 12,448,235 |
| Economic development 138,428 127,979 - - 138,428 127,979 Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,434,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - - 1,573,162 1,564,995 Electric - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - 31,008,038 24,820,895 31,008,038 24,820,895 Water - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 Sew er - - 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormwater - - 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - - <t< td=""><td>Emergency management</td><td>-</td><td>6,239,506</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>6,239,506</td></t<> | Emergency management | - | 6,239,506 | - | - | - | 6,239,506 |
| Community revitalization 1,434,413 1,797,915 - - 1,434,413 1,797,915 Interest on long-term debt 1,573,162 1,564,995 - - 1,573,162 1,564,995 Electric - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - 31,008,038 24,820,895 31,008,038 24,820,895 Water - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 Sew er - - 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormwater - - 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - | Public service | 6,064,019 | 545,579 | - | - | 6,064,019 | 545,579 |
| Interest on long-term debt | Economic development | 138,428 | 127,979 | - | - | 138,428 | 127,979 |
| Electric - - 77,887,870 71,664,187 77,887,870 71,664,187 Gas - - 31,008,038 24,820,895 31,008,038 24,820,895 Water - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 Sew er - - 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormw ater - - 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - - Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 | Community revitalization | 1,434,413 | 1,797,915 | - | - | 1,434,413 | 1,797,915 |
| Gas 31,008,038 24,820,895 31,008,038 24,820,895 Water 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 Sew er 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormw ater 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormw ater 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Interest on long-term debt | 1,573,162 | 1,564,995 | - | - | 1,573,162 | 1,564,995 |
| Water - - 13,687,734 11,757,729 13,687,734 11,757,729 Sew er - - 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormw ater - - 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - - Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Electric | - | - | 77,887,870 | 71,664,187 | 77,887,870 | 71,664,187 |
| Sew er - - 16,097,254 15,893,835 16,097,254 15,893,835 Stormw ater - - - 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - - Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Gas | - | - | 31,008,038 | 24,820,895 | 31,008,038 | 24,820,895 |
| Stormw ater - - 4,427,122 3,522,754 4,427,122 3,522,754 Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Water | - | - | 13,687,734 | 11,757,729 | 13,687,734 | 11,757,729 |
| Total expenses 88,306,160 78,565,933 143,108,018 127,659,400 231,414,178 206,225,333 Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Sew er | - | - | 16,097,254 | 15,893,835 | 16,097,254 | 15,893,835 |
| Change in net position before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - - Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Stormw ater | - | - | 4,427,122 | 3,522,754 | 4,427,122 | 3,522,754 |
| before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - - Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Total expenses | 88,306,160 | 78,565,933 | 143,108,018 | 127,659,400 | 231,414,178 | 206,225,333 |
| before transfers 4,127,664 1,338,072 (8,822,044) 1,891,293 (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Transfers in (out) 2,925,000 2,775,000 (2,925,000) (2,775,000) - - - Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Change in net position | | | | | | |
| Change in net position 7,052,664 4,113,072 (11,747,044) (883,707) (4,694,380) 3,229,365 Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | before transfers | 4,127,664 | 1,338,072 | (8,822,044) | 1,891,293 | (4,694,380) | 3,229,365 |
| Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Transfers in (out) | 2,925,000 | 2,775,000 | (2,925,000) | (2,775,000) | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 114,594,954 109,400,874 218,892,447 219,776,154 333,487,401 329,177,028 | Change in net position | 7,052,664 | 4,113,072 | (11,747,044) | (883,707) | (4,694,380) | 3,229,365 |
| | Net Position: | | | | | | |
| End of year -June 30 \$ 121,647,618 \$ 113,513,946 \$ 207,145,403 \$ 218,892,447 \$ 328,793,021 \$ 332,406,393 | Beginning of year - July 1 | 114,594,954 | 109,400,874 | 218,892,447 | 219,776,154 | 333,487,401 | 329,177,028 |
| | End of year -June 30 | \$ 121,647,618 | \$ 113,513,946 | \$ 207,145,403 | \$ 218,892,447 | \$ 328,793,021 | \$ 332,406,393 |

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$7,052,664 from operations, accounting for 151% of the total growth in overall net position. Key elements of the current year governmental activities change in net position are as follows:

- Total revenues for governmental activities increased \$17,265,100 compared to the prior year. The combined increase in revenue is the result of increases in charges for services of \$1,320,399, increases in operating grants and contributions of \$12,003,078, and decreases in capital grants and contributions of \$6,142 compared to last year along with an increase of \$2,637,590 in property taxes and other taxes. Other revenues consisting of grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, miscellaneous, and investment earnings increased by \$1,310,175.
- Total expenses for governmental activities increased \$25,175,845 compared to the prior year. The increase in expenses of \$4,991,328 for Public safety, due to increased staffing, increased compensation, increases to contracts for services, and acquisition of capital equipment; \$3,826,663 for Parks and Recreation, due to increased staffing, increased compensation, and progress on major capital projects; \$1,806,495 for Public Works, due to increased compensation and acquisition of capital equipment; and \$5,518,440 for Public Service due largely to increased staffing, increased compensation, and initiation and progress on major capital projects. Increased hiring across these functions brought staffing back to levels prior to the COVID-19 Pandemic and reduced vacancy levels compared to prior years. Increases in compensation through salaries and wages also increases the associated employee benefit expenses.

Figure 4:

City of Rocky Mount

Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities

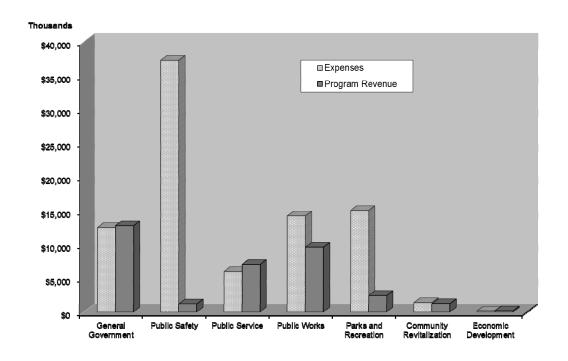
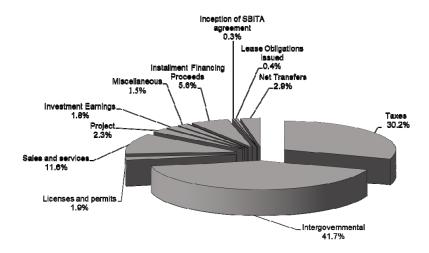


Figure 5:

City of Rocky Mount Revenue by Source-Governmental Activities



Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$11,747,044 from operations. Key elements of the current year's activities are as follows:

- Total revenues for business-type activities increased \$4,735,281 compared to the prior year. Charges for sales and services for business-type activities increased by a combined \$2,485,439 compared to the prior year. Investment income increased \$2,249,842 over the prior year.
- Total expenses for business-type activities increased \$15,448,618 compared to the prior year. Total Electric expenses increased by 8.7% or \$6,223,683. Total Gas expenses increased \$6,187,143 or 24.9%. Total Water expenses increased by \$1,930,005 by 16.4% from the prior year. Total Sewer expenses increased by \$203,419 or 1.3% and total Stormwater expenses increased by \$904,368 under 25.7%.
- The business-type activities transferred net funds to the governmental funds totaling \$2,925,000. This is an increase of \$150,000 compared to the prior year.
- The net change in position for all business-type activities for the current fiscal year was a decrease of (\$11,747,004). The changes in net position for Electric, Gas, Water, Sewer, and Stormwater were (\$5,773,746), (\$2,901,714), (\$1,134,321), (\$1,955,302), and \$18,039, respectively. The change in net position for the current year compared to the change in net position for the prior year decreased \$10,863,337. Each of the business-type activities experienced increases in expenditures due to increased staffing to return to levels prior to the COVID-19 Pandemic and higher vacancy levels in prior years, increased employee compensation through raises in salaries, wages, and benefit costs, increases in operating expenditures tied to rising commodity prices, and resumption and initiation of capital projects scheduled as part of the City's Capital Improvement Program.

Figure 6:

City of Rocky Mount

Expenses and Program Revenues-Business –type Activities

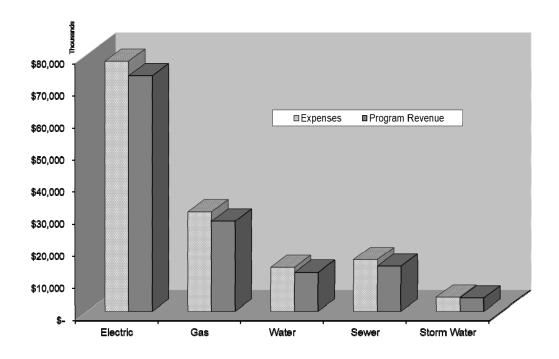
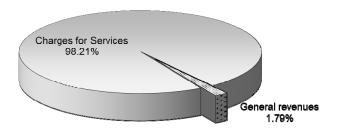


Figure 7:

City of Rocky Mount

Revenues by Source –Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's combined governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$68,853,321, an increase of \$5,733,980 in comparison with the prior year. The unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion. Due to restrictions related to unspent financing proceeds and long-term receivables, the total unassigned fund balance for the governmental funds is only \$18,680,699. Fund balance is categorized into four other categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned. Please refer to note 1 under the fund balance section for information about fund balance categories. The current year fund balance that is nonspendable is \$20,434,763. The current year fund balance that has been restricted is \$21,378,845. The current year fund balance that has been committed is \$1,403,666. The current year fund balance that has been assigned is \$6,955,348 and it is designated for subsequent year's expenditures and capital projects.

The General fund is part of the governmental funds and is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$18,890,252 while total General fund balance was \$63,638,447. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21% of total General fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 72% of that same amount.

As of June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of the City reported an increase in combined fund balance of \$5,733,980. Included in this change in fund balance is an increase in fund balance in the General fund by \$4,491,647, and a net increase of \$1,242,333 in the remaining governmental funds. Capital Project funds increased by \$350,592 and Special Revenue funds increased by \$874,842.

The increase in fund balance in the General fund is attributed to increases in current revenues due to greater-than-anticipated local and statewide economic growth, unanticipated growth in return on the investment of idle funds, and transfer of funds for replacement of revenues lost due to the COVID-19 Pandemic under the provisions of the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund of the American Rescue Plan Act. Actual revenues from ad valorem taxes were 5.6% greater than budgeted because of growth in property development and improved collection of current year and prior year tax levies. Actual revenues from local option sales taxes were 5.5% greater than budgeted due to greater-than-anticipated growth in taxable sales. Actual revenues from return on investment of idle funds were 73.4% greater than budgeted due to higher interest rates on US Government Treasuries and other eligible investments.

Within the Special Revenue funds, there was a decrease in fund balance for Emergency Telephone, with increases in fund balance for Public Transportation, Entitlement Grants, Crime/Safety Control, Economic Development, and Occupancy Tax funds. Levels of fund balance in Special Revenue funds and Capital Projects funds will vary as their projects transition through various project completion phases.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The actual operating revenues for the General fund were higher than the budget amount by \$688,029. Ad valorem tax revenues were higher than budgeted by \$1,646,202 due to increased improved collection of levies and unanticipated growth in property values. Intergovernmental revenues were lower than budgeted by \$1,309,674 due to timing delays in receipt of select grant funds. Licenses and permits were higher than budgeted by \$111,520 due to unanticipated increases in development activity following the COVID-19 Pandemic. Sales and service revenues were lower than budget by \$383,881 due to an unanticipated increase in the resumption of related activities following the end of the COVID-19 Pandemic. Investment earnings were \$707,458 higher than budgeted due to unanticipated increases in rates of interest and return on US Government Treasuries. Miscellaneous revenues were lower than budgeted amounts by \$83,596.

The actual operating expenses for the General fund were less than the budget amount by \$24,065,381. General government departments have expenditures less than the budget of \$14,858,032. Within the general government departments, Community Services had expenses less than the budget of \$9,516,310 for operating expenses, most of which was the appropriation and reserving of revenues replacement funds from the City's receipt of an appropriation from the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund of the American Rescue Plan Act. Downtown Development was \$819,421 under budget for operating expenses tied to appropriated and unspent projects that will be done in the coming years. Technology Services was under budget at \$458,762 for operational and \$377,289 for capital outlay expenses. Property and Risk Management was under budget by \$886,520 for capital outlay expenses, projects to be continued in the coming year. Fire was under budget for capital outlay expenses of \$440,371. Surface Transportation was under budget for expenses related to resurfacing and dirt street paving of \$2,924,929, and these activities will be completed in the coming year.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$31,730,216 for the Electric fund, \$10,117,062 for the Gas fund, \$8,850,685 for the Water fund, \$2,220,497 for the Sewer fund, and \$3,987,549 for the Stormwater fund. The total growth/(reduction) of net position was (\$5,773,746), (\$2,901,714), (\$1,134,321), (\$1,955,302), and \$18,039 for the Electric, Gas, Water, Sewer, and Stormwater funds, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2023, totals \$295,376,306 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, vehicles, and infrastructure for electric, gas, water, sewer and stormwater services.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

Governmental Funds:

- Business Services Center-Building renovations \$1,046,808
- Fire-Fire station 2 project \$677,530
- General-Property acquisition-101 Atlantic Street \$120,073
- General-Property acquisition-328 Tarboro Street \$181,027
- General-Property acquisition-250 Atlantic Avenue \$481,555
- General-Property acquisition-318 Tarboro Street \$190,170
- General-Property acquisition-308-312 Tarboro Street \$91,193
- General-Administration Building 1st floor renovations \$78,715
- General-Warehouse renovations \$403,917
- General-Judicial Center renovations \$88,221
- General-Council Chambers audio visual equipment \$56,485
- Parks-Battle Park greenway renovations \$296,139
- Parks-Battle Park boat ramp renovations \$187,584
- Parks-Denton Street pool renovations \$1,598,852
- Parks-Martin Luther King Park project \$276,305
- Parks-John Deere terrain cut rough mower \$64,070
- Parks-Falls Road structure renovations \$597,696
- Police-Police department office renovations \$395,074
- Police-Upfits for police utility vehicles \$129,068
- Streets-Streets resurfacing-various including Falls Road, Eastern Avenue, and Madison Street \$3,122,666
- Streets-2022 New Holland backhoe \$108,000
- Streets-Automated side load garbage trucks (2) \$774,806
- Streets-Body mounted 2022 crane carrier \$185,995
- Streets-2023 Pac Mac Knuckle Boom-Freightliner \$196,990
- Streets-2023 Heil DuraPack Half/Pack front loader \$348,992
- Streets-2023 Pac Mac Knuckle Boom-Freightliner \$196,990
- Streets-2023 Old Dominion brush trailer \$69,199
- Streets-Pac Mac KBF-20H-HJ Knuckle Boom \$193,190
- Streets-Pac Mac KBF-20H-HJ Knuckle Boom \$196,990
- Streets-2022 Heil DuraPack 5000 rear loader \$211,995

Proprietary Funds:

- Electric-Energy Resources office renovations \$78,267
- Electric-Used regulators w/short cables \$94,500
- Electric-Used kVA transformer \$76,250
- Electric-GMC Sierra 2500HD Crew Cab \$61,526
- Electric-Power auto transformer 230kV \$594.258
- Electric-Power circuit breaker rater 69kV \$49,950
- Electric-Power circuit breaker rater 69kV \$51,950
- Electric-Sub 10 & 12 69kV breakers \$60,699
- Electric-Brooks Brothers trailer \$225,113
- Electric-Replacement of wood poles with steel utility poles \$344,000
- Electric-South Point of Distribution project \$374,626
- Gas-Energy Resources office renovations \$211,918
- Gas-2023 GMC Sierra \$53,253
- Water-Electric equipment \$79,188
- Water-Flow Analyzer \$55,435
- Sewer-Equipment diesel pumps \$45,916
- Sewer-Vehicles specialized with tv cameras \$95,007
- Sewer-Vehicles specialized with tv cameras \$22,419
- Sewer-Wastewater treatment plant control panel replacement \$517,440
- Sewer-Manhole replacement Abbey Road \$245,000
- Stormwater-Land acquisition-3202 Sunset Avenue, Suite F \$72,805
- Stormwater-Downtown Culvert drain project \$481,911
- Stormwater-2022 John Deere 210GLC EXC Base PKG \$255,782
- Stormwater-2022 New Holland backhoe/tractor loader \$108,000
- Stormwater-Lawn maintenance equipment (multiple) \$30,353
- Stormwater-Parkers canal project \$51,125

Figure 8: City of Rocky Mount Capital Assets

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-ty | pe Activities | Total | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| Land | \$ 11,395,850 | \$ 10,225,687 | \$ 3,428,964 | \$ 3,356,159 | \$ 14,824,814 | \$ 13,581,846 | |
| Buildings | 49,089,994 | 48,158,547 | 29,081,390 | 29,888,706 | 78,171,384 | 78,047,253 | |
| Improvements other | | | | | | | |
| than buildings | 8,543,150 | 8,905,436 | 525,600 | 489,526 | 9,068,750 | 9,394,962 | |
| Machinery and equipment | 12,579,171 | 10,861,970 | 25,075,896 | 25,532,564 | 37,655,067 | 36,394,534 | |
| Infrastructure | 44,328,838 | 44,928,975 | 97,948,562 | 99,242,569 | 142,277,400 | 144,171,544 | |
| Construction in progress | 5,280,602 | 799,358 | 1,616,617 | 1,063,879 | 6,897,219 | 1,863,237 | |
| Right to use lease assets | 5,920,531 | 6,818,341 | 150,870 | - | 6,071,401 | 6,818,341 | |
| Subscription assets | 399,854 | 406,332 | 10,417 | - | 410,271 | 406,332 | |
| Total capital assets, | | | | | | | |
| net of depreciation/amortization | \$ 137,537,990 | \$ 131,104,646 | \$ 157,838,316 | \$ 159,573,403 | \$ 295,376,306 | \$ 290,678,049 | |

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in notes 5-7 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. The City enters into installment purchase financings which have 3 to 15 year terms for both the governmental and business-type activities. At June 30, 2023, the City had installment financings outstanding of \$19,193,690. Under other debt for the governmental activities, the City has debt outstanding in the amount of \$915,000 for a HUD loan that has been used to finance the Douglas Block redevelopment. The City also has debt outstanding on revolving loans with North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality for business-type activities to finance the replacement and upgrade of equipment at the City's water and wastewater treatment plants and for other sewer system improvements in the amount of \$3,082,811. The City has issued special obligation bonds which have an outstanding balance of \$30,325,000 at June 30, 2023. There is an unamortized net premium on the bonds of \$1,143,352. The City has \$7,004,674 in lease liabilities after the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 Leases.

Figure 9: City of Rocky Mount
Outstanding Debt - Installment financings, Other Debt, Special Obligation Bonds,
and Revolving Loans

| | Governmen | Governmental Activities | | pe Activities | Total | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| Installment financing | \$ 11,364,044 | \$ 7,958,334 | \$ 7,829,646 | \$ 7,957,907 | \$ 19,193,690 | \$ 15,916,241 | |
| Leases | 7,004,674 | 7,422,136 | 132,177 | = | 7,136,851 | 7,422,136 | |
| SBITA | 301,240 | 355,432 | 8,366 | - | 309,606 | 355,432 | |
| Other debt | 915,000 | 1,060,000 | - | = | 915,000 | 1,060,000 | |
| Special obligation bonds | 31,468,352 | 33,424,736 | - | - | 31,468,352 | 33,424,736 | |
| Revolving loans | - | - | 3,082,811 | 3,512,240 | 3,082,811 | 3,512,240 | |
| Total | \$ 51,053,310 | \$ 50,220,638 | \$ 11,053,000 | \$ 11,470,147 | \$ 62,106,310 | \$ 61,690,785 | |

For the 6th consecutive year, the City of Rocky Mount maintained its Aa2 bond rating from Moody's and AA+ bond rating from Fitch's. These bond ratings are a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the City of Rocky Mount. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the City's outstanding debt.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the City is \$288,692,578.

Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in note 13 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following are key economic indicators of the City. These factors have been considered when preparing the budget for fiscal year 2024.

- The unemployment rate for the City of Rocky Mount was 6.5% at June 30, 2023, and for the Rocky Mount Metropolitan Statistical Area was 5.2% at June 30, 2023. This is a 12.2% decrease in the City rate and a 11.9% decrease in the unemployment rate compared to the prior year.
- Our City experienced a 5.1% increase in revenues from property tax in fiscal year 2023, and we are expected to maintain this year's level, or grow slightly, in fiscal year 2024.

- Our Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2023 reflect a solid effort in forecasting and providing services for the City as our residents and utility customers continued their resumption of activities and expansion following the COVID-19 Pandemic, which created challenges and limitations in fiscal years 2020 thru 2022. We successfully delivered key City services and successfully resumed projects and initiatives to repair infrastructure, replace equipment, and expand programs to neighborhoods and residents in need. This was aided in large part through the efforts of Interim Management to guide and direct necessary activities.
- The Adopted Budget revenue forecast for fiscal year 2023 anticipated increases in several key areas of General Fund revenues, notably local option sales tax and interest earnings from the investment of idle funds. These estimates were conservatively set to avoid overestimation in light of the volatile activity witnessed during and immediately following the Pandemic. Overall, we continued to improve our position due to greater-than-anticipated increases to current revenues, which enabled us to us to facilitate the priorities established in our fiscal year 2023 Annual Operating Budget. We also took advantage of the revenue replacement provisions of the American Rescue Plan Act's State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund to increase our General Fund reserves in order to better manage additional initiatives brought forth under new permanent management and recommitment to strategic planning by our Mayor and City Council.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024

Governmental Activities: The governmental fund's primary revenue resources are property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the budget increased 5% compared to the prior year original budget. The City's budget contains several revenue sources that are dependent on the general economy. Among these are sales taxes, property tax, interest income, and permit fees. Revenue growth for the coming year is based on actual revenue performance during fiscal year 2023. The revenue forecast for Fiscal Year 2024 Adopted Budget anticipated conservative increases due to uncertainty on the continued significant increases seen in the prior year in several key areas of General Fund revenues, notably local option sales tax, interest, and fees for services provided by various City departments. Based on actual performance during Fiscal Year 2023, we find ourselves in a strong position with respect to current revenues. We project sales tax revenues growing 5% in Fiscal Year 2024. As a result, budgeted revenues from sales tax for Fiscal Year 2024 (\$19.3 Million) are 10.6% higher than our adopted forecast for fiscal year 2023 (\$17.5 Million). Interest earnings improved considerably for a second consecutive year during fiscal year 2023, which was budgeted to some degree for due to anticipated shifts in Federal Reserve policy and increases to the yield on City investment of idle funds. We anticipate returns to remain strong in fiscal year 2024 as a result of favorable investment environment for the coming year. Revenues from fee-based City services, including Environmental Services and Parks & Recreation, increased compared to fiscal year 2023 and met and exceeded projections in most cases. Our Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2024 anticipates some continued growth in these sources, particularly in permits and fees associated with residential development. Real property values continue to rise due to market transactions and development of new properties. We originally projected real and personal property tax revenues to increase 1% based on an estimated collection rate at the end of fiscal year 2023 of 94%. However, strong activity by staff involved in collections increased the rate to 97%, leading to additional revenue in the fiscal year 2023. As a result, actual collections for fiscal year 2023 for current year property tax are greater than our projection for fiscal year 2024, and we anticipate an increase of at least 2% compared to fiscal year 2023, creating a surplus in revenue in the coming year for this category, Also, our Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2024 includes an annual increase in the Solid Waste Transfer station tonnage rates to offset the impact of an annual adjustment in the waste disposal contract.

Budgeted expenditures in the governmental activities upholds the commitment to established City Council initiatives through the funding of grant programs to rehabilitate local housing and expanding affordable housing. Other initiatives include accelerating equipment replacement for heavy vehicles and equipment which are critical to the delivery of essential services needed by Environmental Services, Streets, Parks & Recreation; and additional staffing for key areas of City operations such as Public Safety. The 2024 budget includes funding for implementation of recommendations of a classification and compensation study to ensure appropriate pay for City employees and improvement recruitment and retention across all departments. Additional funding is provided for technology improvements related to public safety, continued necessary replacement of operating equipment, renovations to City facilities, and investment in revisions to the City's Comprehensive Plan and development of strategic plans for housing and Downtown Development. Other capital improvement funding includes continued renovations to City Hall and the historic Booker T. Washington High School campus and resurfacing of City streets.

The City retains its commitment to a management strategy applying fiscally conservative approaches in a pro-active manner to ongoing challenges and opportunities. This approach enables City management to respond effectively to current climate and upcoming demands with manageable increases to the financial burden of our citizens, reviewed and consulted to regularly by external financial advisors and ongoing internal reviews.

Business–type Activities: The fiscal year 2024 budget for the business-type funds increased 7.1% from the fiscal year 2023 adopted budget. Charges for service represent the largest revenues in the business-type funds. The adopted fiscal year 2024 budget reflects a 7.5% increase to the retail and resale rates for Water and Sewer utility services to cover increases in treatment and operational costs, as advised by a cost of service study presented and approved by City Council in Fall 2022. These increases will occur annually through fiscal year 2027 to cover necessary operating and capital costs, and they are consistent with best practices exhibited by other municipal water and sewer systems.

Budgeted expenses for business-type activities include funding for Capital Improvement Program projects, for all utilities, consistent with forecasted revenues. These expenditures include acquisition of replacement equipment and renovations to existing facilities.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Rocky Mount, PO Box 1180, Rocky Mount, NC 27802.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

| | Primary G | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| | Governmental | Business-type | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents/ investments | \$ 40,449,060 | \$ 60,251,072 | \$ 100,700,132 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | | | |
| for uncollectible accounts: | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | 1,089,409 | - | 1,089,409 |
| Taxes - other | 12,084 | - | 12,084 |
| Customers | 1,210,319 | 13,729,868 | 14,940,187 |
| Other governmental agencies | 6,149,681 | - | 6,149,681 |
| Internal balances | (228,095) | 228,095 | - |
| Leases receivable | 136,106 | 319,411 | 455,517 |
| Assessments | 5,015,942 | 83,375 | 5,099,317 |
| Other | 8,402,201 | 852,984 | 9,255,185 |
| Prepaid items | 3,328,745 | - | 3,328,745 |
| Inventories | 456,218 | 2,661,788 | 3,118,006 |
| Restricted cash and investments | 5,894,322 | 9,742,739 | 15,637,061 |
| Total current assets | 71,915,992 | 87,869,332 | 159,785,324 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | |
| Leases receivable, net of current portion | _ | 172,157 | 172,157 |
| Notes receivable | 16,649,800 | - | 16,649,800 |
| Investment in joint venture - RMW Airport | 7,702,023 | | 7,702,023 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 24,351,823 | 172,157 | 24,523,980 |
| Capital Assets: | | | |
| Right-to-use lease assets, net of amortization | 5,920,531 | 150,870 | 6,071,401 |
| Subscription assets, net of amortization | 399,854 | 10,417 | 410,271 |
| Capital assets, non-depreciable | 16,676,452 | 5,045,581 | 21,722,033 |
| Capital assets, depreciable, net of depreciation | 114,541,153 | 152,631,448 | 267,172,601 |
| Total capital assets | 137,537,990 | 157,838,316 | 295,376,306 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 161,889,813 | 158,010,473 | 319,900,286 |
| Total assets | 233,805,805 | 245,879,805 | 479,685,610 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Pension deferrals | 20,355,189 | 5,247,492 | 25,602,681 |
| OPEB deferrals | 8,906,796 | 2,488,833 | 11,395,629 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 29,261,985 | 7,736,325 | 36,998,310 |

| | Primary (| | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Governmental | Business-type | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 6,002,561 | \$ 6,749,444 | \$ 12,752,005 |
| Unearned revenue | 440,238 | - | 440,238 |
| Current compensated absences | 2,018,087 | 651,134 | 2,669,221 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt and leases | 5,572,748 | 2,960,536 | 8,533,284 |
| Total current liabilities | 14,033,634 | 10,361,114 | 24,394,748 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | |
| Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets: | | | |
| Deposits | 259,701 | 6,272,810 | 6,532,511 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 1,636,578 | 131,984 | 1,768,562 |
| Other long-term debt | 45,480,562 | 8,092,464 | 53,573,026 |
| Total pension liability - LEOSSA | 8,685,853 | - | 8,685,853 |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | 26,908,361 | 7,979,922 | 34,888,283 |
| Total OPEB liability | 34,009,121 | 10,718,428 | 44,727,549 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 116,980,176 | 33,195,608 | 150,175,784 |
| Total liabilities | 131,013,810 | 43,556,722 | 174,570,532 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Lease deferrals | 136,236 | 477,179 | 613,415 |
| Prepaid taxes | 88,504 | - | 88,504 |
| Pension deferrals | 2,289,925 | 231,643 | 2,521,568 |
| OPEB deferrals | 7,891,697 | 2,205,183 | 10,096,880 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 10,406,362 | 2,914,005 | 13,320,367 |
| NET POSITION | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 84,333,700 | 150,239,394 | 234,573,094 |
| Restricted for: | 04,333,700 | 150,259,594 | 204,070,094 |
| Stabilization by state statute | 9,837,362 | | 9,837,362 |
| Streets | 3,452,010 | _ | 3,452,010 |
| Public works | 4,712,578 | _ | 4,712,578 |
| Public safety | 1,098,402 | _ | 1,098,402 |
| Parks and recreation | 534,285 | - | 534,285 |
| Economic development | 10,835 | - | 10,835 |
| Unrestricted | 17,668,446 | 56,906,009 | 74,574,455 |
| Total net position | \$ 121,647,618 | \$ 207,145,403 | \$ 328,793,021 |
| Total Hot position | Ψ 121,077,010 | Ψ 201, 170,700 | Ψ 020,100,021 |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | Program Revenues | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|----|--------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | | 1 | | | Operating | Capital | | |
| | | | Charges | (| Grants and | Grants and | | |
| | Expenses | f | or Services | C | ontributions | Cor | ntributions | |
| Functions/Programs | | | | | | | | |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 12,508,765 | \$ | 1,743,720 | \$ | 10,376,126 | \$ | 646,617 | |
| Public safety | 37,284,082 | | 157,500 | | 1,081,600 | | - | |
| Public works | 14,254,730 | | 9,479,138 | | 145,083 | | - | |
| Parks and recreation | 15,048,561 | | 2,394,032 | | 80,655 | | - | |
| Public service | 6,064,019 | | - | | 7,073,010 | | - | |
| Economic development | 138,428 | | - | | 178,061 | | - | |
| Community revitalization | 1,434,413 | | - | | 1,278,195 | | - | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 1,573,162 | | - | | - | | - | |
| Total governmental activities | 88,306,160 | | 13,774,390 | | 20,212,730 | | 646,617 | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Electric | 77,887,870 | | 73,367,681 | | _ | | - | |
| Gas | 31,008,038 | | 28,098,029 | | - | | - | |
| Water | 13,687,734 | | 12,172,530 | | - | | - | |
| Sewer | 16,097,254 | | 14,067,972 | | - | | - | |
| Storm water management | 4,427,122 | | 4,180,201 | | - | | - | |
| Total business-type activities | 143,108,018 | | 131,886,413 | | - | | | |
| Total primary government | \$ 231,414,178 | \$ | 145,660,803 | \$ | 20,212,730 | \$ | 646,617 | |

General Revenue:

Taxes

Ad valorem taxes

Local Option Sales Tax

Other taxes

Miscellaneous

Investment earnings

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net Position:

Beginning balances, as previously reported

Prior period adjustments

Beginning of year - July 1

End of year - June 30

| Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Primary Government | | | | | | | | | |
| G | Sovernmental Activities | | usiness-type Activities | | Total | | | | | |
| | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| \$ | 257,698 | \$ | | \$ | 257,698 | | | | | |
| Ψ | (36,044,982) | Ψ | - | Ψ | (36,044,982) | | | | | |
| | (4,630,509) | | - | | (4,630,509) | | | | | |
| | (12,573,874) | | - | | (12,573,874) | | | | | |
| | 1,008,991 | | - | | 1,008,991 | | | | | |
| | 39,633 | | - | | 39,633 | | | | | |
| | (156,218) | | - | | (156,218) | | | | | |
| | (1,573,162) | | - | | (1,573,162) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (53,672,423) | | | | (53,672,423) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | (4,520,189) | | (4,520,189) | | | | | |
| | - | | (2,910,009) | | (2,910,009) | | | | | |
| | - | | (1,515,204) | | (1,515,204) | | | | | |
| | - | | (2,029,282) | | (2,029,282) | | | | | |
| | | | (246,921) | | (246,921) | | | | | |
| | | | (11,221,605) | | (11,221,605) | | | | | |
| | (53,672,423) | | (11,221,605) | | (64,894,028) | | | | | |
| | 30,587,804 | | _ | | 30,587,804 | | | | | |
| | 16,789,438 | | - | | 16,789,438 | | | | | |
| | 4,692,514 | | - | | 4,692,514 | | | | | |
| | 3,961,914 | | 157,029 | | 4,118,943 | | | | | |
| | 1,768,417 | | 2,242,532 | | 4,010,949 | | | | | |
| | 57,800,087 | | 2,399,561 | | 60,199,648 | | | | | |
| | 2,925,000 | | (2,925,000) | | - | | | | | |
| | 60,725,087 | | (525,439) | | 60,199,648 | | | | | |
| | 7,052,664 | | (11,747,044) | | (4,694,380) | | | | | |
| | 113,513,946 | | 218,892,447 | | 332,406,393 | | | | | |
| _ | 1,081,008 | | | _ | 1,081,008 | | | | | |
| | 114,594,954 | | 218,892,447 | | 333,487,401 | | | | | |
| \$ | 121,647,618 | \$ | 207,145,403 | \$ | 328,793,021 | | | | | |

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

| | Major Funds | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | General Fund | ARPA Fund | Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmenta Funds |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents/investments Receivables, net of allowance for | \$ 35,523,510 | \$ 23,501 | \$ - | \$ 3,374,149 | \$ 38,921,16 |
| uncollectible accounts: | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | 1,084,584 | - | - | 4,825 | 1,089,40 |
| Other taxes | 12,084 | - | - | - | 12,08 |
| Customers | 1,210,319 | = | = | - | 1,210,31 |
| Other governmental agencies | 4,776,398 | = | = | 1,373,283 | 6,149,68 |
| Due from other funds | 285,737 | - | - | - | 285,73 |
| Assessments | 5,015,942 | - | - | - | 5,015,94 |
| Other | 7,768,646 | - | 16,649,800 | 601,682 | 25,020,12 |
| Prepaid items | 2,998,745 | - | - | 330,000 | 3,328,74 |
| nventories | 456,218 | - | - | - | 456,21 |
| Leases receivable | 136,106 | = | = | - | 136,10 |
| Advances to other funds | 16,649,800 | - | = | - | 16,649,80 |
| Restricted cash and investments | 5,445,084 | 360,238 | 9,000 | 80,000 | 5,894,32 |
| Total assets | 81,363,173 | 383,739 | 16,658,800 | 5,763,939 | 104,169,65 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued | | | | | |
| expenditures | 4,889,743 | - | - | 42,252 | 4,931,99 |
| Due to other funds | 59,359 | - | - | 454,473 | 513,83 |
| Jnearned revenue | - | 360,238 | - | 80,000 | 440,23 |
| Advances from other funds | - | - | 16,649,800 | - | 16,649,80 |
| Deposits | 259,701 | | | | 259,70 |
| Total liabilities | 5,208,803 | 360,238 | 16,649,800 | 576,725 | 22,795,56 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Assessments receivable | 5,015,942 | - | - | - | 5,015,94 |
| Taxes receivable | 1,084,584 | - | - | 4,841 | 1,089,42 |
| Miscellaneous receivables | 6,190,657 | - | - | - | 6,190,6 |
| _ease deferrals | 136,236 | - | - | - | 136,23 |
| Prepaid taxes | 88,504 | | | | 88,50 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 12,515,923 | | | 4,841 | 12,520,76 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | |
| Prepaid items | 2,998,745 | - | - | 330,000 | 3,328,74 |
| nventories | 456,218 | - | - | - | 456,2 |
| Advances to other funds | 16,649,800 | - | - | - | 16,649,80 |
| Restricted: | | | | | |
| Stabilization by state statute | 7,862,397 | - | - | 1,974,965 | 9,837,36 |
| Streets | 3,452,010 | - | - | - | 3,452,0 |
| Public works | 4,712,578 | - | - | - | 4,712,57 |
| Capital outlay | 1,733,373 | - | - | - | 1,733,37 |
| Public safety | - | - | - | 1,098,402 | 1,098,40 |
| Parks and recreation | = | - | = | 534,285 | 534,28 |
| Economic development | = | - | = | 10,835 | 10,83 |
| Committed: | | | | | |
| Public service | - | - | - | 622,056 | 622,05 |
| General government | - | 23,501 | <u>-</u> | | 23,50 |
| -uture capital projects | - | - | 9,000 | 749,109 | 758,10 |
| Assigned: | 2 22 1 | | | | |
| Subsequent year's expenditures | 6,883,074 | - | - | | 6,883,07 |
| uture capital projects | - | - | - | 72,274 | 72,27 |
| Jnassigned: | 18,890,252 | | - | (209,553) | 18,680,69 |
| Total fund balances | 63,638,447 | 23,501 | 9,000 | 5,182,373 | 68,853,32 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ 81,363,173 | \$ 383,739 | \$ 16,658,800 | \$ 5,763,939 | \$ 104,169,65 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | |
|---|-------------------|
| Ending fund balance - governmental funds | \$ 68,853,321 |
| Capital assets, including right-to-use assets, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. | 137,537,990 |
| The City's joint venture with an equity interest is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds. | 7,702,023 |
| The City's net pension liability (LGERS), total pension liability (LEOSSA), and total OPEB liability, as well as the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will not be liquidated with current expendable financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | 20,355,189 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | 8,906,796 |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | (26,908,361) |
| Total pension liability - LEOSSA | (8,685,853) |
| Total OPEB liability | (34,009,121) |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | (7,891,697) |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | (2,289,925) |
| Certain receivables accrued in the City's governmental funds are not considered to be available to pay expenditures of the current period as they have not been collected soon enough after year-end and, | |
| therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. | 12,296,024 |
| Assets and liabilities of internal service funds used by management to account for certain insurance | |
| and communications costs are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. | 1,517,541 |
| Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | |
| Long-term debt and leases | (49,909,958) |
| Unamortized bond premium/discount | (1,143,352) |
| Accrued interest | (268,357) |
| Compensated absences | (3,654,665) |
| Claims and judgments | (759,977) |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ 121,647,618 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | Major Funds | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | General | ARPA | Rocky Mount Public Facilities | Nonmajor Governmental | Total Governmental |
| | Fund | Fund | Corporation | Funds | Funds |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 30,921,202 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 30,921,202 |
| Intergovernmental | 27,218,105 | 10,000,000 | - | 5,474,286 | 42,692,391 |
| Licenses and permits | 1,913,320 | - | - | - | 1,913,320 |
| Sales and service | 11,877,809 | - | - | - 220 022 | 11,877,809 |
| Project | 4 707 000 | 40.000 | - | 2,328,822 | 2,328,822 |
| Investment earnings | 1,737,328 | 16,899 | - | 71,961 | 1,826,188 |
| Contributions | - | - | - | 150 | 150 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,347,053 | - 10.010.000 | 210,519 | 7.075.040 | 1,557,572 |
| Total revenues | 75,014,817 | 10,016,899 | 210,519 | 7,875,219 | 93,117,454 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General government | 12,054,806 | - | - | 486,275 | 12,541,081 |
| Public safety | 35,856,807 | - | - | 139,911 | 35,996,718 |
| Public works | 17,401,167 | - | - | - | 17,401,167 |
| Parks and recreation | 16,125,073 | - | - | - | 16,125,073 |
| Public service | 765,003 | - | - | 5,299,016 | 6,064,019 |
| Community revitalization | - | - | - | 1,434,413 | 1,434,413 |
| Economic development | - | - | - | 178,061 | 178,061 |
| Debt service: | | | | | |
| Principal | 5,426,134 | - | - | 16,316 | 5,442,450 |
| Interest | 1,329,994 | | 210,519 | 134 | 1,540,647 |
| Total expenditures | 88,958,984 | | 210,519 | 7,554,126 | 96,723,629 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (13,944,167) | 10,016,899 | | 321,093 | (3,606,175) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | (1,205,810) | (10,000,000) | - | (250,000) | (11,455,810) |
| Transfers from other funds | 13,250,000 | - | _ | 1,130,810 | 14,380,810 |
| Inception of SBITA agreement | 234,577 | - | - | 23,531 | 258,108 |
| Lease obligations issued | 449,047 | - | _ | · - | 449,047 |
| Installment purchase financing issued | 5,708,000 | - | _ | _ | 5,708,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 18,435,814 | (10,000,000) | | 904,341 | 9,340,155 |
| Net change in fund balances | 4,491,647 | 16,899 | - | 1,225,434 | 5,733,980 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1, restated | 59,146,800 | 6,602 | 9,000 | 3,956,939 | 63,119,341 |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ 63,638,447 | \$ 23,501 | \$ 9,000 | \$ 5,182,373 | \$ 68,853,321 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| The amount reported as the City's change in net position in the statement of activities is different from the change in fund balances of governmental funds due to the following items: | | |
|--|----|----------------------------------|
| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ | 5,733,980 |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense: | | |
| Capital outlay Depreciation and amortization | | 14,576,036 (7,107,117) |
| The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital and right-to-use assets (i.e., sales, disposals, and donations) is to decrease the net position of governmental activities. | | (659,346) |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds. | | (625,859) |
| The City's joint venture with an equity interest is not reported in the governmental funds and as such, the current year change in the joint venture's equity interest does not impact the change in fund balance. | | (57,771) |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position: | | |
| Issuance of long-term debt Inception of lease agreements | | (5,708,000) (449,047) |
| Inception of subscription-based information technology arrangements Principal payments on long-term debt | | (258,108) 5,442,450 |
| The governmental funds report current year contributions to the City's defined benefit pension and OPEB plans whereas the Statement of Activities reports pension and OPEB expense. These amounts represent the differences between current year contributions and expenses for the applicable plan: | | |
| Pension expense - LGERS | | (2,179,655) |
| Pension expense - LEOSSA | | (396,878) |
| OPEB expense | | (970,653) |
| Expenses related to compensated absences, accrued interest, and claims and judgments payable do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. | | |
| Compensated absences Claims and judgments Accrued interest | | 121,558 (258,115) (32,515) |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain expenses to the City's individual funds. The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. | | (118,296) |
| Changes in net position of governmental activities | \$ | 7,052,664 |
| | Ψ | .,002,007 |

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | | Variance |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | d Amounts | Actual | Positive |
| | Original | Final | Amounts | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | • •••• | | |
| Taxes | \$ 29,275,000 | \$ 29,275,000 | \$ 30,921,202 | \$ 1,646,202 |
| Intergovernmental | 28,425,640 | 28,527,779 | 27,218,105 | (1,309,674) |
| Licenses and permits | 1,801,800 | 1,801,800 | 1,913,320 | 111,520 |
| Sales and service | 12,261,690 | 12,261,690 | 11,877,809 | (383,881) |
| Investment earnings | 624,870 | 1,029,870 | 1,737,328 | 707,458 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,345,050 | 1,430,649 | 1,347,053 | (83,596) |
| Total revenues | 73,734,050 | 74,326,788 | 75,014,817 | 688,029 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General Government: | | | | |
| Mayor and council | 612,490 | 656,320 | 394,018 | 262,302 |
| City clerk | 220,600 | 178,801 | 161,773 | 17,028 |
| Internal audit | 164,300 | 152,047 | 142,757 | 9,290 |
| Community services | 1,300,430 | 12,323,024 | 2,814,884 | 9,508,140 |
| City manager | 692,550 | 538,089 | 431,731 | 106,358 |
| Communications and marketing | 308,330 | 390,057 | 338,021 | 52,036 |
| Downtown development | 689,710 | 1,384,138 | 564,717 | 819,421 |
| Business and collections services | 148,970 | 124,507 | 42,750 | 81,757 |
| Technology services | 863,330 | 1,013,664 | 172,139 | 841,525 |
| Community and business development | 754,130 | 1,590,254 | 333,442 | 1,256,812 |
| Finance | 428,240 | 216,871 | 165,458 | 51,413 |
| Central services | 1,638,150 | 2,146,941 | 1,043,503 | 1,103,438 |
| Development services | 3,054,480 | 2,986,999 | 2,786,418 | 200,581 |
| Human resources | 1,738,120 | 2,602,816 | 2,150,424 | 452,392 |
| Human relations | 578,970 | 595,310 | 512,771 | 82,539 |
| Total general government | 13,192,800 | 26,899,838 | 12,054,806 | 14,845,032 |
| Public Safety: | | | | |
| Police | 20,069,840 | 21,190,599 | 20,724,904 | 465,695 |
| Fire | 15,803,520 | 15,730,713 | 15,131,903 | 598,810 |
| Total public safety | 35,873,360 | 36,921,312 | 35,856,807 | 1,064,505 |
| | | · | | |
| Public Works: | | | | |
| Administration | 447,180 | 419,180 | 413,677 | 5,503 |
| Street and ROW maintenance | 1,866,550 | 1,967,329 | 1,905,462 | 61,867 |
| Environmental service | 8,270,980 | 9,132,755 | 8,934,395 | 198,360 |
| Fleet maintenance | 3,341,310 | 2,594,522 | 2,430,046 | 164,476 |
| Engineering - administration | 409,620 | 880,540 | 565,915 | 314,625 |
| Engineering - traffic | 586,000 | 737,438 | 585,705 | 151,733 |
| Street resurfacing | 800,000 | 5,490,896 | 2,565,967 | 2,924,929 |
| Total public works | 15,721,640 | 21,222,660 | 17,401,167 | 3,821,493 |

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | Actual | | Variance Positive | |
|---|------------------|--------------|----|--------------|---------|--------------|----------------------|--|
| | | Original | | Final | Amounts | | (Negative) | |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | | | | | | <u>, </u> |
| Current (Continued: | | | | | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation: | | | | | | | | |
| Administration | \$ | 626,240 | \$ | 670,524 | \$ | 654,956 | \$ | 15,568 |
| Athletics | | 559,120 | | 639,589 | | 638,786 | | 803 |
| Cultural arts | | 541,020 | | 589,250 | | 563,052 | | 26,198 |
| Amusements and special events | | 469,590 | | 529,090 | | 510,346 | | 18,744 |
| Museum | | 423,990 | | 491,335 | | 475,505 | | 15,830 |
| Parks maintenance | | 2,579,960 | | 3,636,324 | | 3,598,992 | | 37,332 |
| Cemetery operations | | 1,132,460 | | 1,384,408 | | 923,809 | | 460,599 |
| Outdoor programs | | 211,120 | | 308,220 | | 305,184 | | 3,036 |
| Neighborhood programs | | 1,262,340 | | 1,522,144 | | 1,494,056 | | 28,088 |
| Senior programs | | 591,550 | | 2,290,577 | | 2,188,929 | | 101,648 |
| Sports complex | | 1,163,040 | | 1,179,711 | | 1,160,310 | | 19,401 |
| Imperial Centre | | 752,740 | | 773,286 | | 758,718 | | 14,568 |
| Event Center | | 3,361,180 | | 2,951,352 | | 2,852,430 | | 98,922 |
| Total parks and recreation | | 13,674,350 | | 16,965,810 | | 16,125,073 | | 840,737 |
| Public service | | 3,372,000 | | 4,234,295 | | 765,003 | | 3,469,292 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | 3,655,992 | | 5,050,000 | | 5,426,134 | | (376, 134) |
| Interest | | 1,585,908 | | 1,717,450 | | 1,329,994 | | 387,456 |
| Total debt service | | 5,241,900 | | 6,767,450 | | 6,756,128 | | 11,322 |
| Total expenditures | | 87,076,050 | | 113,011,365 | | 88,958,984 | | 24,052,381 |
| Deficiency of revenues under expenditures | | (13,342,000) | | (38,684,577) | | (13,944,167) | | 24,740,410 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | | (375,000) | | (1,305,819) | | (1,205,810) | | 100,009 |
| Transfers from other funds | | 3,250,000 | | 13,250,000 | | 13,250,000 | | - |
| SBITA obligations issued | | - | | - | | 234,577 | | 234,577 |
| Lease obligations issued | | _ | | 448,617 | | 449,047 | | 430 |
| Installment purchase financing issued | | 5,967,000 | | 7,095,323 | | 5,708,000 | | (1,387,323) |
| Total other financing sources | | 8,842,000 | | 19,488,121 | | 18,435,814 | | (1,052,307) |
| Fund balance appropriated | | 4,500,000 | | 19,196,456 | | | | (19,196,456) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | | | 4,491,647 | \$ | 4,491,647 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1, restated | | | | | | 59,146,800 | | |
| End of year - June 30 | | | | | \$ | 63,638,447 | | |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

| | Business-type Activities | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--|
| | | Maior | Funds | | |
| | Electric Fund | Gas Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | |
| Assets: | | | | Tunu | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents/investments | \$ 30,843,641 | \$ 10,661,387 | \$ 10,596,291 | \$ 2,856,914 | |
| Restricted cash and investments | 7,100,099 | 1,568,780 | 671,258 | 188,569 | |
| Due from other funds Assessments receivable | 287,172 | - | 61,779 | 21,596 | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 8,429,590 | 1,328,594 | 1,571,461 | 1,802,834 | |
| Other receivables | 389,386 | 199,327 | 105,903 | 147,409 | |
| Leases receivable | 215 | 207,348 | 111,848 | 147,409 | |
| Inventories | 2,233,327 | 119,355 | 297,763 | 11,343 | |
| Total current assets | 49,283,430 | 14,084,791 | 13,416,303 | 5,028,665 | |
| Non-community of the control of the | | | | | |
| Noncurrent Assets: Leases receivable, net of current portion | 417 | _ | 171,740 | - | |
| | | | | | |
| Capital Assets: | 40.004 | CO 570 | 20.027 | 050 | |
| Right-to-use lease assets, net of amortization | 48,604 | 62,570 | 39,037 10,417 | 659 | |
| Subscription assets, net of amortization Capital assets, non-depreciable | 953,257 | 191,337 | 1,173,187 | 882,624 | |
| Capital assets, depreciable, net of depreciation | 52,084,774 | 20,183,667 | 25,634,759 | 50,180,547 | |
| Total capital assets, net | 53,086,635 | 20,437,574 | 26,857,400 | 51,063,830 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 53,087,052 | 20,437,574 | 27,029,140 | 51,063,830 | |
| Total assets | 102,370,482 | 34,522,365 | 40,445,443 | 56,092,495 | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | 1,761,697 | 603,097 | 1,328,407 | 860,672 | |
| OPEB deferrals | 910,268 | 299,582 | 553,074 | 403,283 | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 2,671,965 | 902,679 | 1,881,481 | 1,263,955 | |
| Liabilities and Net Position: | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 5,717,474 | 610,462 | 120,883 | 225,959 | |
| Due to other funds | 59,077 | - | - | - | |
| Current accrued compensated absences | 247,537 | 63,297 | 162,044 | 88,890 | |
| Current portion of SBITA liability | - | - | 4,117 | - | |
| Current portion of lease liability | 6,717 | 11,378 | 6,014 | 577 | |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 1,405,986 | 231,186 | 182,018 | 964,830 | |
| Total current liabilities | 7,436,791 | 916,323 | 475,076 | 1,280,256 | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets: | | | | | |
| Deposits | 3,995,079 | 1,568,780 | 671,258 | 5,272 | |
| Accrued compensated absences | 44,619 | 25,255 | 36,442 | 25,668 | |
| Net pension liability Total OPEB liability | 2,625,868 | 950,254 | 2,044,103 | 1,331,952 | |
| Noncurrent portion of SBITA liability | 3,545,097 | 1,177,371 | 2,760,223 4,249 | 1,814,993 | |
| Noncurrent portion of lease liability | 30,802 | 49,731 | 26,861 | 98 | |
| Noncurrent portion of long-term debt | 3,558,988 | 43,701 | 185,885 | 3,843,790 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 13,800,453 | 3,771,391 | 5,729,021 | 7,021,773 | |
| Total liabilities | 21,237,244 | 4,687,714 | 6,204,097 | 8,302,029 | |
| Defermed by Green of December 1 | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources Lease deferrals | 620 | 200,890 | 275,669 | | |
| Pension deferrals | 78,680 | 200,890 | 58,176 | 38,770 | |
| OPEB deferrals | 806,525 | 265,439 | 490,041 | 357,321 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 885,825 | 490,841 | 823,886 | 396,091 | |
| Not Docition | | | | | |
| Net Position: Net investment in capital assets | 51,189,162 | 20,129,427 | 26,448,256 | 46,437,833 | |
| Unrestricted | 31,730,216 | 10,117,062 | 8,850,685 | 2,220,497 | |
| Total net position | \$ 82,919,378 | \$ 30,246,489 | \$ 35,298,941 | \$ 48,658,330 | |
| F | | ,,, | , -5,200,011 | , .5,000,000 | |

| Business-ty | pe Activities | Governmental Activities |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| Nonmajor Fund Storm Water Management | Total Business-typ Activities Enterprise | Service |
| | | |
| \$ 5,292,839 | \$ 60,251,0 | |
| 214,033 | 9,742,7 287,1 | |
| - | 83,3 | |
| 597,389 | 13,729,8 | |
| 10,959 | 852,9 | |
| - | 319,4 | - |
| | 2,661,7 | |
| 6,115,220 | 87,928,4 | 1,559,773 |
| | 172,1 | 57 |
| _ | 150,8 | 370 - |
| _ | 10,4 | |
| 1,845,176 | 5,045,5 | |
| 4,547,701 | 152,631,4 | |
| 6,392,877 | 157,838,3 | 316 1,730,517 |
| 6,392,877 | 158,010,4 | 1,730,517 |
| 12,508,097 | 245,938,8 | 3,290,290 |
| 602 610 | E 247 A | 102 |
| 693,619 322,626 | 5,247,4 2,488,8 | |
| 1,016,245 | 7,736,3 | |
| | | |
| 74,666 | 6,749,4 | 144 42,232 |
| - | 59,0 | |
| 89,366 | 651,1 | |
| - | 4,1 24,6 | 117 - |
| 147,713 | 2,931,7 | |
| 311,745 | 10,420,1 | |
| | | |
| 32,421 | 6,272,8 | |
| - | 131,9 | |
| 1,027,745 | 7,979,9 | |
| 1,420,744 | 10,718,4 4.2 | 249 - |
| - | 107,4 | |
| 392,060 | 7,980,7 | |
| 2,872,970 | 33,195,6 | 608 135,943 |
| 3,184,715 | 43,615,7 | 799 322,258 |
| | | |
| 24 505 | 477,1 | |
| 31,505 | 231,6 | |
| 285,857 317,362 | 2,205,1 2,914,0 | |
| 3,532 | 2,0.11,0 | · · · · · · · |
| 6,034,716 | 150,239,3 | 1,450,491 |
| 3,987,549 | 56,906,0 | |
| \$ 10,022,265 | \$ 207,145,4 | 103 \$ 2,968,032 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Business-type Activities | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | | Maion Fr | | | | | |
| | Electric Fund | Major Fu Gas Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | | | |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for sales and services | \$ 72,871,475 | \$ 27,779,573 | , , , , | \$ 12,850,644 | | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | 47,875 | 34,220 | | | |
| Other operating revenues | 496,206 | 318,456 | 77,396 | 1,183,108 | | | |
| Total operating revenues | 73,367,681 | 28,098,029 | 12,172,530 | 14,067,972 | | | |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Distribution systems | 71,989,748 | 30,473,238 | - | - | | | |
| Treatment plants | - | - | 8,815,029 | 9,432,957 | | | |
| Engineering | 1,357,672 | - | - | - | | | |
| Support services | - | - | 3,626,954 | 4,410,511 | | | |
| Energy services | 2,150,433 | - | - | - | | | |
| Storm water operations | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Insurance claims | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Cost of service and administration | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Communications | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,310,109 | 545,503 | 1,245,039 | 2,158,400 | | | |
| Total operating expenses | 77,807,962 | 31,018,741 | 13,687,022 | 16,001,868 | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | (4,440,281) | (2,920,712) | (1,514,492) | (1,933,896) | | | |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): | | | | | | | |
| Other | 132,150 | _ | 24,879 | - | | | |
| Investment earnings | 1,214,293 | 408,295 | 356,004 | 73,980 | | | |
| Gain on disposal of capital assets | - | 22,027 | - | - | | | |
| Interest expense | (79,908) | (11,324) | (712) | (95,386) | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 1,266,535 | 418,998 | 380,171 | (21,406) | | | |
| Income (loss) before | | | | | | | |
| interfund transfers | (3,173,746) | (2,501,714) | (1,134,321) | (1,955,302) | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | (2,600,000) | (400,000) | _ | _ | | | |
| Total interfund transfers | (2,600,000) | (400,000) | | | | | |
| rotal intorialia danololo | (2,000,000) | (100,000) | | | | | |
| Change in net position | (5,773,746) | (2,901,714) | (1,134,321) | (1,955,302) | | | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1, previously reported Restatement | 88,693,124 - | 33,148,203 | 36,433,262 | 50,613,632 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Beginning of year - July 1, restated

End of year - June 30

82,919,378 \$

36,433,262

35,298,941

33,148,203

30,246,489

| | Business-ty | G | overnmental Activities | | |
|----|---|----|---|----|--------------------------------------|
| s | Nonmajor Fund torm Water anagement | В | Total usiness-type Activities Enterprise | | Internal Service Funds |
| \$ | 4,157,480 - | \$ | 129,706,431 82,095 | \$ | 16,002,592 |
| | 22,721 | | 2,097,887 | | |
| | 4,180,201 | | 131,886,413 | | 16,002,592 |
| | - - - 1,163,094 | | 102,462,986 18,247,986 1,357,672 9,200,559 | | - - - - |
| | 2,922,075 | | 2,150,433 2,922,075 | | - |
| | | | | | 11,562,652 2,890,891 1,263,672 |
| | 333,357 | | 6,592,408 | | 390,819 |
| | 4,418,526 | | 142,934,119 | | 16,108,034 |
| | (238,325) | | (11,047,706) | | (105,442) |
| | - 189,960 - (8,596) | | 157,029 2,242,532 22,027 (195,926) | | - - - (12,854) |
| | 181,364 | | 2,225,662 | | (12,854) |
| - | (56,961) | | (8,822,044) | | (118,296) |
| | 75,000 - | | 75,000 (3,000,000) | | - |
| | 75,000 | | (2,925,000) | | - |
| | 18,039 | | (11,747,044) | | (118,296) |
| | 10,004,226 | | 218,892,447 | | 3,481,657 (380,678) |
| | 10,004,226 | | 218,892,447 | | 3,086,328 |
| \$ | 10,022,265 | \$ | 207,145,403 | \$ | 2,968,032 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------|
| | Major Funds | | | | | | | |
| | | Electric | | Gas | | Water | | Sewer |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ | 74,725,147 | \$ | 28,020,421 | \$ | 12,233,883 | \$ | 14,004,492 |
| Payments to suppliers for goods and services | | (70,367,589) | | (27,770,859) | | (8,792,949) | | (10,945,070) |
| Payments to or on behalf of employees | | (6,718,670) | | (3,105,223) | | (4,056,363) | | (2,889,800) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | (2,361,112) | | (2,855,661) | | (615,429) | | 169,622 |
| Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | | (2,600,000) | | (400,000) | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers from other funds | | - | | - | | _ | | _ |
| Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities | | (2,600,000) | | (400,000) | | - | | - |
| Oach Flavor France Constant and Baladad Fire and Addition | | | | | | | | |
| Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Debt issued | | 2,250,000 | | | | | | 179,000 |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets | | (2,227,572) | | (267,713) | | (160,036) | | (978,948) |
| Interest paid | | (85,324) | | (4,089) | | (713) | | (90,010) |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | | (1,409,621) | | (307,490) | | (207,541) | | (972,349) |
| Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities | | (1,472,517) | | (579,292) | | (368,290) | | (1,862,307) |
| Net cash provided (deed) by capital and related infancing activities | | (1,472,517) | | (379,292) | | (300,290) | | (1,002,307) |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | 1,214,293 | | 408,295 | | 356,004 | | 73,980 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 1,214,293 | | 408,295 | | 356,004 | | 73,980 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents/investments | | (5,219,336) | | (3,426,658) | | (627,715) | | (1,618,705) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments: | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year, July 1 | | 43,103,999 | | 15,656,825 | | 11,895,264 | | 4,664,188 |
| End of year, June 30 | \$ | 37,884,663 | \$ | 12,230,167 | \$ | 11,267,549 | \$ | 3,045,483 |
| Cash and cash equivalents/investments | \$ | 30,843,641 | \$ | 10,661,387 | \$ | 10,596,291 | \$ | 2,856,914 |
| Restricted cash and investments | - | 7,100,099 | * | 1,568,780 | * | 671,258 | * | 188,569 |
| | \$ | 37,943,740 | \$ | 12,230,167 | \$ | 11,267,549 | \$ | 3,045,483 |
| | | // | <u> </u> | , , | <u> </u> | , , , , , , , | <u> </u> | |

| | Business-ty | pe A | Activities | G | overnmental Activities |
|----|-----------------------------------|------|--|----|---------------------------|
| | Nonmajor | | Total | | |
| | Fund | В | usiness-type | | Internal |
| S | torm Water | | Activities | | Service |
| М | anagement | | Enterprise | | Funds |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | 4,107,772 | \$ | 133,091,715 | \$ | 16,002,504 |
| | (2,006,881) | | (119,883,348) | | (15,543,789) |
| | (2,140,462) | | (18,910,518) | | (166,851) |
| | (39,571) | | (5,702,151) | | 291,864 |
| | | | | | <u> </u> |
| | - | | (3,000,000) | | - |
| | 75,000 | | 75,000 | | - |
| | 75,000 | | (2,925,000) | | - |
| | 116,000 (1,060,258) (8,640) | | 2,545,000 (4,694,527) (188,776) (3,110,064) | | (12,854) |
| | (213,063) | | (5,448,367) | | (140,033) (152,887) |
| | (1,165,961) | | 2,242,532 | | (132,007) |
| | 189,960 | _ | 2,242,532 | | |
| | (940,572) | | (11,832,986) | | 138,977 |
| | 6,447,444 | _ | 81,767,720 | | 1,388,923 |
| \$ | 5,506,872 | \$ | 69,934,734 | \$ | 1,527,900 |
| \$ | 5,292,839 214,033 | \$ | 60,251,072 9,742,739 | \$ | 1,527,900 |
| \$ | 5,506,872 | \$ | 69,993,811 | \$ | 1,527,900 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|----|----------------------|----|---------------------|----|-----------------|
| | Major Funds | | | | | | | |
| | | Electric | | Gas | | Water | | Sewer |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) | \$ | (4,440,281) | \$ | (2,920,712) | \$ | (1,514,492) | \$ | (1,933,896) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Depreciation and amortization | | 2.310.109 | | 545.503 | | 1.245.039 | | 2,158,400 |
| Other miscellaneous receipts Change in Assets and Liabilities: | | 132,150 | | - | | 24,879 | | - |
| (Increase) decrease in receivables and assessments (Increase) decrease in leases receivable | | 1,228,455 151 | | (288,598) 218,750 | | (77,864) 106,267 | | (63,730) |
| (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in due from other funds | | (631,959) 170,410 | | (25,849) | | (114,470) - | | (8,398) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in customer deposits | | (1,456,261) (3,290) | | (261,721) (7,760) | | (360,994) 8,071 | | (98,386) 250 |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and total OPEB | | 28,911 | | (7,113) | | (28,849) | | (15,309) |
| liability and the related deferrals | | 300,493 | | (108,161) | | 96,984 | | 130,691 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | (2,361,112) | \$ | (2,855,661) | \$ | (615,429) | \$ | 169,622 |

| | Business-ty | pe A | | | overnmental Activities | |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| St | Nonmajor Fund orm Water anagement | Total Business-type Activities Enterprise | | Internal Service Funds | | |
| \$ | (238,325) | \$ | (11,047,706) | \$ | (105,442) | |
| | 333,357 - | | 6,592,408 157,029 | | 390,819 - | |
| | (72,429) - - - (147,942) | | 725,834 325,168 (780,676) 170,410 (2,325,304) | | (88) - - - 25,729 | |
| | (24,940) 110,708 | | (2,729) (47,300) 530,715 | | (19,154) | |
| \$ | (39,571) | \$ | (5,702,151) | \$ | 291,864 | |

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

| | Community Development and Governmental Activities Fund |
|--|--|
| Assets: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents/investments | \$ 261,477 |
| Accounts receivable | 3,500 |
| Total assets | \$ 264,977 |
| Net Position: Restricted for other agencies Total fiduciary net position | \$ 264,977 \$ 264,977 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Community Development and Governmental Activities Fund |
|---|--|
| Additions: | A 04.740 |
| Community event revenues | \$ 64,742 |
| On behalf of employees | 12,490 |
| Scholarship revenues | 27,795 |
| Investment earnings | 7,919 |
| Total additions | 112,946 |
| Deductions: Community event expenditures On behalf of employees Scholarship expenditures Total deductions | 60,691 11,140 15,150 86,981 |
| Change in fiduciary net position | 25,965 |
| Net Position: Beginning of year, July 1 | 239,012 |
| End of year, June 30 | \$ 264,977 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes are intended to communicate information necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations that are not readily apparent from, or cannot be included in, the financial statements themselves. The notes supplement the financial statements, are an integral part thereof, and are intended to be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Rocky Mount (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Council (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation, governed by an elected mayor and seven-member council and is located in eastern North Carolina in the coastal plains area. The City was incorporated on February 19, 1867. The City has a population of approximately 54,941 and is situated on the Nash and Edgecombe County line. The City provides a full range of services including public safety, public works, engineering, parks and recreation, public service, emergency management, and community revitalization. The City also operates electric, gas, water, and sewer utilities, as well as a storm water management system, for the incorporated and surrounding areas.

GAAP requires that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City has a blended component unit, the Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation, a legally separate entity that is essential for the tax credit financing used to supplement the special obligation bond proceeds for the Rocky Mount Event Center project. The entity is shown in a blended presentation as it exists for the purposes detailed below and is a major fund due to the volume and nature of the transactions occurring during the fiscal year. This financial statement presentation will enable users of the financial statements to identify balances specific to this entity and will emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

<u>Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation</u> - The Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation is a non-profit entity which organized for the exclusive purpose of promoting the general welfare of the citizens of the City by assisting the City in carrying out its governmental functions, through the acquisition, construction, operation, sale or lease of real estate and improvements, facilities, equipment, and other personal property.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category, governmental proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, federal and state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, transportation, environmental protection, cultural and recreation, and general governmental services.

ARPA Fund – This grant project special revenue fund is used to account for the City's \$11,521,180 allotment of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds established by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA).

Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation – This fund was established to provide financing for the Rocky Mount Event Center tax credit project.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Public Transportation Grants Fund – This fund accounts for federal and state grants used to finance the Rocky Mount Tar River Transit (bus) system.

Entitlement Grants Fund – This fund accounts for projects financed with Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Grants that are used for revitalization of low and moderate-income areas within the City.

Crime/Safety Control Fund – This fund accounts for federal and state grants used to finance law enforcement and fire projects including bulletproof vests, kid safety programs, law enforcement block grants, and other projects for crime and safety control.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Economic Development Fund – This fund accounts for federal and state grants used to promote improvement in economically depressed areas, improve housing, public infrastructure and promote employment and business opportunities.

Emergency Management Fund – This fund accounts for funds received from Nash and Edgecombe Counties for Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF). The funds will be used to assist with pandemic-related expenditures.

Emergency Telephone System Fund – This fund accounts for state funds received related to monthly charges to telephone subscribers. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to specific purchase and maintenance of emergency telephone equipment.

Occupancy Tax Fund – This fund was established to account for monies received from the local occupancy tax. The State of North Carolina authorizes the collection of occupancy tax in General Statute 160A-215.

General Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for construction of various City projects to improve City parks and operational facilities.

General Capital Development Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for federal and state grant funds and other locally funded projects for various parks and recreation projects in addition to the construction of various multi-year projects.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's electric system.

Gas Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's natural gas distribution system.

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's water system and includes an operating fund and a capital projects fund.

Sewer Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's waste water system and includes an operating fund and a capital projects fund.

The City reports the following non-major enterprise fund:

Storm Water Management Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's stormwater system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – The City has two Internal Service funds, its Risk Management Fund, which is used to account for its self-insurance health and dental care benefits and its Communications Fund, which is used to account for telephone and radio expenses.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the City holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The City maintains one custodial fund, the Community Development and Governmental Activities Fund, which accounts for transactions related to revenues including commissions from vending machines sales, event receipts, and donations and the associated expenditures.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Revenues of the City's risk management internal service fund are generally premiums charged to its employees for insurance coverage. Revenues of the communications internal service fund are allocations of its operating expenses to the general and proprietary funds based on services provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, claims, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leasing and subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers all general revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes which use a 60-day period. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes which were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Rocky Mount because the tax is levied by the counties and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Intergovernmental revenues, sales and services, fines and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

In compliance with state statutes, the City Council adopts an annual budget ordinance for all governmental and enterprise funds except funds authorized by project ordinance. The City's Risk Management and Communications funds, which are intra-governmental service funds, operate under a financial plan. As is required by North Carolina General Statutes, the governing council adopts the plan at the same time the City's budget ordinance is approved.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Appropriations are made at the departmental level and amended as necessary by City Council. The budget information shown in the basic financial statements reports the original and final budget ordinance. The original budget data represents the annual budget ordinance adopted by the City Council for the year ended June 30, 2023. The final budget data represents the budget ordinance as amended by the City Council as of June 30, 2023. Amendments can be made within any one fund by the City Manager. Amendments calling for transfers between two or more funds require the approval of the City Council.

During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget has been restructured to conform to the structure of the actual data which is presented in a form to provide the greatest economic meaning to the data. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting as required by state statute. All annual appropriations lapse at each fiscal year-end and must be re-appropriated in the following fiscal year's budget. Custodial funds are also budgeted by the City. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1, of the fiscal year or the governing council must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Funds with Multi-year Budgets

Certain special revenue funds and capital projects funds are budgeted under project ordinances spanning more than one fiscal year. Project appropriations for these funds continue until the projects are complete. Those funds include the special revenue funds – ARPA, Entitlement Grants, Public Transportation Grants, Crime/Safety Control, Economic Development, Emergency Management, Occupancy Tax, and the Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation. The Capital project fund – General Capital Development Projects is also a multi-year budgeted fund.

Funds adopting annual budgets include the General fund, the proprietary funds, the special revenue fund – Emergency Telephone System, as well as the capital project fund – General Capital Projects.

Encumbrances

As required by the state statutes, the City maintains encumbrance accounts during the year which are considered to be "budgetary accounts." Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amounts of the expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in progress and open purchase orders at year-end are completed. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. These encumbrances outstanding are re-appropriated in the subsequent year's budget.

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in council-designated official depositories and are collateralized as required by state statute. Official depositories may be established with any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)(8)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's and the ABC Board's investments are generally reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

Statement of Cash Flows

All cash and investments of the enterprise funds are maintained in cash and investment pools. Funds are available on demand from the pools. Accordingly, all cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools its unrestricted cash resources from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. Interest earned as a result of pooling cash and investments is distributed to the appropriate funds based on the prior month's ending balance of cash and investments and is recorded monthly.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Restricted Investments and Cash

Unexpended proceeds from installment purchase agreements entered into by the City and grant funding received in advance of expenditure for pandemic-related grants are classified as restricted investments in the respective funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the agreement was originally intended. In accordance with state law [G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4], Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purpose of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets. Customer deposits held by the City before any utility services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. All other deposits are restricted in their respective funds. These deposits are reported as liabilities to be paid from restricted assets.

| Governmental Activities | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| General Fund: | |
| Streets | \$ 3,452,010 |
| Customer deposits | 259,701 |
| Unexpended debt proceeds | 1,733,373 |
| ARPA Fund: | |
| Unexpended grant funds | 360,238 |
| Capital Projects Development Fund: | |
| Unexpended grant funds | 80,000 |
| Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corp | 9,000 |
| Total governmental activities | 5,894,322 |
| Business-type Activities | |
| Electric Fund: | |
| Customer deposits | 3,995,079 |
| Unexpended debt proceeds | 3,105,020 |
| Gas Fund: | |
| Customer deposits | 1,568,780 |
| Water Fund: | |
| Customer deposits | 671,258 |
| Sewer Fund: | |
| Customer deposits | 5,272 |
| Unexpended debt proceeds | 183,297 |
| Stormwater Fund: | |
| Customer deposits | 32,421 |
| Unexpended debt proceeds | 181,612 |
| Total business-type activities | 9,742,739 |
| Total restricted cash | \$ 15,637,061 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G. S. 105-347 and G. S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1, (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, of the levy year and assessed values as of the same date. The lien of property taxes attaches to all the taxpayer's real estate in the City as of January 1, of the year in which the property is listed and assessed. The lien of property taxes attaches to personal property of the taxpayer only when that property is seized or attached by the tax collector.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

Allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained on all types of receivables which historically experience uncollectible accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Due To/From Other Funds

Amounts reported at June 30, 2023, as due to/from other funds generally represent advances between funds. The amounts reported at year-end are not available for appropriation and are not an expendable available financial resource.

During fiscal year 2017, the City issued a special obligation bond to fund the construction of the Rocky Mount Event Center. The Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation, nonprofit entity, is a legally separate component unit that is essential for the tax credit portion of the Rocky Mount Event Center's Financing and is shown in the financial statements as a blended component. A long-term interfund advance between the general fund and Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation is shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Leases Receivable

The City's leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreements, the City may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

Deferred inflows of resources are recorded at the initiation of each lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflows of resources are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease.

Inventories

Inventories of the General fund consist primarily of expendable supplies held for consumption and are stated at cost (determined on the weighted-average basis). The costs of General fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased and are offset by a fund balance reserve in the balance sheet - governmental funds which indicates that inventories do not constitute a resource available for appropriations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Inventories of the enterprise funds consist of various items used in the maintenance of existing utility systems and expansion of new systems and are stated at the lower cost or market, cost being determined on the weighted-average basis. These items will be either expensed when consumed in the future as maintenance of existing systems or capitalized as a part of the development of new systems.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure are reported in the City's government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets of the City generally have an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Assets are stated at cost if purchased or constructed. Costs for assets acquired prior to June 30, 1981, were recorded in the capital asset records based on a physical inventory of such assets at that date with assignment of actual cost, where this was available, and estimated historical cost, where actual historical cost could not be determined. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015, are record at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. Capital assets transferred to a recipient fund are recorded at the same book value as the transferor fund.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives. Assets acquired under capital leases are amortized over the assets' estimated useful lives. Capital assets are reported in the City's basic financial statements net of accumulated depreciation.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

| | Estimated |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Description | Useful Lives |
| Land improvements | 25 years |
| Buildings | 50 years |
| Equipment | 2 to 30 years |
| Infrastructure: | |
| Streets and curbing | 75 years |
| Distribution system | 30 to 75 years |

Right-to-Use Assets

The City has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has two items that meet the criteria for deferred outflows of resources: pension deferrals and OPEB deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has the following items that meet the criterion for this category – assessments, taxes and miscellaneous receivables, prepaid taxes, and deferrals relating to pensions, OPEB and leases.

Long-term Obligations

The City has acquired equipment under installment purchase agreements. Installment purchase agreements are recorded in the applicable columns of the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The debt service requirements for long-term debt obligations are appropriated annually in the appropriate fund.

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The compensated absences policy of the City provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation with such leave being fully vested when earned. The amount of accumulated vacation leave and the salary-related payments at year-end are not expected to be materially

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

liquidated with expendable available financial resources and are reported as a liability with portions reflected as both current and non-current. The liability for accumulated vacation leave and the salary-related payments are reported in the City's government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as an expense and liability of those activities as the benefits accrue to employees. Compensated absences reported in governmental activities are liquidated in the General Fund.

No liability is recognized for accumulated sick leave as the leave is forfeited upon termination. A certain portion of the accumulated sick leave may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. This involves no obligation of the City and, therefore, no accrual has been made.

Reimbursements for Pandemic-Related Expenditures

During the 2021 fiscal year, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The City was allocated \$11,521,180 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$5,760,590 was received in June 2021, and the second equal installment was received in June 2022. The City has spent \$1,160,942 in fiscal year 2022 and \$10,000,000 for premium pay in the ARPA Fund during fiscal year 2023. The City is in the planning stage to determine how the remaining funds will be utilized.

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

| | Governmental Activities | | | Business-type Activities | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Total capital assets | \$ | 137,537,990 | \$ | 157,838,316 | | | |
| Less: capital related long-term debt | | (54,707,975) | | (11,053,000) | | | |
| Less: retainage payable | | (229,688) | | (15,852) | | | |
| Add: unexpended proceeds | | 1,733,373 | | 3,469,930 | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 84,333,700 | \$ | 150,239,394 | | | |

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendale Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid Items – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of inventory, which are not spendable resources.

Advances to other funds – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the long-term interfund advance to the Public Facilities Corporation, which is not a spendable resource.

Restricted Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Stabilization by State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Works – portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street resurfacing and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended proceeds from the vehicle fee increase in fiscal year 2016.

Restricted for Capital Outlay – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for future capital activities. This classification consists primarily of unexpended debt proceeds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance restricted for certain emergency telephone system expenditures.

Restricted for Parks and Recreation – portion of fund balance restricted for future parks and recreation expenditures.

Restricted for Economic Development – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for future economic development.

Committed Fund Balance

This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Public Service – portion of fund balance that has been committed by the City Council for activities related to Transportation projects.

Committed for General Government – ARPA – portion of fund balance that has been committed by the City Council for future projects in the ARPA Fund.

Committed for Future Capital Projects – portion of fund balance that has been committed by the Public Facilities Corporation for future capital projects related to the Event Center financing.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the City of Rocky Mount intends to use for specific purposes. The City's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. The governing body authorizes the assignment of fund balance by the approval of a budget appropriation.

Assigned for Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

Assigned for Future Capital Projects – portion of fund balance that has been assigned for future capital projects.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The General fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The City of Rocky Mount has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local funds, and City funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

The City Council adopted a fund balance policy on February 9, 2015. The City will maintain adequate fund balance in all operating funds and have a goal for each fund that will be reviewed at least annually. The level of fund balance will be determined based on anticipated future funding needs, historical trends, growth patterns, the economy and contractual obligations including bond covenants. The target level can be no less than (10) percent of annual budgeted expenditures for each operating fund. Fund balance results and targets are discussed with the City management team, the governing body, and department heads.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

| Total fund balance - General Fund | \$ 63,638,447 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Less: | |
| Inventories | 456,218 |
| Prepaid items | 2,998,745 |
| Other | 16,649,800 |
| Stabilization by state statute | 7,862,397 |
| Total available for appropriation | \$ 35,671,287 |

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers from the enterprise funds to the General fund are transfers which represent a return on the investment of the utility. The principal purpose of transfers between governmental funds is to provide the required local match for certain federal and state grants. In addition, the City may have immaterial transfers between the General fund and other funds when grant closures occur. There are sometimes transfers from the enterprise funds that represent the utility's cost share in certain capital projects.

Defined Benefit Cost-sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are due. The City's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

2. Deposits and Investments

All of the City's deposits are made by using the "Pooling Method". Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agent in the City's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2023, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$16,036,394 and a bank balance of approximately \$19,063,180. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$18,313,180 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2023, the City had \$99,511,900 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAA-m by Standard and Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service. The City has no policy regarding credit risk. The City had \$1,011,501 invested with the North Carolina Class which carried a credit rating of AAA-m by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

Total cash and investments of \$116,598,670 reported by the City include cash on hand of \$38,875 and \$261,477 held by the City in the custodial fund, Community Development and Governmental Activities Fund.

At June 30, 2023, the City had \$15,637,061 in restricted cash and investments. Of this amount, there was \$5,203,302 of unexpended debt proceeds in escrow accounts to be used to purchase equipment and construction improvements under installment purchase agreements. The City has a total of \$6,532,511 in deposits and \$440,238 in unexpended grant funding that was restricted as to use and is reported as liabilities to be paid from restricted assets. The City has Powell Bill funds in the amount of \$3,452,010 that are restricted cash according to state law. Also included is restricted cash and investments of \$9,000 for the Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the City has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities to a maximum of 36 months.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

3. Accounts Receivable and Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The receivables shown in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2023, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|--|-----------------|
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 2,634,565 |
| Planning loans | 3,624,859 |
| Miscellaneous | 645,313 |
| Customers | 217,752 |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 7,122,489 |
| Business-Type Activities: | |
| Customers: | |
| Electric | \$ 1,144,608 |
| Gas | 607,512 |
| Water | 175,000 |
| Sewer | 218,048 |
| Other | 354,473 |
| Total business-type activities | 2,499,641 |
| Total allowances for doubtful accounts | \$ 9,622,130 |

Accounts Receivable

At June 30, 2023, funds due from other governmental agencies consisted of the following:

| | | | Nonmajor | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|----|-----------|
| | General | Governmental | | | Total |
| Sales tax refund | \$ 1,506,706 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,506,706 |
| Vehicle fee | 19,335 | | - | | 19,335 |
| Local option sales tax | 3,037,063 | | - | | 3,037,063 |
| Grants receivable | 68,294 | | 1,373,283 | | 1,441,577 |
| Franchise tax | 90,000 | | - | | 90,000 |
| Other | 55,000 | | | | 55,000 |
| Total | \$ 4,776,398 | \$ | 1,373,283 | \$ | 6,149,681 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

4. Leases Receivable

For the year ended 6/30/2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Details of the City's leases receivable at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

On 05/01/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessor for the use of Tract of Land No. 12 Township. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$4,058. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$3,208. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$850. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3660%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$3,923, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$135 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 21-month lease as lessor for the use of 200-210 E Thomas Street. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$38,329. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$0. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,833. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$0, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$16,427 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 59-month lease as lessor for the use of Telecommunication Systems. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,039. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$632. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$201. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$621, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$209 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 35-month lease as lessor for the use of 4285 North Wesleyan Boulevard. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$639,194. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$217,348. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$19,181. The lease has an interest rate of 3.5000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$200,890, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$219,152 during the fiscal year.

On 07/25/2022, the City entered into a 36-month lease as lessor for the use of 209 NE Main St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$20,909. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$14,579. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$600. The lease has an interest rate of 2.1840%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$14,404, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$6,505 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessor for the use of Marigold Water Tower. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$151,280. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$91,646. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,587. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$90,769, and the City recognized lease revenue of \$30,256 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension options, each for 60 months.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 02/01/2023, the City entered into a 36-month lease as lessor for the use of 152 E. Thomas St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$19,698. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$17,082. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$550. The lease has an interest rate of 2.1840%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$16,965, and City recognized lease revenue of \$2,733 during the fiscal year.

On 11/08/2022, City entered into a 36-month lease as lessor for the use of 150 E. Thomas St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$41,106. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$36,436. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,291. The lease has an interest rate of 2.1840%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$32,238, and City recognized lease revenue of \$8,868 during the fiscal year.

On 08/01/2022, City entered into a 24-month lease as lessor for the use of 207-211 East Thomas St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$82,001. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$45,227. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,483. The lease has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$44,417, and City recognized lease revenue of \$37,584 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 21-month lease as lessor for the use of 205 NE Main Street. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$11,793. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$214. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$564. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$0, and City recognized lease revenue of \$5,054 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 21-month lease as lessor for the use of 211 NE Main Street. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$12,881. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable was \$0. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$616. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$0, and City recognized lease revenue of \$5,520 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 21-month lease as lessor for the use of 152-154 E. Thomas Street. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$18,004. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$9,069. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$861. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$0, and City recognized lease revenue of \$28 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 53-month lease as lessor for the use of 431 Marigold Street . An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$104,892. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$59,627. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,916. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$57,394, and City recognized lease revenue of \$23,749 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 51-month lease as lessor for the use of 431 Branch St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$124,468. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$68,374. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,319. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$65,895, and City recognized lease revenue of \$29,287 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension options, each for 60 months.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 107-month lease as lessor for the use of Peoples Bank Building. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$23,865. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$19,376. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$2,500. The lease has an interest rate of 1.5270%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$18,512, and City recognized lease revenue of \$2,676 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 53-month lease as lessor for the use of Burlington Water Tank. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$112,602. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$64,241. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,019. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$61,613, and City recognized lease revenue of \$25,495 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option for 120 months.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into a 21-month lease as lessor for the use of 184-188 E. Thomas St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$38,036. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease receivable was \$0. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,819. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2023 was \$0., and City recognized lease revenue of \$16,301 during the fiscal year.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

5. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

| | July 1, 2022 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 2023 | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 10,225,687 | \$ 1,170,163 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 11,395,850 | |
| Construction in progress | 799,358 | 4,847,004 | - | (365,760) | 5,280,602 | |
| Total | 11,025,045 | 6,017,167 | - | (365,760) | 16,676,452 | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 22,974,004 | 546,300 | (66,049) | 12,100 | 23,466,355 | |
| Buildings | 75,686,703 | 2,564,780 | (108,728) | 48,242 | 78,190,997 | |
| Equipment | 61,843,147 | 4,710,690 | (942,641) | 121,263 | 65,732,459 | |
| Infrastructure | 65,450,597 | - | (5,594) | 281,732 | 65,726,735 | |
| Total | 225,954,451 | 7,821,770 | (1,123,012) | 463,337 | 233,116,546 | |
| Accumulated deprecation: | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (14,068,568) | (903,093) | 48,456 | - | (14,923,205) | |
| Buildings | (27,528,156) | (1,663,187) | 71,261 | 19,079 | (29,101,003) | |
| Equipment | (50,981,177) | (2,974,640) | 923,792 | (121,263) | (53,153,288) | |
| Infrastructure | (20,521,622) | (878,194) | 1,919 | - | (21,397,897) | |
| Total | (113,099,523) | \$ (6,419,114) | \$ 1,045,428 | \$ (102,184) | (118,575,393) | |
| Capital assets | | | | | | |
| being depreciated, net | 112,854,928 | | | | 114,541,153 | |
| Lease assets, net (Note 6) | 6,818,341 | | | | 5,920,531 | |
| Subscription assets, net (Note 7) | 406,332 | | | • | 399,854 | |
| Governmental capital assets, net | \$ 131,104,646 | | | | \$ 137,537,990 | |

The assets of the internal service fund for communication services are shown in the governmental activities asset schedule.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| General government | \$ 1,129,153 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Public works | 1,821,591 |
| Public safety | 842,445 |
| Transit | 409,525 |
| Development services | 14,236 |
| Recreation | 1,802,322 |
| Internal service - comm | 380,678 |
| Business Services | 11,831 |
| Community/development | 7,333 |
| | \$ 6,419,114 |

Capital asset activity for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

| | July 1, 2022 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 2023 | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| Electric Fund: | | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 450,824 | \$ | - \$ - | \$ - | \$ 450,824 | |
| Construction in progress | 184,293 | 374,6 | 27 - | (56,487) | 502,433 | |
| Total | 635,117 | 374,6 | 27 - | (56,487) | 953,257 | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 366,697 | | | - | 366,697 | |
| Buildings | 8,258,936 | 78,2 | - 68 | 23,685 | 8,360,889 | |
| Equipment | 35,284,729 | 1,418,8 | 50 (11,570) | 155,843 | 36,847,852 | |
| Infrastructure | 48,272,267 | 344,2 | 99 - | - | 48,616,566 | |
| Total | 92,182,629 | 1,841,4 | 17 (11,570) |) 179,528 | 94,192,004 | |
| Accumulated deprecation: | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (164,625) | (12,7 | 15) - | - | (177,340) | |
| Buildings | (3,660,323) | (142,5 | 85) - | (19,079) | (3,821,987) | |
| Equipment | (23,152,986) | (1,349,3 | 73) 11,570 | (99,358) | (24,590,147) | |
| Infrastructure | (12,714,303) | (803,4 | 53) - | - | (13,517,756) | |
| Total | (39,692,237) | \$ (2,308,1 | 26) \$ 11,570 | \$ (118,437) | (42,107,230) | |
| Capital assets | | | | | | |
| being depreciated, net | 52,490,392 | _ | | | 52,084,774 | |
| Lease assets, net (Note 6) | | _ | | | 48,604 | |
| Electric Fund capital assets, net | \$ 53,125,509 | = | | | \$ 53,086,635 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | July 1, 202 | 2 | Additions | Retirements | | Transfers | June 30, 2023 | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|-------------|-------|-----------|---------------|---|
| Gas Fund: | | | _ | | | | | _ |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 191,3 | 37 \$ | - | \$ | - : | \$ - | \$ 191,337 | |
| Construction in progress | 118,0 | 00 | - | | - | (118,000) | - | |
| Total | 309,3 | 37 | - | | - | (118,000) | 191,337 | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 11,4 | 25 | - | | - | - | 11,425 | |
| Buildings | 2,243,6 | 30 | 211,918 | | - | - | 2,455,548 | |
| Equipment | 8,918,8 | 08 | 53,523 | (845 | ,482) | 142,918 | 8,269,767 | |
| Infrastructure | 20,047,8 | 94 | - | (34 | ,785) | - | 20,013,109 | |
| Total | 31,221,7 | 57 | 265,441 | (880 | ,267) | 142,918 | 30,749,849 | _ |
| Accumulated deprecation: | | | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (5,9 | 79) | (457) | | - | - | (6,436) |) |
| Buildings | (461,0 | 08) | (44,544) | | - | - | (505,552) |) |
| Equipment | (7,113,5 | 80) | (236,029) | 837 | ,962 | - | (6,511,647) |) |
| Infrastructure | (3,311,0 | 64) | (266,268) | 34 | ,785 | - | (3,542,547) |) |
| Total | (10,891,6 | 31) \$ | (547,298) | \$ 872 | ,747 | \$ - | (10,566,182) |) |
| Capital assets | | | | | | | | |
| being depreciated, net | 20,330,1 | 26 | | | | | 20,183,667 | _ |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Lease assets, net (Note 6) | | | | | | | 62,570 | _ |
| Gas Fund capital assets, net | \$ 20,639,4 | 63 | | | | | \$ 20,437,574 | _ |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | July 1, 2022 | A | Additions | _1 | Retirements | | Transfers | Jı | ine 30, 2023 |
|---|---|----|---|----|---------------------------------------|----|--|-----------------|---|
| Water Fund: | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | Φ. | | | | | 4.450.405 |
| Land | \$ 1,173,187 | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | 1,173,187 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 9,096,932 | | - | | | | | | 9,096,932 |
| Buildings | 12,511,413 | | 11,427 | | - | | - | | 12,522,840 |
| Equipment | 13,946,763 | | 142,051 | | - | | (43,352) | | 14,045,462 |
| Infrastructure | 31,501,154 | | - | | - | | - | | 31,501,154 |
| Total | 67,056,262 | | 153,478 | | - | | (43,352) | | 67,166,388 |
| Accumulated deprecation: | | | | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (9,000,283) | | (3,881) | | _ | | _ | | (9,004,164) |
| Buildings | (8,220,285) | | (219,676) | | _ | | _ | | (8,439,961) |
| Equipment | (10,459,294) | | (585,180) | | _ | | 43,351 | | (11,001,123) |
| Infrastructure | (12,654,503) | | (431,878) | | _ | | · - | | (13,086,381) |
| Total | (40,334,365) | \$ | (1,240,615) | \$ | - | \$ | 43,351 | | (41,531,629) |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets | 26 721 997 | | | | | | | | 25 (24 750 |
| being depreciated, net | 26,721,897 | | | | | | - | | 25,634,759 |
| Lease assets, net (Note 6) | | | | | | | | | 39,037 |
| Subscription assets, net (Note 7) | - | | | | | | | | 10,417 |
| Subscription assets, net (Note 7) | | | | | | | - | | 10,417 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Fund capital assets, net | \$ 27,895,084 | | | | | | | \$ | 26,857,400 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | T 1 1 2022 | | A 1 11/4" | | D. 4 | | т | | 20. 2022 |
| Sewer Fund | July 1, 2022 | i | Additions | | Retirements | | <u>Transfers</u> | Jı | une 30, 2023 |
| Sewer Fund: Capital assets not being depreciated: | July 1, 2022 | i | <u>Additions</u> | i | Retirements | • | <u>Transfers</u> | <u>Jı</u> | une 30, 2023 |
| Sewer Fund: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land | | \$ | Additions | \$ | Retirements | \$ | <u>Transfers</u> | <u>Jı</u> \$ | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | July 1, 2022 \$ 782,025 290,195 | | Additions - - | • | _ | • | | | 782,025 100,599 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land | \$ 782,025 | | - | • | | • | | | 782,025 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total | \$ 782,025 290,195 | | - | • | - - | • | - (189,596) | | 782,025 100,599 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 | | - | • | - - | • | (189,596) (189,596) | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 | | - | • | - - | • | - (189,596) | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 | | - | • | - - | • | (189,596) (189,596) | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 | | - - - - | • | (73,334) | • | (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 | | - - - 731,464 | • | - - - - | • | (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 | | - - - 731,464 245,000 | • | (73,334) | • | (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 | \$ | (73,334) | • | (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 | \$ | - - - 731,464 245,000 | \$ | (73,334) | • | (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) | \$ | (73,334) | • | (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (2,134,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) (13,259,450) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) (506,590) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) - (73,334) | \$ | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (2,134,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) (13,766,040) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) | • | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (2,134,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Total | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) (13,259,450) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) (506,590) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) - (73,334) | \$ | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (2,134,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) (13,766,040) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Capital assets | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) (13,259,450) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) (506,590) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) - (73,334) | \$ | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (2,134,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) (13,766,040) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Total | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) (13,259,450) (51,610,014) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) (506,590) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) - (73,334) | \$ | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (21,34,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) (13,766,040) (53,727,541) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Capital assets | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) (13,259,450) (51,610,014) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) (506,590) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) - (73,334) | \$ | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (21,34,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) (13,766,040) (53,727,541) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital assets being depreciated, net | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) (13,259,450) (51,610,014) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) (506,590) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) - (73,334) | \$ | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (21,134,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) (13,766,040) (53,727,541) 50,180,547 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated deprecation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital assets being depreciated, net | \$ 782,025 290,195 1,072,220 2,199,671 40,272,189 22,279,376 38,033,973 102,785,209 (2,131,969) (21,102,538) (15,116,057) (13,259,450) (51,610,014) | \$ | 731,464 245,000 976,464 (2,429) (705,430) (943,369) (506,590) | \$ | (73,334) (73,334) - (73,334) | \$ | (189,596) (189,596) (189,596) 62,870 - 30,153 126,726 219,749 | | 782,025 100,599 882,624 2,262,541 40,272,189 22,967,659 38,405,699 103,908,088 (21,134,398) (21,807,968) (16,019,135) (13,766,040) (53,727,541) 50,180,547 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | July 1, 2022 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 2022 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Stormwater Fund: | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Land | 758,786 | 72,805 | - | - | 831,591 |
| Construction in progress | 471,391 | 542,194 | - | - | 1,013,585 |
| Total | 1,230,177 | 614,999 | - | - | 1,845,176 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 182,855 | - | - | - | 182,855 |
| Buildings | 65,000 | - | - | - | 65,000 |
| Equipment | 4,612,881 | 394,134 | - | - | 5,007,015 |
| Infrastructure | 3,768,085 | 51,125 | - | - | 3,819,210 |
| Total | 8,628,821 | 445,259 | - | - | 9,074,080 |
| Accumulated deprecation: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (65,198) | (7,314) | - | - | (72,512) |
| Buildings | (18,308) | (1,340) | 40 | - | (19,608) |
| Equipment | (3,668,076) | (271,731) | - | - | (3,939,807) |
| Infrastructure | (441,484) | (52,972) | 4 | - | (494,452) |
| Total | (4,193,066) \$ | (333,357) | \$ 44 | \$ - | (4,526,379) |
| Capital assets | | | | | |
| being depreciated, net | 4,435,755 | | | | 4,547,701 |
| | | | | | |
| Stormwater Fund | | | | | |
| capital assets, net | \$ 5,665,932 | | | | \$ 6,392,877 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

6. Lease Assets

The City is the lessee for noncancellable leases of buildings, equipment, and furniture. The City recognizes lease liabilities and an intangible right to use the lease assets (right-to-use assets) in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. The lease liabilities are discussed in Note 11, Long-term Obligations, Lease Liabilities. The right-to-use assets are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Lease asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

| | Jı | ıly 1, 2022, | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----|--------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| | | restated | | Additions | | Retirements | | ne 30, 2023 |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Lease assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 4,794,759 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,794,759 |
| Equipment | | 3,334,129 | | 97,605 | | (7,698) | | 3,424,036 |
| Vehicles | | - | | 378,386 | | - | | 378,386 |
| Furniture | | 1,125 | | - | | - | | 1,125 |
| Total | | 8,130,013 | | 475,991 | | (7,698) | | 8,598,306 |
| Accumulated amortization: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | (652,036) | | (688,657) | | - | | (1,340,693) |
| Equipment | | (659,367) | | (678,758) | | 7,698 | | (1,330,427) |
| Vehicles | | - | | (6,116) | | - | | (6,116) |
| Furniture | | (269) | | (270) | | - | | (539) |
| Total | | (1,311,672) | \$ | (1,373,801) | \$ | 7,698 | | (2,677,775) |
| Lease assets, net | \$ | 6,818,341 | | | | | \$ | 5,920,531 |

Lease asset activity for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

| | July 1, 2022 | | Additions | | Retirements | | June 30, 2023 | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---|-----------|-------|-------------|---|---------------|-------|
| Sewer Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| Lease assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$ | - | \$ | 1,242 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,242 |
| Total | | - | | 1,242 | | - | | 1,242 |
| Accumulated amortization: | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | | - | | (583) | | - | | (583) |
| Total | | - | \$ | (583) | \$ | | | (583) |
| Lease assets, net | \$ | - | _ | | | | \$ | 659 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | <u>July 1, 2</u> | 2022 | A | dditions | Retirements | June | e 30, 2023 |
|---------------------------|------------------|------|----|----------|-------------|------|------------|
| Gas Fund: | | | | | | | |
| Lease assets: | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$ | _ | \$ | 63,381 | \$ - | \$ | 63,381 |
| Total | | - | | 63,381 | - | | 63,381 |
| Accumulated amortization: | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | | - | | (811) | - | | (811) |
| Total | | - | \$ | (811) | \$ - | | (811) |
| Lease assets, net | \$ | - | 1 | | | \$ | 62,570 |
| | <u>July 1, 2</u> | 2022 | A | dditions | Retirements | June | e 30, 2023 |
| Water Fund: | | | | | | | |
| Lease assets: | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$ | - | \$ | 41,136 | \$ - | \$ | 41,136 |
| Total | | - | | 41,136 | - | | 41,136 |
| Accumulated amortization: | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | | - | | (2,099) | - | | (2,099) |
| Total | | - | \$ | (2,099) | \$ - | - | (2,099) |
| Lease assets, net | \$ | - | į | | | \$ | 39,037 |
| | July 1, 2 | 2022 | A | lditions | Retirements | June | e 30, 2023 |
| Electric Fund: | | | | | | | |
| Lease assets: | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$ | - | \$ | 50,577 | \$ - | \$ | 50,577 |
| Total | | - | | 50,577 | - | | 50,577 |
| Accumulated amortization: | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | | - | | (1,973) | - | | (1,973) |
| Total | | - | \$ | (1,973) | \$ - | - | (1,973) |
| Lease assets, net | \$ | - | : | | | \$ | 48,604 |

7. Subscription Assets

The City has recorded several subscription assets. The assets are right-to-use a subscription-based Information Technology arrangement (SBITAs). The related liabilities and arrangements are discussed in the subscription liabilities subsection of the Note 12. The subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related subscriptions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Subscription asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

| • | <u> </u> | Additions | Retiren | <u>ients</u> | <u>Jui</u> | ne 30, 2023 |
|---------------|----------|-----------|---|--|---|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| \$ 406,332 | \$ | 261,108 | \$ | - | \$ | 667,440 |
| 406,332 | | 261,108 | | - | | 667,440 |
| | | | | | | |
| - | | (267,586) | | - | | (267,586) |
| - | \$ | (267,586) | \$ | - | | (267,586) |
| \$ 406,332 | | | | | \$ | 399,854 |
| | 406,332 | ** | restated Additions \$ 406,332 \$ 261,108 406,332 261,108 - (267,586) - \$ (267,586) | restated Additions Retiren \$ 406,332 \$ 261,108 \$ 406,332 - (267,586) - (267,586) \$ (267,586) | restated Additions Retirements \$ 406,332 \$ 261,108 \$ - 406,332 261,108 - - (267,586) - - \$ (267,586) \$ - | restated Additions Retirements Jun \$ 406,332 \$ 261,108 \$ - \$ 406,332 261,108 - - - (267,586) - - - \$ (267,586) \$ - - |

Subscription asset activity for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

| Water Fund: | July 1, <u>resta</u> | | <u>A</u> 0 | dditions | Retirements | <u>Jun</u> | e 30, 2023 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------|----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Subscription assets: | | | | | | | |
| Software | \$ | - | \$ | 12,741 | \$ - | - \$ | 12,741 |
| Total | | - | | 12,741 | - | - | 12,741 |
| Accumulated amortization: | | | | | | | |
| Software | | - | | (2,324) | <u>-</u> | • | (2,324) |
| Total | | - | \$ | (2,324) | \$ - | | (2,324) |
| Subscription assets, net | \$ | - | | | | \$ | 10,417 |

8. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

| | vernmental Activities | siness-type Activities | Total |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Accounts and vouchers | \$ 2,729,399 | \$ 6,433,767 | \$ 10,467,667 |
| Claims incurred but not reported | 759,977 | - | 501,862 |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | 2,513,185 | 315,677 | 4,397,785 |
| Total | \$ 6,002,561 | \$ 6,749,444 | \$ 15,367,314 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

9. Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G. S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The state's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarily determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 13.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.15% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$6,707,395 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Refunds of Contributions. City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$34,888,283 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability which was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 (measurement date), the City's proportion was 0.61843%, which was a decrease of .04972% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$9,474,637. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | eferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 1,503,304 | \$ 147,390 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 3,481,068 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | |
| on pension plan investments | | 11,530,943 | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | - | 885,545 |
| City contributions made subsequent to measurement date | | 6,707,395 | - |
| | \$ | 23,222,710 | \$ 1,032,935 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

\$6,707,395 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ending June 30: | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 2024 | \$ 4,780,955 |
| 2025 | 4,162,257 |
| 2026 | 1,045,612 |
| 2027 | 5,493,556 |
| Total | \$ 15,482,380 |

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Fixed income | 33.0% | 1.1% |
| Global equity | 38.0% | 6.5% |
| Real estate | 8.0% | 5.9% |
| Alternatives | 8.0% | 7.5% |
| Opportunistic fixed income | 7.0% | 5.0% |
| Inflation sensitive | 6.0% | 2.7% |
| | 100.0% | |

The information in the preceding table is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset liability and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

| | 19 | % Decrease (5.50%) | D | iscount Rate (6.50%) | | 1% Increase (7.50%) |
|-----------------------------------|----|--------------------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------------|
| City's proportionate share of the | ¢. | (2.0(0.050 | ¢. | 24 000 202 | ¢. | 11 740 250 |
| net pension liability (asset) | \$ | 62,968,858 | \$ | 34,888,283 | \$ | 11,748,259 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ACFR for the State of North Carolina.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The City administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A stand-alone financial report is not issued for this plan.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

| Retirees receiving benefits | 26 |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Active plan members | 137 |
| Total | 163 |

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2021 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement: (a) inflation is assumed to be 2.5 percent, (b) salary increases are 3.25 percent to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor; and (c) a discount rate of 4.31 percent. The discount rate used to measure the liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97 percent and set forward by one year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are set back three years for all ages.

Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are set forward three years. Rates for female members are set forward one year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Contributions. The City is required by Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$573,616 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a total pension liability of \$8,685,853. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, based on a December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,004,036.

| | of Resources | | of Resources | | |
|--|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 748,194 | \$ | 5,596 | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 1,303,376 | | 1,483,037 | |
| City contributions and plan administrative expense | | | | | |
| made subsequent to measurement date | | 328,401 | | - | |
| | \$ | 2,379,971 | \$ | 1,488,633 | |

Defermed Outflows

Deferred Inflower

\$328,401 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows on the next page:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| Year ending June 30: | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| 2024 | \$ 312,188 |
| 2025 | 322,215 |
| 2026 | 277,083 |
| 2027 | (141,580) |
| 2028 | (206,969) |
| | \$ 562,937 |

Sensitivity of the City's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.31 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (5.31 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (3.31%) | | Discount Rate (4.31%) | | 1% Increase (5.31%) | |
|---|---------------------|----|-----------------------|----|------------------------|--|
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 9,387,873 | \$ | 8,685,853 | \$ | 8,047,690 | |

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

| Beginning balance | \$ 10,163,709 |
|--|------------------|
| Service cost | 401,492 |
| Interest on total pension liability | 222,230 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | |
| in the measurement of the total pension liability | (6,764) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | (1,521,198) |
| Benefit payments | (573,616) |
| Ending balance of the total pension liability | \$ 8,685,853 |

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

Plan Description. All full-time employees of the City participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a multiple employer, defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. Participation begins at the date of employment for law enforcement officers, all other employees have a one year waiting period before participation. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. All amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, all employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The state's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G. S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of covered payroll for law enforcement officers. The City makes a similar contribution for all other full-time employees equal to 3% of the employees' salary. The City's contributions were calculated using a covered payroll amount of \$8,948,841 for employees engaged in law enforcement and \$46,049,315 for all other full-time employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$1,696,579 which consisted of \$532,372 for employees engaged in law enforcement and \$1,164,207 for all other employees. Voluntary contributions made by all City employees totaled \$1,089,166. No amounts were forfeited.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

| | LGERS | LEOSSA | Total |
|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Pension expense | \$ 9,474,637 | \$ 1,004,036 | \$ 10,478,673 |
| Pension liability | 34,888,283 | 8,685,853 | 43,574,136 |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability | 0.61843% | n/a | - |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 1,503,304 | \$ 748,194 | 2,251,498 |
| Changes of assumptions | 3,481,068 | 1,303,376 | 4,784,444 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | |
| on pension plan investments | 11,530,943 | - | 11,530,943 |
| Contributions/benefit payments and administrative costs | | | |
| paid subsequent to measurement date | 6,707,395 | 328,401 | 7,035,796 |
| | \$ 23,222,710 | \$ 2,379,971 | \$ 25,602,681 |
| Deferrred Inflows of Resources: | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 147,390 | \$ 5,596 | 152,986 |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 1,483,037 | 1,483,037 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 885,545 | - | 885,545 |
| | \$ 1,032,935 | \$ 1,488,633 | \$ 2,521,568 |

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description. The City (by local ordinance) administers a single employer defined benefit plan which provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and meet the following criteria. The City pays for coverage of health insurance for service retirees with a minimum of thirty years of creditable service with the City. In addition, the City pays a portion of the coverage for these benefits for retirees with less than thirty years of creditable service with the City. Service retirees will cease to be eligible for group health insurance at age 65 or eligibility for Medicare. For a disability retiree to be covered under the health plan, the retiree must have at least fifteen years of creditable service with the City and the retirement must be due to a medical condition, which is subject to review by the North Carolina Medical Review Board. Disability retiree will cease to be eligible for group health insurance benefit after two years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

of retirement or eligibility for Medicare. Retirees who do not meet the above criteria have the option to purchase basic medical insurance for themselves and their dependents through the City for eighteen months for which the entire cost is borne by the retirees. The City maintains health care coverage through a combination of self-insurance and private insurers (see Risk Management Note). The City Council may amend benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Membership of the post-employment health benefit plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

| Retirees and dependents receiving benefits | 182 |
|--|-----|
| Active plan members | 799 |
| Total | 981 |

Funding Policy. The City agrees to provide medical insurance to certain retired employees who meet the criteria as per above plan description as an extended benefit. Eligible retirees who elect this coverage will be enrolled in the group health plan. Service retirees will cease to be eligible for group health insurance at age 65 or Medicare. Disability retirees will receive coverage for twenty-four months or until eligible for Medicare, whichever comes first. For members who retire with at least 30 years of service, the City pays \$615.51, the cost for pre-65 health care coverage for the retiree. The City pays 75% of \$615.51 for 20-29 years of service with the City, and 50% for 15-19 years of service with the City. Years of service are considered years of creditable service with the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System. To qualify for premium supplement, retirees must have at least 15 years of service with the City and retire under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System. Both service retiree and disability retiree will be responsible for paying the cost of dependent coverage if dependent coverage is elected. The City has chosen to fund healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis. The City's obligation to contribute to the post-retirement benefit plan is established and may be amended by the City Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Benefit expenditures are made from the proprietary funds, which are reported on the full accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$44,727,549 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date using standard actuarial procedures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

| Inflation | 2.50% |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Real wage growth | 0.75% |
| Wage inflation | 3.25% |
| Salary increases, including | |
| wage inflation: | |
| General employees | 3.25%-8.41% |
| Firefighters | 3.25%-8.15% |
| Law enforcement officers | 3.25%-7.90% |
| Municipal bond index rate: | |
| Prior measurement date | 2.16% |
| Measurement date | 3.54% |
| Healthcare cost trends: | |
| Pre-Medicare | 7.0% for 2021 decreasing to an |
| | 1.1 |

ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2031

The City selected a municipal bond index rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer, and the municipal bond index rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability.

| Beginning balance | \$ 50,418,123 |
|--|------------------|
| Service cost | 1,898,159 |
| Interest on total OPEB liability and cash flow | 1,111,187 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | |
| in the measurement of the total OPEB liability | (445,051) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | (6,500,633) |
| Benefit payments | (1,754,236) |
| Ending balance of the total OPEB liability | \$ 44,727,549 |
| | |

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54 percent).

| | 1% Г | 1% Decrease | | Discount Rate | | 1% Increase |
|----------------------|------|-------------|----|---------------|----|-------------|
| | (2. | 54%) | | (3.54%) | | (4.54%) |
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 4 | 9,329,751 | \$ | 44,727,549 | \$ | 40,649,564 |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following present the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | 10 | 1% Decrease | | Current | | 1% Increase | |
|----------------------|----|-------------|----|------------|----|-------------|--|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 39,614,874 | \$ | 44,727,549 | \$ | 50,778,029 | |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,558,999. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 674,814 | \$ | 3,523,926 | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 7,965,487 | | 6,572,954 | | |
| City contributions and plan administrative expense | | | | | | |
| made subsequent to measurement date | | 2,755,328 | | <u>-</u> | | |
| | \$ | 11,395,629 | \$ | 10,096,880 | | |

\$2,755,328 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ending June 30: | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| 2024 | \$ (458,690) |
| 2025 | (365,384) |
| 2026 | (155,344) |
| 2027 | 101,840 |
| 2028 | 411,710 |
| Thereafter | (990,711) |
| Total | \$ (1,456,579) |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Other Employment Benefits

The City has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System, a multiple employer, stateadministered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the Death Benefit Plan, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the Death Benefit Plan at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payrolls, based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the City, the City does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City made contributions to the state for death benefits of \$37,077. The City's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented .04% and 0.14% of covered payroll, respectively. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401. The plan, available to all full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

The City contributed a total of \$1,696,579 to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2023.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The balance of deferred outflows of resources is composed of the following elements:

| | Fund- Level | | | Government- Wide | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|---|----|---------------------|--|--|
| Pension deferrals - LGERS | \$ | - | \$ | 23,222,710 | | |
| Pension deferrals - LEOSSA | | - | | 2,379,971 | | |
| OPEB deferrals | | - | | 11,395,629 | | |
| Total | \$ | - | \$ | 36,998,310 | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The balance of deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements and in the government-wide financials at year-end is composed of the following elements:

| | Fund- Level | | Government- Wide | |
|---|----------------|------------|---------------------|------------|
| Taxes receivable (General Fund) | \$ | 1,084,584 | \$ | - |
| Accounts receivable (General Fund) | | 6,190,657 | | - |
| Assessments (General Fund) | | 5,015,942 | | - |
| Acounts receivable (other governmental funds) | | 4,841 | | - |
| Prepaid taxes (General Fund) | | 88,504 | | 88,504 |
| Lease deferrals | | 136,236 | | 613,415 |
| Pension deferrals - LGERS | | - | | 1,032,935 |
| Pension deferrals - LEOSSA | | - | | 1,488,633 |
| OPEB deferrals | | - | | 10,096,880 |
| Total | \$ | 12,520,764 | \$ | 13,320,367 |

11. Commitments

Purchases - The City is a member of the North Carolina Eastern Municipal Power Agency (the "Agency"). Under the contracts executed by the City with the Agency, the Agency became the "Full Requirements Bulk Power Supply" electrical power supplier to the City. The City is obligated to pay for this power at rates set by the Agency and to set rates at a level such that sufficient electrical revenue is generated to meet obligations to the Agency. The Agency has a "Full Requirements Power Purchase Agreement" with Duke Energy Progress (DEP) where the Agency will purchase from DEP and DEP will sell to the Agency firm capacity and energy in amounts required by the agency to serve the current and future electrical loads of its Members.

Construction Commitments – As of June 30, 2023, the City has outstanding contractual commitments related to ongoing construction projects in the amount of approximately \$892,000. These amounts relate to future work on contracts that have been executed and this amount will not be shown as a liability in the financial statements until the related work has been completed.

12. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City protects itself from potential loss through a combination of purchases of commercial insurance for primary and/or excess coverage and self-insured retention.

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation benefits, employers' liability, general liability, public officials/errors and omissions liability, law enforcement liability, direct damage, sexual misconduct and City vehicle damage. The Workers' Compensation Plan is administered by the City's Human Resources Department with assistance from a risk management consultant. Property insurance claims are administered by a third-party administrator with the exception of claims below \$10,000 which are handled by the City. All bodily injury claims are administered by a third-party administrator.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The City has purchased insurance to cover individual claims exceeding the following amounts:

| Line Coverage | City's Net Retention |
|---|----------------------|
| Worker's compensation and employer's liability | \$650,000 |
| Property damage | 100,000 |
| General liability | 50,000 |
| Public entity management liability, law enforcement | 100,000 |
| liability, and flood and earthquake | |
| Auto liability and physical damage | 50,000 |

In addition, the City maintains insurance coverage for excess direct damage and umbrella liability. The City has not had a significant reduction in insurance coverage as compared to prior year coverage for any categories of risk and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The City carries multiple flood insurance policies subject to a maximum limit of \$500,000 per building and \$500,000 for contents.

The City currently reports its risk management activities and insurance costs in the operating funds to which such expenses apply. Claims expenditures falling within the retention coverages are generally reported when amounts are paid or, in the event of significant losses, when such amounts are probable, and the amounts can be determined. The City has recorded an accrual totaling \$705,159 for estimated claims which will be covered under self-insurance retention. The self-insurance total of \$759,977 is for the estimated liability related to general property and workers compensation claims.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The tax collector is bonded for \$50,000 and the finance officer was bonded for \$250,000 for fiscal year 2023. It is noted, however, that the City's finance officer should have been bonded for \$1,000,000 based on the City's annual budgeted funds and as such, the City was not in compliance with G.S. 159-29 as it relates to the finance officer's bond amount for the fiscal year under audit.

Changes in the reported liability for possible claims and judgments during fiscal years 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Possible Claims and Judgments | | |
| Balance, beginning | \$ 501,862 | \$ 114,795 |
| Current year claims and changes in estimates | 1,184,297 | 1,298,940 |
| Claims payments | (926, 182) | (911,873) |
| Balance, ending | \$ 759,977 | \$ 501,862 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

13. Long-term Obligations

Lease Liabilities

For the year ended 6/30/2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. For additional information on the right-to-use lease assets refer to Note 6, Right-to-Use Lease Assets. Details of the City's leases liabilities at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 58-month lease as lessee for the use of Equipment - Cameras. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,468,344. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$1,604,829. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$402,927. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$2,468,344 with accumulated amortization of \$1,006,347.

On 04/20/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26RPCZ. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$39,048. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$37,519. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$840. The lease has an interest rate of 7.31%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$50,577 with accumulated amortization of \$1,983.

On 03/29/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26RPBS. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$34,579. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$32,875. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$754. The lease has an interest rate of 7.26%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$41.136 with accumulated amortization of \$2,100.

On 10/28/2021, the City entered into a 48-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - IRADVDXC257IF. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$10,656. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$6,262. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$226. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$10,654 with accumulated amortization of \$4,461.

On 06/27/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26TVXR. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$29,650. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$29,562. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$660. The lease has an interest rate of 7.82%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$30,915.72 with accumulated amortization of \$69.

On 06/06/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26W5JD. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$27,215. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$26,716. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$600. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$28,238 with accumulated amortization of \$387.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 06/06/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26W57K. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$27,216. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$26,716. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$600. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$28,238 with accumulated amortization of \$37.

On 06/22/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26T28K. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$35,644. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$35,430. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$712. The lease has an interest rate of 7.82%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$36,812 with accumulated amortization of \$183.

On 06/06/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26W574. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$27,216. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$26,716. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$600. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$28,238 with accumulated amortization of \$387.

On 06/27/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26TVXZ. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$32,840. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$32,752. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$658. The lease has an interest rate of 7.82%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$34,507 with accumulated amortization of \$77.

On 06/16/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26TVXV. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$34,241. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$33,902. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$678. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$35,537 with accumulated amortization of \$294.

On 06/14/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26TVXL. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$30,236. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$29,860. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$663. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$31,363 with accumulated amortization of \$293.

On 06/08/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26TVXB. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$30,554. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$30,042. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$668. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$31,691 with accumulated amortization of \$400.

On 06/08/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26TVWV. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$30,55. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$30,042. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$668. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$31,691 with accumulated amortization of \$400.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 06/08/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26TNCF. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$30,554. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$30,042. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$668. The lease has an interest rate of 7.54%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$31,691 with accumulated amortization of \$400.

On 04/20/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26RPD4. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$38,315. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$36,814. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$826. The lease has an interest rate of 7.31%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$46,423 with accumulated amortization of \$1,820.

On 04/20/2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Enterprise - Unit 26RPD6. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$38,315. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$36,814. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$826. The lease has an interest rate of 7.31%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$46.423 with accumulated amortization of \$1,820.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 25-month lease as lessee for the use of J & M Executive Leasing. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,242. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$675. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$49. The lease has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$1,242 with accumulated amortization of \$583.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 59-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Image Runner IRA. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,082. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$1,846. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$54. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$3,082 with accumulated amortization of \$1,254.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 47-month lease as lessee for the use of Pitney Bowes Equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$41,259. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$22,148. The City is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$2,799. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$41,259 with accumulated amortization of \$20,730.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 48-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon ImageRUNNER ADVANCE C5560i Ill. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$6,665. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$3,360. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$141. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$6,665 with accumulated amortization of \$3,332.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 52-month lease as lessee for the use of Savin & Kyocera Equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$30,035.25. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$16,305. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$589. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$30,035 with accumulated amortization of \$13,854.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 28-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon ir A 4535i II. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,637. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$522. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$131. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$3,637 with accumulated amortization of \$3,118.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 48-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon IRADVC5560IV3. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$6,665. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$3,422. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$141. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$6,665 with accumulated amortization of \$3,332.

On 06/01/2022, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of 132 SW Main Street. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$199,754. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$157,760. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,480. The lease has an interest rate of 1.8170%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$199,754 with accumulated amortization of \$43,280. City has 2 extension options, each for 12 months.

On 08/24/2022, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copiers (12)-Contract # 637027-7. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$74,500. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$64,880. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,364. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3660%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$74,500 with accumulated amortization of \$12,706.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 36-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - IR AC 5235. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,112. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$1,045. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$87. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7270%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$3,112 with accumulated amortization of \$2,031.

On 12/01/2022, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copiers (4) Contract # 637027-8. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$23,105. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$20,552. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$402. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3660%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$23,105 with accumulated amortization of \$2,694.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 24-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - Cashiering. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,252. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$0. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$94. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$2,252 with accumulated amortization of \$2,174.

On 11/25/2021, the City entered into a 48-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - IRADVDXC3835I. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$38,457. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$23,096. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$835. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0270%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$38,457 with accumulated amortization of \$15,383.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 50-month lease as lessee for the use of Pitney Bowes - Furniture. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,125. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$637. The City is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$72. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$1,125 with accumulated amortization of \$539.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 58-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon - IRA DX 3571F. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,030. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$1,794. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$54. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$3,030 with accumulated amortization of \$1,239.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 24-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - IRADVC550IV3. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,816. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$18. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$160. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5140%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$0.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 56-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon IRADXC357IF. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,928. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$1,690. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$54. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. T The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$2,928 with accumulated amortization of \$1,243.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 32-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - JRA07249. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,535. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$638. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$80. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7270%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$2,535 with accumulated amortization of \$1,866.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 36-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - IRC256IF III. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,781. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$605. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$50. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7270%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$1,781 with accumulated amortization of \$1,187.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 46-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - IRADVDXC5740I . An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,941. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$4,314. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$199. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$8,941 with accumulated amortization of \$4,575.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 46-month lease as lessee for the use of Canon Copier - IRADVDXC57351. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,489. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$4,093. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$188. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$8,489 with accumulated amortization of \$4,429.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 123-month lease as lessee for the use of Sports Equipment - Evt Ctr. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$396,876.62. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$323,945. The City is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$10,500. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6040%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$396,877 with accumulated amortization of \$76,939.

On 07/01/2021, the City entered into a 46-month lease as lessee for the use of Event Equipment - Evt Ctr. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$287,689. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$91,036. The City is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$25,000. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$287,689 with accumulated amortization of \$147,533.

On 07/01/2021, City entered into an 85-month lease as lessee for the use of 285 NE Main Street. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$4,595,006. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the lease liability is \$4,301,460. The City is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$51,250. The lease has an interest rate of 1.3750%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$4,595,006 with accumulated amortization of \$1,297,413. City has 2 extension options, each for 60-months.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 2024 | \$ 941,491 | \$ 109,061 | \$ 1,050,552 |
| 2025 | 1,386,280 | 93,939 | 1,480,219 |
| 2026 | 1,885,937 | 68,472 | 1,954,409 |
| 2027 | 1,331,359 | 39,345 | 1,370,704 |
| 2028 | 1,321,036 | 16,034 | 1,337,070 |
| 2029 - 2032 | 138,571 | 3,756 | 142,327 |
| Total | \$ 7,004,674 | \$ 330,607 | \$ 7,335,281 |

Business-type Activities

| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 2024 | \$ 24,686 | \$ 8,804 | \$ 33,490 |
| 2025 | 24,856 | 7,123 | 31,979 |
| 2026 | 26,655 | 5,227 | 31,882 |
| 2027 | 28,695 | 3,187 | 31,882 |
| 2028 | 27,286 | 1,007 | 28,293 |
| Total | \$ 132,178 | \$ 25,348 | \$ 157,526 |

Subscription Liabilities

For the year ended 6/30/2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. For additional information on the subscription assets refer to Note 7, Subscription Assets. Details of the City's subscription liabilities at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 29-month subscription for the use of Cynamics - Technology Services. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$16,487. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$8,233. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$8,400. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$16,487 with accumulated amortization of \$6,760.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 22-month subscription for the use of Building Blocks - Opportunity Space. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,851. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$19,200. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0237%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$24,251 with accumulated amortization of \$12,671.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 29-month subscription for the use of Cynamics - Energy Resources (Scatta). An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,243.45. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$4,117. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$4,200. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$8,243 with accumulated amortization of \$3,380.

On 03/31/2023, the City entered into a 24-month subscription for the use of Solarwinds. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$7,852.91. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$3,881. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$3,991. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.8440%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$7,853 with accumulated amortization of \$1,034. City has 1 extension option for 12 months.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 33-month subscription for the use of Applications International Corp - Technology Services. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$87,343. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$58,089.83. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$30,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.1843%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$89,843 with accumulated amortization of \$32,506.

On 01/01/2023, the City entered into a 24-month subscription for the use of DebtBook. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$34,473. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$19,473. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$15,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.7070%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$37,473 with accumulated amortization of \$9,368.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of Site Industries - Technology Services. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$83,239. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$41,220. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$42,120. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.1843%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$111,239 with accumulated amortization of \$37,080 City has 2 extension options, each for 12 months.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 22-month subscription for the use of MCNC - Technology Services. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$24,874. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$12,321. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$12,570. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0237%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$26,374 with accumulated amortization of \$14,129.

On 02/23/2023, the City entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of Trillium Solutions Inc-Public Works. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$23,531. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$15,481. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$8,050. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.6560%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$23,531 with accumulated amortization of \$2,789.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 21-month subscription for the use of Medical Priority Consultants - Police. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,266. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$8,400. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$8,266. with accumulated amortization of \$4,592.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 29-month subscription for the use of Cynamics - Energy Resources. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$16,487. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$8,233. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$8,400. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$16,487 with accumulated amortization of \$6,760.

On 12/14/2022, the City entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of SwiftComply Cloud. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$12,741. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$8,366. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$4,375. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.2380%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$12,741 with accumulated amortization of \$2,324.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 20-month subscription for the use of ESRI - Technology Services. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$5,935. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,940. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$3,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$19,435 with accumulated amortization of \$11,340.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 22-month subscription for the use of Cornerstone Ondemand - Technology Services. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$28,988. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$29,500. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$28,988 with accumulated amortization of \$15,483 City has 1 extension option for 12 months.

On 07/01/2022, the City entered into a 13-month subscription for the use of MobilePD -Technology Services. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$56,719. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$56,800. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.7103%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$56,719 with accumulated amortization of \$52,356.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 12/07/2022, the City entered into a 23-month subscription for the use of Fusus Inc - Police. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$192,251. As of 06/30/2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$127,251. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$65,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0237%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of 06/30/2023 of \$192,251 with accumulated amortization of \$57,338.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum subscription payments as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

| | 00,01,11110 | | | • | |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|-------------------|---------|---------------|
| Year Ending June 30 | Princ | ipal | <u>Ir</u> | nterest | Total |
| 2024 | \$ 20 | 00,328 | \$ | 5,403 | \$ 205,731 |
| 2025 | 10 | 00,912 | | 2,139 | 103,051 |
| Total | \$ 30 | 01,240 | \$ | 7,542 | \$ 308,782 |
| Year Ending June 30 | Business-t rincipal | ype Ac | tivities Inter | | Total |
| 2024 | \$ 4,117 | \$ | | 271 | \$ 4,388 |
| 2025 | 4,249 | | | 138 | 4,387 |
| Total | \$ 8,366 | \$ | | 409 | \$ 8,775 |

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Long-term debt obligations of the City at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

| | Serviced By: | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------|----|---------------------------|--|
| | | vernmental Activities | | siness-type Activities | |
| Direct Placement Installment Purchases: Improvements; due in monthly installments of \$24,167 plus interest; maturing June 2028; interest at 3.20% | \$ | 278,500 | \$ | 1,171,500 | |
| Building; due in monthly installments of \$53,889 plus interest; maturing June 2028; interest at 2.55% | | 3,233,333 | | - | |
| Improvements; due in monthly installments of \$14,119 plus interst; maturing May 2024; interest at 2.36% | | 155,305 | | - | |
| Improvements; due in monthly installments of \$21,017 plus interest; maturing May 2024; interest at 2.96% | | - | | 231,186 | |
| Improvements; due in monthly installments of \$23,083; maturing June 2025; interest at 2.07% | | 442,000 | | 112,000 | |
| Equipment; due in monthly installments of \$26,722; maturing April 2025; interest at 1.793% | | 294,311 | | 283,581 | |
| Equipment; due in monthly installments of \$76,592; maturing May 2026; interest at 0.762% | | - | | 2,500,476 | |
| Equipment; due in monthly installments of \$21,626; maturing April 2024; interest at 2.4131% | | 99,113 | | 114,771 | |
| Equipment; due in annual installments of \$140,288; maturing April 2025; interest at 3.150% | | 267,675 | | - | |
| Equipment; due in monthly installments of \$55,665; maturing November 2026; interest at 1.1705% | | 1,127,191 | | 1,108,966 | |
| Equipment; due in monthly installments of \$95,355; maturing April 2025; interest at 1.793% | | 2,341,615 | | 2,307,166 | |
| Improvements; due in monthly installments of \$31,543; maturing June 2033; interest at 3.935% | | 3,124,999 | | | |
| Total direct placement installment purchases | \$ | 11,364,044 | \$ | 7,829,646 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$1,450,000 with \$278,500 related to governmental activities and \$1,171,500 related to business-type activities is secured with collateral of the fire station at 9914 NC Hwy 4. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the bank may proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$3,233,333 related to governmental activities is secured with collateral of the Imperial Center at 270 Gay Street. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the bank may proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding notes from direct placement of \$155,305 related to governmental activities and \$231,186 related to business-type activities are secured with collateral of the Judicial Center at 305 Cokey Road. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the bank may proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$554,000 with \$442,000 related to governmental activities and \$112,000 related to business-type activities are secured with collateral of the South Rocky Mount Community Center at 719 Recreation Drive. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the bank may proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$577,892 with \$294,311 related to governmental activities and \$283,581 related to business-type activities is secured by the various pieces of equipment financed. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately and the interest rate would increase to 12% per annum, (2) the escrow agent may return proceeds to the bank, (3) termination of any leases to all equipment, and/or (4) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$2,500,476 related to business-type activities is secured by the various pieces of equipment financed. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the City is required to return all equipment to the bank, or the bank repossess such items and sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the items, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$213,884 with \$99,113 related to governmental activities and \$114,771 related to business-type activities is secured by the various pieces of equipment financed. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the City is required to return all equipment to the bank, or the bank repossess such items and sell, lease, or

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

otherwise dispose of the items, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$267,675 related to governmental activities is secured by the various pieces of equipment financed. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the City is required to return all equipment to the bank, or the bank repossess such items and sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the items, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$2,236,157 with \$1,127,191 related to governmental activities and \$1,108,966 related to business-type activities is secured by the various pieces of equipment financed. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the City is required to return all equipment to the bank, or the bank repossess such items and sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the items, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$4,648,781 with \$2,341,615 related to governmental activities and \$2,307,166 related to business-type activities is secured by the various pieces of equipment financed. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the City is required to return all equipment to the bank, or the bank repossess such items and sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the items, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

The City's outstanding note from direct placement of \$3,124,999 related to governmental activities is secured with collateral of the Business Services Center at 224 South Franklin Street. The note contains provisions that an event of default could result in the following remedies: (1) all components become due and payable immediately, (2) the bank may proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance, and/or (3) the bank may exercise any other right, remedy, or privilege available under applicable law.

| | Serviced By: | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|------------|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | Governmental Activities | | | Business-type Activities | |
| Other Long-term Debt: | | | | | |
| Direct borrowing - HUD - Section 108 Loan Guarantee | \$ | 915,000 | \$ | - | |
| Special obligation bonds - Event Center | | 30,325,000 | | - | |
| Unamortized special obligation bond premium/(discount) | | 1,143,352 | | - | |
| Lease liabilities | | 7,004,674 | | - | |
| Direct borrowing - NCDENR | | - | | 3,082,811 | |
| Subtotal | \$ | 39,388,026 | \$ | 3,082,811 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Long-term debt categorized as "Direct borrowing - NCDENR" in the business-type activities includes four sewer revolving loans and one water revolving loan financed through NCDENR.

Direct Borrowing - NCDENR:

| Revolving loan due in annual payments of \$29,776 plus interest; maturing May 1, 2025; interest at 2.205% | \$ 59,553 |
|--|-----------------|
| Revolving loan due in annual payments of \$187,217 plus interest; maturing May 1, 2028; interest at 2.305% | 936,084 |
| Revolving loan due in annual payments of \$112,491; maturing May 1, 2033; interest at 0% | 1,124,909 |
| Revolving loan due in annual payments of \$87,551; maturing May 1, 2033; interest at 0.02% | 875,513 |
| Revolving loan due in annual payments of \$12,393; | |
| maturing May 1, 2030; interest at 0% | 86,752 |
| | \$ 3,082,811 |

Compensated absences, pension obligations, and other post-employment benefits are typically liquidated by the General fund for governmental funds. The other post-employment benefits for the business-type activities are liquidated in their respective proprietary funds.

Special Obligation Bonds

The City issued \$36,815,000 Special Obligation Bonds on December 28, 2016, which were used to finance construction of the Rocky Mount Event Center. Principal is due annually, in installments ranging from \$300,000 to \$2,965,000, beginning fiscal year 2019 through May 2036; interest is due semi-annually at rates ranging from 3.5% to 5.0%. Outstanding balance at June 30, 2023, is \$30,325,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's special obligation bonds without regard to accrued interest are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2024 | \$ 1,735,000 | \$ 1,332,550 |
| 2025 | 1,820,000 | 1,245,800 |
| 2026 | 1,910,000 | 1,154,800 |
| 2027 | 2,005,000 | 1,059,300 |
| 2028 | 2,110,000 | 959,050 |
| 2029 - 2033 | 12,165,000 | 3,171,700 |
| 2034 - 2036 | 8,580,000 | 621,875 |
| Total | \$ 30,325,000 | \$ 9,545,075 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following are summaries of changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023:

| | Balance 6/30/2022, <u>restated Additions</u> <u>Retirem</u> e | | | | Retirements | Balance <u>June 30, 2023</u> | | | Due within One Year | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|----|------------|-------------|---------------------------------|----|-------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | _ | | _ | | • | |
| Direct placement | | | | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | \$ | 7,958,334 | \$ | 5,707,999 | \$ | 2,302,289 | \$ | 11,364,044 | \$ | 2,550,929 |
| Special obligation bonds | | 31,975,000 | | - | | 1,650,000 | | 30,325,000 | | 1,735,000 |
| Unamortized bond premium | | 1,449,736 | | - | | 306,384 | | 1,143,352 | | - |
| Lease liabilities | | 7,422,136 | | 449,047 | | 866,509 | | 7,004,674 | | 941,491 |
| Subscription liabilities | | 355,432 | | 258,108 | | 312,300 | | 301,240 | | 200,328 |
| Total pension liability - LEOSSA | | 10,163,709 | | 623,722 | | 2,101,578 | | 8,685,853 | | - |
| Direct borrowing - HUD Loan | | 1,060,000 | | - | | 145,000 | | 915,000 | | 145,000 |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | | 7,499,084 | | 28,043,055 | | 8,633,778 | | 26,908,361 | | - |
| Total OPEB liability | | 38,456,861 | | 2,352,098 | | 6,799,838 | | 34,009,121 | | - |
| Compensated absences | | 3,776,223 | | 1,896,528 | | 2,018,086 | | 3,654,665 | | 2,018,087 |
| Total | \$ | 110,116,515 | \$ | 39,330,557 | \$ | 25,135,762 | \$ | 124,311,310 | \$ | 7,590,835 |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct placement | | | | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | \$ | 7,957,907 | \$ | 2,545,000 | \$ | 2,673,261 | \$ | 7,829,646 | \$ | 2,502,305 |
| Direct borrowing - NCDENR | | 3,512,240 | | - | | 429,428 | | 3,082,812 | | 429,428 |
| Lease liabilities | | - | | 135,978 | | 3,800 | | 132,178 | | 24,686 |
| Subscription liabilities | | - | | 12,741 | | 4,375 | | 8,366 | | 4,117 |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | | 2,747,638 | | 7,559,747 | | 2,327,463 | | 7,979,922 | | - |
| Total OPEB liability | | 11,961,262 | | 711,250 | | 1,954,084 | | 10,718,428 | | - |
| Compensated absences | | 830,418 | | 603,843 | | 651,143 | | 783,118 | | 651,134 |
| Total | \$ | 27,009,465 | \$ | 11,568,559 | \$ | 8,043,554 | \$ | 30,534,470 | \$ | 3,611,670 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | Balance ne 30, 2022 | | Additions | R | Retirements | Jı | Balance une 30, 2023 | | Due within One Year | |
|--|----|------------------------|-----|---------------------|----|--------------------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------------|--|
| Electric Fund: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct placement installment purchases Lease liabilities | \$ | 4,123,867 | \$ | 2,250,000 39,048 | \$ | 1,408,892 1,530 | \$ | 4,964,975 37,518 | \$ | 1,405,986 6,717 | |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | | 831,942 | | 2,591,913 | | 797,987 | | 2,625,868 | | - | |
| Total OPEB liability Compensated absences | | 3,999,652 263,245 | | 240,383 276,448 | | 694,938 247,537 | | 3,545,097 292,156 | | 247,537 | |
| Total | \$ | 9,218,706 | \$ | 5,397,792 | \$ | 3,150,884 | \$ | 11,465,614 | \$ | 1,660,240 | |
| Gas Fund: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct placement | | | | | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | \$ | 538,676 | \$ | - | \$ | 307,490 | \$ | 231,186 | \$ | 231,186 | |
| Lease liabilities | | - | | 61,109 | | - | | 61,109 | | 11,378 | |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | | 252,617 | | 1,007,966 | | 310,329 | | 950,254 | | - | |
| Total OPEB liability | | 1,326,972 | | 79,113 | | 228,714 | | 1,177,371 | | - | |
| Compensated absences | Ф. | 95,665 | Φ | 56,184 | Ф | 63,297 | Ф | 88,552 | Ф | 63,297 | |
| Total | \$ | 2,213,930 | \$ | 1,204,372 | \$ | 909,830 | \$ | 2,508,472 | \$ | 305,861 | |
| Water Fund: Direct placement | | | | | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | \$ | 470,220 | \$ | - | \$ | 189,070 | \$ | 281,150 | \$ | 169,625 | |
| Direct borrowing - NCDENR | | 99,146 | | 24.570 | | 12,393 | | 86,753 | | 12,393 | |
| Lease liabilities | | - | | 34,579 | | 1,703 | | 32,876 | | 6,014 | |
| Subscription liabilities Net pension liability - LGERS | | 748,490 | | 12,741 1,871,937 | | 4,375 576,324 | | 8,366 2,044,103 | | 4,117 | |
| Total OPEB liability | | 3,036,409 | | 146,055 | | 422,241 | | 2,760,223 | | _ | |
| Compensated absences | | 227,335 | | 133,196 | | 162,045 | | 198,486 | | 162,044 | |
| Total | \$ | 4,581,600 | \$ | 2,198,508 | \$ | 1,368,151 | \$ | 5,411,957 | \$ | 354,193 | |
| Sewer Fund: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct placement | | | | | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | \$ | 2,188,308 | \$ | 179,000 | \$ | 554,746 | \$ | 1,812,562 | \$ | 547,795 | |
| Direct borrowing - NCDENR | | 3,413,094 | | - | | 417,036 | | 2,996,058 | | 417,035 | |
| Lease liabilities | | - | | 1,242 | | 568 | | 674 | | 577 | |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | | 559,567 | | 1,115,963 | | 343,578 | | 1,331,952 | | - | |
| Total OPEB liability | | 2,016,377 | | 160,500 | | 361,884 | | 1,814,993 | | - | |
| Compensated absences | • | 129,867 | Φ | 73,581 | Ф | 88,890 | Ф | 114,558 | Ф | 88,890 | |
| Total | \$ | 8,307,213 | \$ | 1,530,286 | \$ | 1,766,702 | \$ | 8,070,797 | \$ | 1,054,297 | |
| Stormwater Fund: Direct placement | | | | | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | \$ | 636,836 | \$ | 116,000 | \$ | 213,063 | \$ | 539,773 | \$ | 147,713 | |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | | 355,022 | | 971,968 | | 299,245 | | 1,027,745 | | - | |
| Total OPEB liability | | 1,581,852 | | 85,199 | | 246,307 | | 1,420,744 | | - 00.266 | |
| Compensated absences | Φ. | 114,306 | rh. | 64,434 | Φ | 89,374 | ¢ | 89,366 | ¢ | 89,366 | |
| Total | \$ | 2,688,016 | \$ | 1,237,601 | \$ | 847,989 | \$ | 3,077,628 | \$ | 237,079 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Maturities of Long-term Debt

The annual requirements to retire all direct placement installment purchases and other direct borrowing long-term debt at June 30, 2023, including interest, are as follows:

| | Direct Pl Installmen | | Other Direct Borrowing Long-term Debt | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|---|-----------------|----|----------|--|--|--|
| | Principal | | Interest | Principal | | Interest | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ 2,550,929 | \$ | 315,015 | \$ 145,000 | \$ | 35,257 | | | |
| 2025 | 2,309,666 | | 248,866 | 145,000 | | 29,486 | | | |
| 2026 | 1,852,245 | | 188,158 | 145,000 | | 23,570 | | | |
| 2027 | 1,690,988 | | 134,723 | 145,000 | | 17,523 | | | |
| 2028 | 1,244,749 | | 86,174 | 145,000 | | 11,368 | | | |
| 2029 - 2033 | 1,715,468 | | 177,092 | 190,000 | | 4,132 | | | |
| Total | \$ 11,364,045 | \$ | 1,150,028 | \$ 915,000 | \$ | 121,336 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ 2,502,304 | \$ | 150,107 | \$ 437,844 | \$ | 40,771 | | | |
| 2025 | 2,162,316 | | 104,559 | 437,844 | | 33,863 | | | |
| 2026 | 1,776,594 | | 65,250 | 399,652 | | 26,954 | | | |
| 2027 | 919,727 | | 32,046 | 399,652 | | 20,888 | | | |
| 2028 | 468,706 | | 6,272 | 399,652 | | 14,822 | | | |
| 2029 - 2033 | | | | 1,008,167 | | 26,265 | | | |
| Total | \$ 7,829,647 | \$ | 358,234 | \$ 3,082,811 | \$ | 163,563 | | | |

The City is subject to the Municipal Finance Law of North Carolina, which limits the amount of net bonded debt (exclusive of certain enterprise bonds) the City may have outstanding up to 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. At June 30, 2023, the City had \$30,325,000 in special obligation bond debt outstanding which was applicable to limitation and a legal debt margin of \$288,692,578.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

14. Interfund Balances and Activity

Due To/From Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

| | Receivable Fund | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------|----|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Payable Fund | | General | | Electric | | | | | |
| Electric Fund | \$ | 118,436 | \$ | - | | | | | |
| General fund | | - | | 59,359 | | | | | |
| Public Transportation Grants Fund | | 167,301 | | - | | | | | |
| Capital Projects | | - | | 287,172 | | | | | |
| RM Public Facilities Corporation | | 16,649,800 | | - | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 16,935,537 | \$ | 346,531 | | | | | |

During fiscal year 2017, the General fund loaned \$16,649,800 from special obligation bonds proceeds to the Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation to facilitate the tax credit financing for the Rocky Mount Event Center project. The balance on this loan at June 30, 2023, was \$16,649,800 and no portion of the loan is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

During fiscal year 2017, the Electric fund loaned funds to the General fund for the purpose of renovating the bus station and funds to Capital Projects fund for improvements at Booker T Washington High School. The balance on this loan at June 30, 2023, was \$287,172.

Other interfund balances are the result of cash advances to cover expenses in advance of other funding sources.

Transfers To/From Other Funds

| Transfers Out | eneral Fund/ Powell Bill | Nonmajor overnmental | Nonmajor Enterprise | Total |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| General Fund | \$ - | \$ 1,130,810 | \$ 75,000 | \$ 1,205,810 |
| ARPA Fund | 10,000,000 | - | - | 10,000,000 |
| Nonmajor governmental funds | 250,000 | - | - | 250,000 |
| Electric Fund | 2,600,000 | - | - | 2,600,000 |
| Gas Fund | 400,000 | - | - | 400,000 |
| Total | \$ 13,250,000 | \$ 1,130,810 | \$ 75,000 | \$ 14,455,810 |

General fund, major, and nonmajor governmental fund transfers are used to move unrestricted fund revenues to support various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and to match grant funds.

The transfer between the General fund and nonmajor enterprise fund was a contribution to the Stormwater fund for eligible drainage repairs and replacement work from Powell Bill funds. Transfers between the General fund and nonmajor governmental funds represent funding of Public Transportation Grants, Entitlement Grants, Crime/Safety Control and Emergency Telephone System.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Electric and Gas fund transfers to the General fund are transfers which represent a return on the investment of the utility. These transfers are made within guidelines established in the City's administrative policy. Currently, the Electric fund may transfer a maximum of 3% of the fund's gross fixed assets; the Gas fund may transfer a maximum of 75% of the fund's income before transfers; and the Water fund may transfer a maximum of 50% of income before transfers.

15. Jointly Governed Organizations

The City, participates in two jointly governed organizations with other entities as follows:

Braswell Memorial Library

The City, in conjunction with the Library Association, Nash County and Edgecombe County, participates in a jointly governed organization to operate the Braswell Memorial Library. Each of the entities appoints members of the twelve-member Council of Trustees of the Library. The City appoints three of the twelve Council members. The City contributed \$665,880 to the library's operating purposes during the year ended June 30, 2023.

North Carolina Eastern Municipal Power Agency

On September 28, 1981, the City Council adopted an ordinance authorizing the City's participation in the Agency and, as such, is a part owner in several electrical generating plants operated by Carolina Power and Light Company (CP&L).

Under the contracts executed by the City with the Agency, the Agency became the "all requirements" power supplier to the City. The City is obligated to pay for this power at rates set by the Agency and to set electrical utility rates at a level such that sufficient electrical revenues are generated to meet the obligations to the Agency. The Agency furnishes power to the City and the 31 other North Carolina municipalities participating in the Agency through its ownership of a portion of CP& L's generating capacity, together with additional purchases of power and energy as needed to meet the "all requirements" needs of the 32 municipalities. The City's share of the power and energy from the Initial Project is 16.026%. Under the terms of the agreement with the Agency, the City is obligated to pay such proportionate share of the Agency's Initial Project, whether the generators produce power or not. This is commonly referred to as a "take or pay" contract in the utility industry. This agreement expires on the later of (i) January 1, 2032, or (ii) the date upon which the last generating unit of the Initial Project is retired.

To finance its ownership interest in the Initial Project, the Agency issued bonds. On July 31, 2015, the NCEMPA completed the sale of most of its electricity generating assets to Duke Energy. These proceeds were used to defease the NCEMPA's outstanding revenue bonds. The NCEMPA entered into contractual arrangements with its member cities and Duke Energy. Under these arrangements, the NCEMPA will supply wholesale power to its members and will purchase this power from Duke Energy. In addition to payments made for electric power, NCEMPA members will make payments for their share of the debt service on the NCEMPA's new revenue bonds. At December 31, 2022, \$141,090,000 of the bonds were outstanding (plus unamortized premium of \$222,837). The Agency bills each participant monthly for power costs and the participant's share of debt service on the Agency's bonds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Also, on December 9, 1991, the City Council authorized the City to enter into a subsequent agreement with the Agency, whereby the Agency would construct, own and operate three combustion turbine plants totaling up to 240 megawatts (the "Peaking Project"). This agreement is also considered a "take or pay" contract and was entered into by 27 of the 32 municipalities that entered into the Initial Project. The City is obligated to pay 14.4093% of the Agency's costs of the Peaking Project and is entitled to a like percentage of energy and power from the project.

As needed, the City purchases electrical power from the Southeastern Power Administration in addition to electrical purchase from the Agency.

16. Joint Ventures

Rocky Mount-Wilson Airport Authority

The City, in conjunction with the City of Wilson, Nash County, Edgecombe County and Wilson County, participates in a joint venture to operate the Rocky Mount-Wilson Airport Authority (RMWAA). Each of the entities appoints members of the seven-member Council of Commissioners of RMWAA. The City appoints two of the seven Council members. The City has an ongoing financial responsibility for the airport and contributed \$95,720 to RMWAA for operating purposes and capital outlay during the year ended June 30, 2023. The participants in the joint venture have an equity interest in RMWAA's real property; therefore, an equity interest of \$7,702,023 which represents 29% of the net position of the RMWAA shown in their June 30, 2022 financial statements has been reflected in the City's Statement of Net Position as a noncurrent asset at June 30, 2023. The current year investment is included in the miscellaneous revenues in the Statement of Activities. Complete financial statements for RMWAA may be obtained from the RMWAA's administrative offices at 250 Airport Road, Elm City, North Carolina 27822.

17. Related Organizations

Rocky Mount Housing Authority

The Rocky Mount Housing Authority (the "Authority") provides decent, safe and sanitary low rent housing for low-income families who cannot afford private housing. The Mayor of the City appoints the entire Council of the Authority; however, the City is unable to impose its will on the Authority. The Authority owns numerous housing properties in various locations within the City. Annually, the City receives a payment in lieu of taxes from the Authority. For the year ended June 30, 2023, this payment totaled \$84,317.

18. Related Parties

Opportunities Industrialization Center (OIC)

OIC of Rocky Mount is a non-profit corporation that provides training programs for industrial trade skills that lead to employment opportunities. OIC also has clinics providing health care to areas of the community that may not have access to health care. Two OIC Board members serve on the City's Council and have signed the City's conflict of interest policies. The related party-council members recuse themselves from voting on actions that involve the OIC.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The payments made to OIC during FY23 consisted of the following: Youth Connect Summer Program - \$65,853; Carpentry Trade Training Program - \$33,653; and Community Facility Repair - CDBG Grant - \$37,500.

There were not any outstanding amounts payable to the OIC from the City as of June 30, 2023. The OIC paid \$242,675 to the City for utilities in fiscal year 2023. The total balance due to the City for utilities was \$957 as of June 30, 2023. The OIC paid the City \$11,875 in property tax and general billing for FY23.

19. Utility Service Fees

The General fund charges the enterprise funds a utility service fee to reimburse the General fund for overhead expenses which are not specifically identified with the utility operations. Utility service fees totaling \$27,319,349 are recorded as operational expense in the enterprise funds and as a reduction of operating expenditures of the General fund.

20. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Federal and State Funds

The City participates in a number of federal and state grant programs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, these programs were subject to audit in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984, the provisions of Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies resulting from any such audit cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

21. Significant Contingencies

Environmental Concerns

The City operated a coal gas manufacturing plant from the 1920's to 1950's. In general, manufactured gas plants (MGP) produced coal gas for lighting and heating from coal. Byproducts of this process including coal tar and oils were typically stored and disposed of on sight. This may have caused contamination of the subsurface area of the MGP. The City has had to implement a NC Department of Environmental and Natural Resources (NCDENR) approved remedial investigation (RI) to determine the extent of any subsurface contamination and to develop and implement a NCDENR approved remedial action plan (RAP) to address any subsurface contamination. A remedial investigation (RI) work plan was developed and approved by NCDENR. A Consultant completed the RI and soil contaminants were found. The Consultant recommended performing a more in-depth RI to determine the extent of soil contamination. Results of the RI and consultant's recommendation have been forwarded to NCDENR for their analysis. NCDENR approved the consultant's recommendation for a more in-depth RI, and a remedial action plan (RAP) was developed and submitted to NCDENR for approval. Site cleanup activities were conducted from late December 2011 to mid-January 2012. A Remedial Action Report (RAR) was prepared and submitted to NCDENR on March 20, 2012, and was approved by NCDENR on April 26, 2012. Long-term groundwater monitoring was initiated during the 3rd Quarter of 2012. The monitoring is done each year to verify that the contamination is not seeping down and spreading to the groundwater. The City established a Declaration of Perpetual Land Use Restrictions (DPLURs) for

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

the property which restricts groundwater use and soil exposure at the site. The restrictions are included on the property deed in accordance with NCDENR requirements. The City will continue to monitor the contamination levels and groundwater monitoring will likely continue for the foreseeable future. As of June 30, 2023, the City has paid \$1,026,951 in costs for remediation. Annually, the City has the contamination levels and groundwater monitored. These costs are not included in the remediation costs.

Litigation Matters

The City is a defendant in various other claims and litigation arising in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of management, resolution of these matters will not result in a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

22. Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' SBITA activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that SBITAs are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a SBITA liability and an intangible SBITA asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a SBITA receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

23. Prior Period Restatement

Beginning net position for governmental activities and beginning fund balance for the General fund have been restated as of July 1, 2022, to correctly include the September sales tax distributions which are based on June sales. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, the assets and revenues from derived tax revenues should be recorded when the underlying exchange transaction (i.e., the sales) occur. The net effect of the prior period adjustments increased the beginning net position for the governmental activities and beginning fund balance in the General Fund by \$1,624,214 which represents the September 2021 sales tax distribution from the State.

Beginning net position for governmental activities has been restated as of July 1, 2022, to correct the implementation of GASB 87. The net effect of the prior period adjustment decreased the beginning net position for the governmental activities by \$207,691 which represents the difference between the right-to-use lease asset and the lease liability.

Beginning net position for governmental activities and beginning fund balance for the Communication fund have been restated as of July 1, 2022, to correctly include an installment purchase that was authorized on April 1, 2022. The net effect of the prior period adjustments decreased the beginning net position for the governmental activities and beginning fund balance in the Communication fund by \$395,329 which represents installment purchase payable.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

| This section contains information required b | y generally accepted accounting principles. |
|--|---|
| | |
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| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability 2023 2022 2021 2020 Beginning balance 6,774,086 10,163,709 \$ 9,644,868 \$ \$ 6,458,668 Service cost 401,492 457,947 285,180 253,130 Interest on the total pension liability 222,230 180,588 213,252 226,955 Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability (6,764)728,359 403,795 82,210 Changes of assumptions or other inputs (272,058)2,433,809 200,430 (1,521,198)Benefit payments (573,616)(575,995)(465, 254)(447,307)9,644,868 10,163,709 6,774,086 8,685,853 Ending balance of the total pension liability

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

| | 2023 | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | |
|--|-----------------|----|------------|-----------------|------|-----------|
| Total pension liability | \$ 8,685,853 | \$ | 10,163,709 | \$ 9,644,868 | \$ | 6,774,086 |
| Covered-employee payroll | 8,948,841 | | 9,625,017 | 9,242,275 | | 8,996,059 |
| Total pension liability as a percentage of | | | | | | |
| covered-employee payroll | 97.06% | | 105.60% | 104.36% | | 75.30% |

The City of Rocky Mount has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Note: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

| - | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | \$ 6,480,575 | \$ 5,970,895 | \$ 6,054,979 |
| | 283,672 | 240,984 | 251,244 |
| | 198,069 | 223,166 | 208,917 |
| | 172,567 | 59,335 | - |
| | (251,098) | 364,970 | (138,294) |
| _ | (425,117) | (378,775) | (405,951) |
| _ | \$ 6,458,668 | \$ 6,480,575 | \$ 5,970,895 |

| 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|------|-----------|--|--|--|
| \$ 6,458,668 | \$ 6,480,575 | \$ | 5,970,895 | | | |
| 9,058,653 | 8,889,420 | | 8,929,219 | | | |
| 71.30% | 72.90% | | 66.87% | | | |

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

| | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|------------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 50,418,123 | \$ | 43,720,660 | \$ | 38,067,256 | \$ 42,631,171 |
| Service cost | 1,898,159 | | 1,887,422 | | 1,378,347 | 1,589,219 |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | 1,111,187 | | 983,085 | | 1,332,536 | 1,615,498 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | | | | | |
| in the measurement of the total OPEB liability | (445,051) | | (349,041) | | 598,657 | (6,000,210) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | (6,500,633) | | 6,437,525 | | 5,113,973 | 456,131 |
| Benefit payments | (1,754,236) | | (2,261,528) | | (2,770,109) | (2,224,553) |
| Ending balance of the total OPEB liability | \$ 44,727,549 | \$ | 50,418,123 | \$ | 43,720,660 | \$ 38,067,256 |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 41,735,081 | \$ | 41,735,081 | \$ | 43,302,150 | \$ 43,302,150 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of | | | | | | |
| covered employee payroll | 107.17% | | 120.81% | | 100.97% | 87.91% |

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

| Fiscal Year | Rate |
|-------------|-------|
| 2023 | 3.54% |
| 2022 | 2.16% |
| 2021 | 2.21% |
| 2020 | 3.50% |
| 2019 | 3.89% |
| 2018 | 3.56% |

The City of Rocky Mount has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

Note: The OPEB schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

| 2019 | 2018 |
|------------------|------------------|
| \$ 43,121,881 | \$ 44,503,816 |
| 1,645,340 | 1,782,808 |
| 1,482,776 | 1,304,210 |
| | |
| 721,224 | 269,246 |
| (1,372,334) | (2,371,524) |
| (2,967,716) | (2,366,675) |
| \$ 42,631,171 | \$ 43,121,881 |
| | |
| \$ 41,459,141 | \$ 41,459,141 |
| | |
| 102.83% | 104.01% |

CITY OF ROCKY MOUNT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

| | 2023 | | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
|---|------|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| City of Rocky Mount's proportion of | | | | | | | | |
| the net pension liability (asset) (%) | | 0.61843% | | 0.66815% | | 0.66554% | | 0.67972% |
| City of Rocky Mount's proportion of | | | | | | | | |
| the net pension liability (asset) (\$) | \$ | 34,888,283 | \$ | 10,246,722 | \$ | 23,782,578 | \$ | 18,562,622 |
| City of Rocky Mount's covered payroll | \$ | 48,836,185 | \$ | 46,490,055 | \$ | 46,084,456 | \$ | 45,477,353 |
| City of Rocky Mount's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its | | | | 00.040/ | | -1.0101 | | 40.000/ |
| covered payroll | | 71.44% | | 22.04% | | 51.61% | | 40.82% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of | | | | | | | | |
| the total pension liability ** | | 84.14% | | 95.51% | | 88.61% | | 90.86% |

^{*} The amounts presented are for the prior fiscal year.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

| 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 0.70657% | 0.73600% | 0.74706% | 0.74706% | 0.77070% | 0.77537% |
| \$ 16,762,258 | \$ 11,244,041 | \$ 15,855,115 | \$ 3,458,867 | \$ (4,572,714) | \$ 9,816,647 |
| \$ 44,459,895 | \$ 43,549,901 | \$ 42,215,771 | \$ 41,170,604 | \$ 39,599,802 | \$ 39,111,519 |
| 37.70% | 25.82% | 37.56% | 8.40% | -11.55% | 25.10% |
| 91.63% | 94.18% | 91.47% | 102.64% | 94.35% | 94.35% |

CITY OF ROCKY MOUNT'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2023 | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ | 6,707,395 | \$ 5,579,848 | \$ 4,800,381 | \$ 4,211,950 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | 6,707,395 | 5,579,848 | 4,800,381 | 4,211,950 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| City of Rocky Mount's covered payroll | \$ | 54,998,156 | \$ 48,836,185 | \$ 46,490,055 | \$ 46,084,456 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 12.20% | 11.43% | 10.33% | 9.14% |

| 2019 | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 | | | 2015 | 2014 | |
|------------------|------------------|----|------------|------|------------|----|------------|------------------|--|
| \$ 3,590,277 | \$ 3,422,233 | \$ | 3,246,821 | \$ | 2,879,744 | \$ | 2,938,437 | \$ 2,815,978 | |
| 3,590,277 | 3,422,233 | _ | 3,246,821 | | 2,879,744 | _ | 2,938,437 | 2,815,978 | |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| \$ 45,477,353 | \$ 44,459,895 | \$ | 43,549,901 | \$ | 42,215,771 | \$ | 41,170,604 | \$ 39,599,802 | |
| 7.89% | 7.70% | | 7.46% | | 6.82% | | 7.14% | 7.11% | |

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is established to account for the revenues and expenditures traditionally associated with operating governmental service functions, except for those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.

ARPA FUND

The ARPA Fund is grant project special revenue fund established to account for the City's \$11,521,180 portion of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding.

ROCKY MOUNT PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION

This fund is used to account for the non-profit entity which organized for the exclusive purpose of promoting the general welfare of the citizens of the City by assisting the City in carrying out its governmental functions, through the acquisition, construction, operation, sale of lease of real estate and improvements, facilities, equipment, and other personal property.

| | | | 2023 | |
|--------------------------------------|----|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | 710100 | (itogatiro) |
| Taxes: | | | | |
| Ad Valorem Taxes: | | | | |
| Current year | \$ | 28,425,000 | \$ 28,919,603 | \$ 494,603 |
| Prior years | | 515,000 | 1,404,460 | 889,460 |
| Special district | | 60,000 | 62,401 | 2,401 |
| Penalties and interest | | 275,000 | 534,738 | 259,738 |
| Total | | 29,275,000 | 30,921,202 | 1,646,202 |
| | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Revenues: | | | | |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | 2,082,640 | 2,106,957 | 24,317 |
| Local option sales tax | | 17,450,000 | 16,789,438 | (660,562) |
| Telecommunications tax | | 355,000 | 305,954 | (49,046) |
| Franchise tax | | 4,090,000 | 4,300,064 | 210,064 |
| Tax refunds | | 75,000 | 36,793 | (38,207) |
| Beer and wine tax | | 240,000 | 246,949 | 6,949 |
| ABC revenues | | 330,000 | 375,711 | 45,711 |
| Court facilities fees | | 70,000 | 57,838 | (12,162) |
| State grants | | 2,678,000 | 1,772,612 | (905,388) |
| Other | | 1,157,139 | 1,225,789 | 68,650 |
| Total | | 28,527,779 | 27,218,105 | (1,309,674) |
| Licenses, Permits and Other Taxes: | | | | |
| Building permits and inspection fees | | 656,800 | 727,246 | 70,446 |
| Rental vehicle tax | | 85,000 | 90,619 | 5,619 |
| Animal tax | | 16,000 | 16,739 | 739 |
| Other | | 1,044,000 | 1,078,716 | 34,716 |
| Total | | 1,801,800 | 1,913,320 | 111,520 |
| Sales and Service: | | | | |
| Solid waste and recycling charges | | 4,897,500 | 4,987,010 | 89,510 |
| Reconnection charges | | 325,000 | 355,710 | 30,710 |
| Weed control charges | | 130,000 | (65,463) | (195,463) |
| Cemetery revenues | | 180,000 | 207,675 | 27,675 |
| Sale of fixed assets | | 146,500 | 76,792 | (69,708) |
| Recreation charges | | 663,100 | 386,670 | (276,430) |
| Event Center revenues | | 1,641,890 | 1,675,131 | 33,241 |
| Transfer station charges | | 4,025,000 | 4,183,838 | 158,838 |
| Concessions | | 152,000 | 119,181 | (32,819) |
| Other | _ | 100,700 | (48,735) | (149,435) |
| Total | | 12,261,690 | 11,877,809 | (383,881) |
| Investment Earnings | | 1,029,870 | 1,737,328 | 707,458 |

| Revenues (Continued): Final Budgot Actual Positive (Kepativo) Revenues (Continued): Wiscellaneous: Section (Continued) \$ 40,000 6,899 \$ 33,101 Insurance \$ 40,000 65,235 35,235 \$ 35,235 <th></th> <th></th> <th>2023</th> <th></th> | | | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|---|------------|-------------|
| Revenues (Continued): | | | Actual | |
| Insurance | Revenues (Continued): | Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Insurance | , | | | |
| Demolition assessment | | \$ 40,000 | \$ 6.899 | \$ (33,101) |
| Excess utility tax | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | . , | . , , |
| Rents 430,000 410,791 (19,209 Contributions 88,500 179,650 91,150 Parking 110,400 101,656 (8,744 Other 631,749 474,216 (157,533 Total 1,430,649 1,347,053 (83,596) Total revenues 74,326,788 75,014,817 688,029 Expenditures: General Government: Mayor and City Council: Salaries 148,090 148,087 3 Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,780 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,088 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) 636,900 7 Total 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> | | • | , | |
| Contributions 88,500 179,650 91,150 Parking 110,400 101,656 (8,744) Other 631,749 474,216 (157,533) Total 1,430,649 1,347,053 (83,596) Total revenues 74,326,788 75,014,817 688,029 Expenditures: General Government: Mayor and City Council: Salaries 148,090 148,087 3 Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,780 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,088 Capital outlay 25,000 50,721 229,088 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) 636,900 26,000 26,000 City Clerk: Salaries 265,006 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 | • | | | |
| Parking Other 110,400 (631,749) (74,216) (157,533) (157,533) (8,744 (157,533) (157,533) (157,533) (157,533) (157,533) Total 1,430,649 (74,326,788) (75,014,817) (75,533) (83,596) Total revenues 74,326,788 (75,014,817) (75,533) (75,326,788) (75,014,817) (75,533) (75,326,788) (75,014,817) (75,826,788) (75,014,817) (75,826,788) (75,014,817) (75,826,788) (75,014,817) (75,826,788) (75,926,78 | | • | , | , , |
| Other 631,749 474,216 (157,533) Total 1,430,649 1,347,053 (83,596) Total revenues 74,326,788 75,014,817 688,029 Expenditures: General Government: Mayor and City Council: Salaries 148,090 148,087 3 Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,786 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,089 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) 636,900 6 Total 87,910 86,412 1,498 4 | | | | |
| Total 1,430,649 1,347,053 (83,596) Total revenues 74,326,788 75,014,817 688,029 Expenditures: Expenditures: General Government: Mayor and City Council: Salaries 148,090 148,087 3 Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,780 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,089 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) 5-0 Total 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 <td>3</td> <td>•</td> <td>,</td> <td>, ,</td> | 3 | • | , | , , |
| Total revenues 74,326,788 75,014,817 688,029 Expenditures: General Government: Separal Go | | | | |
| Expenditures: | rotar | 1,400,040 | 1,047,000 | (00,000) |
| General Government: Mayor and City Council: Salaries 148,090 148,087 3 Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,780 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,088 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) 6656,320 Total 656,320 394,018 262,302 City Clerk: Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,262 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses | Total revenues | 74,326,788 | 75,014,817 | 688,029 |
| Mayor and City Council: Salaries 148,090 148,087 3 Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,780 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,088 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) - Total 656,320 394,018 262,302 City Clerk: Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 | Expenditures: | | | |
| Salaries 148,090 148,087 3 Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,780 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,089 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) | General Government: | | | |
| Employee benefits 70,320 61,540 8,780 Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,088 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) - Total 656,320 394,018 262,302 City Clerk: Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,296 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) | Mayor and City Council: | | | |
| Operating expenses 1,049,810 820,721 229,089 Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) - Total 656,320 394,018 262,302 City Clerk: Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) -7 Total 152,047 142,757 <td>Salaries</td> <td>148,090</td> <td>148,087</td> <td>3</td> | Salaries | 148,090 | 148,087 | 3 |
| Capital outlay 25,000 570 24,430 Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) - Total 656,320 394,018 262,302 City Clerk: Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) -14,2757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9, | Employee benefits | 70,320 | 61,540 | 8,780 |
| Utility service fee (636,900) (636,900) | Operating expenses | 1,049,810 | 820,721 | 229,089 |
| City Clerk: Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,262,385 4,830 | Capital outlay | 25,000 | 570 | 24,430 |
| City Clerk: Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,262,385 4,830 | Utility service fee | (636,900) | (636,900) | |
| Salaries 265,060 265,056 4 Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | Total | 656,320 | 394,018 | 262,302 |
| Employee benefits 87,910 86,412 1,498 Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | City Clerk: | | | |
| Operating expenses 40,930 27,678 13,252 Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | Salaries | 265,060 | 265,056 | 4 |
| Capital outlay 5,500 3,227 2,273 Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,262,385 4,830 | Employee benefits | 87,910 | 86,412 | 1,498 |
| Utility service fee (220,599) (220,600) 1 Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | Operating expenses | 40,930 | 27,678 | 13,252 |
| Total 178,801 161,773 17,028 Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | Capital outlay | 5,500 | 3,227 | 2,273 |
| Internal Audit: Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) | Utility service fee | (220,599) | (220,600) | 1 |
| Salaries 224,660 224,618 42 Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | Total | 178,801 | 161,773 | 17,028 |
| Employee benefits 74,410 71,115 3,295 Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | | | | |
| Operating expenses 15,777 10,596 5,181 Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | | 224,660 | 224,618 | 42 |
| Capital outlay 1,600 828 772 Utility service fee (164,400) (164,400) - Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | | , | | 3,295 |
| Utility service fee Total (164,400) (164,400) | . • . | • | | 5,181 |
| Total 152,047 142,757 9,290 Community Services: Operating expenses Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | | , | | 772 |
| Community Services: Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | | | | = |
| Operating expenses 12,620,009 3,116,699 9,503,310 Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | Total | 152,047 | 142,757 | 9,290 |
| Utility service fee (1,564,200) (1,564,200) - Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | | | | |
| Capital outlay 1,267,215 1,262,385 4,830 | | | , , | 9,503,310 |
| | • | * | , , , | - |
| Total12,323,0242,814,8849,508,140 | . , | | | 4,830 |
| | Total | 12,323,024 | 2,814,884 | 9,508,140 |

GENERAL FUND

| | | 2023 | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | |
| General Government (Continued): | | | |
| City Manager: | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 755,090 | \$ 751,522 | \$ 3,568 |
| Employee benefits | 220,000 | 214,920 | 5,080 |
| Operating expenses | 255,599 | 157,889 | 97,710 |
| Utility service fee | (692,600) | (692,600) | |
| Total | 538,089 | 431,731 | 106,358 |
| Communications and Marketing: | | | |
| Salaries | 296,550 | 295,488 | 1,062 |
| Employee benefits | 95,980 | 95,242 | 738 |
| Operating expenses | 220,012 | 180,590 | 39,422 |
| Capital outlay | 86,014 | 75,201 | 10,813 |
| Utility service fee | (308,499) | (308,500) | 1 |
| Total | 390,057 | 338,021 | 52,036 |
| Downtown Development: | | | |
| Salaries | 170,680 | 170,663 | 17 |
| Employee benefits | 53,570 | 50,411 | 3,159 |
| Operating expenses | 1,635,349 | 834,910 | 800,439 |
| Utility service fee | (501,300) | (501,300) | - |
| Capital outlay | 25,839 | 10,033 | 15,806 |
| Total | 1,384,138 | 564,717 | 819,421 |
| Business and Collections Services: | | | |
| Salaries | 2,661,642 | 2,661,638 | 4 |
| Employee benefits | 909,942 | 908,923 | 1,019 |
| Operating expenses | 1,442,988 | 1,372,452 | 70,536 |
| Capital outlay | 22,791 | 12,594 | 10,197 |
| Utility service fee | (4,912,856) | (4,912,857) | 10,107 |
| Total | 124,507 | 42,750 | 81,757 |
| Tashualawi Camiisaa | | | |
| Technology Services: | | | |
| Technology Services: Salaries | F20 790 | 520,773 | 7 |
| | 520,780 157,280 | * | |
| Employee benefits | • | 157,270 | 10 |
| Operating expenses | 342,802 265,806 | 322,230 133,747 | 20,572 132,059 |
| Capital outlay | | | 132,039 |
| Utility service fee Total | <u>(1,051,589)</u> 235,079 | (1,051,589) 82,431 | 152,648 |
| Network Administrators | | | |
| Network Administration: | | | |
| Salaries | | | |
| Employee benefits | | 000 0 | |
| Operating expenses | 369,802 | 362,277 | 7,525 |
| Capital outlay | 547,099 | 463,971 | 83,128 |
| Utility service fee | (820,900) | (820,900) | |
| Total network administration | 96,001 | 5,348 | 90,653 |

| | 2023 | | |
|--|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | |
| General Government (Continued): | | | |
| System Administration: | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 59,230 | \$ 58,296 | \$ 934 |
| Employee benefits | 21,050 | 19,323 | 1,727 |
| Operating expenses | 333,263 | 325,046 | 8,217 |
| Capital outlay | 231,340 | 142,619 | 88,721 |
| Utility service fee Total system administration | (491,800) | (491,800) | 99,599 |
| Total system administration | 153,083 | 53,484 | 99,599 |
| Project Management Office: | | | _ |
| Salaries | 491,010 | 491,007 | 3 |
| Employee benefits | 155,580 | 155,571 | 9 |
| Operating expenses | 1,172,280 | 757,001 | 415,279 |
| Capital outlay | 679,884 | 606,503 | 73,381 |
| Utility service fee | (2,036,600) | (2,036,600) | 400 672 |
| Total project management office | 462,154 | (26,518) | 488,672 |
| GIS Administration: | | | |
| Salaries | 81,110 | 81,106 | 4 |
| Employee benefits | 24,880 | 24,878 | 2 |
| Operating expenses | 111,557 | 101,610 | 9,947 |
| Utility service fee | (150,200) | (150,200) | - 0.050 |
| Total GIS administration | 67,347 | 57,394 | 9,953 |
| Total technology services | 1,013,664 | 172,139 | 841,525 |
| Finance: | | | |
| Administration: | | | |
| Salaries | 140,050 | 139,708 | 342 |
| Employee benefits | 40,960 | 40,930 | 30 |
| Operating expenses | 1,655,540 | 1,639,682 | 15,858 |
| Utility service fee | (1,806,600) | (1,806,600) | |
| Total | 29,950 | 13,720 | 16,230 |
| Accounting: | | | |
| Salaries | 769,150 | 769,141 | 9 |
| Employee benefits | 248,370 | 241,211 | 7,159 |
| Operating expenses | 74,782 | 74,755 | 27 |
| Capital outlay | 3,738 | 1,828 | 1,910 |
| Utility service fee | (945,399) | (945,400) | 1 |
| Total | 150,641 | 141,535 | 9,106 |
| Purchasing: | | | |
| Salaries | 348,070 | 347,570 | 500 |
| Employee benefits | 135,350 | 125,398 | 9,952 |
| Operating expenses | 57,790 | 42,165 | 15,625 |
| Utility service fee | (504,930) | (504,930) | |
| Total | 36,280 | 10,203 | 26,077 |
| Total finance | 216,871 | 165,458 | 51,413 |
| | | | |

GENERAL FUND

| Page | | | 2023 | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|--|
| Page | | | 2023 | Variance | |
| Expenditures (Continued): General Government (Continued): Central Services: Property and Risk Management: | | Final | | Positive | |
| Central Government (Continued): Central Services: Froperty and Risk Management: Salaries \$3.08,083 \$3.69,365 \$2.65 Employee benefits 139,930 137,412 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 2,518 (2,518 2,518 | | Budget | Actual | (Negative) | |
| Property and Risk Management: | • • | | | | |
| Property and Risk Management: Salaries | | | | | |
| Salaries \$ 369,630 \$ 369,365 \$ 265 Employee benefits 139,930 374,12 2.518 Operating expenses 2,289,240 2,114,526 174,714 Capital outlay 3,650,551 2,764,011 886,520 Total 1,914,969 850,951 1,064,018 Print Shop: Operating expenses 129,990 98,415 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) -7 Total 77,490 45,915 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) -7 Total 77,490 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,268 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services Experiment Services Salaries 514,694 10,43,503 1,107 Employee benefits 772,257 | | | | | |
| Employee benefits | | ¢ 360.630 | ¢ 260.265 | ¢ 265 | |
| Operating expenses 2,289,240 2,114,526 174,714 Capital outlay 3,680,531 2,764,011 886,520 Total 1,914,969 850,951 1,064,018 Print Shop: Operating expenses 129,990 98,415 31,575 Clilify service fee (52,500) (52,500) -7 Total 77,490 45,915 31,575 Utilify service fee (52,500) (52,500) -7 Total 77,490 45,915 31,575 Judical Center: Operating expenses 79,000 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,462 146,637 7,845 Total services Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Total 176,180 172,283 3,997 Operating expenses 782,480 782,477 3 <td colspan<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td> | <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | |
| Capital outlary 3,650,531 2,784,011 886,520 Utility service fee (4,534,362) (4,534,363) 1,064,018 Print Shop: Operating expenses 129,990 98,415 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) 45,915 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) 45,915 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) 45,915 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) 73,269 2,213 31,575 Utility service fee 51,362 73, | • • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| Utility service fee (4,534,362) (4,534,363) 1 Total 1,914,969 850,951 1,064,018 Print Shop: Operating expenses 129,990 98,415 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) | · | | | | |
| Total 1,914,969 850,951 1,064,018 Print Shop: Ugarating expenses 129,990 98,415 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) | | | | | |
| Print Shop: Operating expenses 129,990 98,415 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) - Total 77,490 45,915 31,575 Judicial Center: 0 77,490 45,915 31,575 Operating expenses 79,000 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Imployee benefits 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 | • | | | | |
| Operating expenses 129,990 98,415 31,575 Utility service fee (52,500) (52,500) - Total 77,490 45,915 31,575 Judicial Center: Operating expenses 79,000 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Images expenses 49,400 28,217 3 Employee benefits 240,400 28,217 3 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 54,611 3,847 | | | | .,,,,,,,,, | |
| Community and Business Development Services Compunity and Susiness Development Services Compunity Susiness Compunity Susiness Compunity Susiness Compunity Susiness Compunity Susiness Community Susiness Susiness Community Susiness Susiness Community Susiness Susiness Community Susiness | Print Shop: | | | | |
| Total 77,490 45,915 31,575 Judicial Center: Operating expenses 79,000 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Imployee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits | | | | 31,575 | |
| Dudicial Center: Operating expenses 79,000 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,308 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Total development services 2,986,999 2,786,418 200,581 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Empl | • | | | | |
| Operating expenses 79,000 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Imployee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 74,841 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 777 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 16,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses | Total | 77,490 | 45,915 | 31,575 | |
| Operating expenses 79,000 73,368 5,632 Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Imployee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 74,841 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 777 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 16,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses | ludicial Center: | | | | |
| Capital outlay 75,482 73,269 2,213 Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Imagections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 </td <td></td> <td>79 000</td> <td>73 368</td> <td>5 632</td> | | 79 000 | 73 368 | 5 632 | |
| Total 154,482 146,637 7,845 Total central services 2,146,941 1,043,503 1,103,438 Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 963,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expe | · | | | | |
| Development Services: Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 963,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expe | | | | | |
| Administration: Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 | Total central services | 2,146,941 | 1,043,503 | 1,103,438 | |
| Salaries 514,160 513,053 1,107 Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: 2,986,999 2,786,418 200,581 Community and Business Development: 899 894 5 Employee benefits< | Development Services: | | | | |
| Employee benefits 176,180 172,283 3,897 Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) | Administration: | | | | |
| Operating expenses 41,917 40,767 1,150 Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Total development services 2,986,999 2,786,418 200,581 Community and Business Development: Administration: 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) | Salaries | 514,160 | 513,053 | | |
| Total 732,257 726,103 6,154 Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | · | | | 3,897 | |
| Inspections: Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 5 | | | | | |
| Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | Total | 732,257 | 726,103 | 6,154 | |
| Salaries 782,480 782,477 3 Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | Inspections: | | | | |
| Employee benefits 240,400 238,210 2,190 Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: 899 894 5 Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | • | 782 480 | 782 477 | 3 | |
| Operating expenses 58,308 54,461 3,847 Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | | | | | |
| Capital outlay 2,118 1,347 771 Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | • • | | | | |
| Total 1,083,306 1,076,495 6,811 Housing Code Enforcement: Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | · | | | | |
| Salaries 459,560 459,512 48 Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | | | | | |
| Employee benefits 166,340 161,038 5,302 Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | - | | | | |
| Operating expenses 545,536 363,270 182,266 Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Total development services 2,986,999 2,786,418 200,581 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | | | , | | |
| Total 1,171,436 983,820 187,616 Total development services 2,986,999 2,786,418 200,581 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | , , | | , | , | |
| Total development services 2,986,999 2,786,418 200,581 Community and Business Development: Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | | | | | |
| Community and Business Development: Administration: 899 894 5 Salaries 899 325 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | Total | 1,171,436 | 983,820 | 187,616 | |
| Administration: Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | Total development services | 2,986,999 | 2,786,418 | 200,581 | |
| Salaries 899 894 5 Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | Community and Business Development: | | | | |
| Employee benefits 330 325 5 Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | Administration: | | | | |
| Operating expenses (1,695) (1,696) 1 | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | |
| Total (466) (477) 11 | | | | | |
| | Total | (466) | (477) | 11 | |

GENERAL FUND

| | 2023 | | |
|--|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | |
| General Government (Continued): | | | |
| Community Development: | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 306,341 | \$ 294,334 | \$ 12,007 |
| Employee benefits | 145,490 | 144,398 | 1,092 |
| Operating expenses | 1,592,405 | 686,192 | 906,213 |
| Utility service fee | (1,046,520) | (1,046,520) | - |
| Capital outlay | 28,240 | 28,238 | 2 |
| Total | 1,025,956 | 106,642 | 919,314 |
| Neighborhood Redevelopment: | | | |
| Operating expenses | 953,164 | 615,677 | 337,487 |
| Utility service fee | (388,400) | (388,400) | - |
| Total | 564,764 | 227,277 | 337,487 |
| Total community and business development | 1,590,254 | 333,442 | 1,256,812 |
| Human Resources: | | | |
| Salaries | 968,100 | 968,092 | 8 |
| Employee benefits | 2,515,376 | 2,489,307 | 26,069 |
| Operating expenses | 849,619 | 427,606 | 422,013 |
| Capital outlay | 8,020 | 3,719 | 4,301 |
| Utility service fee | (1,738,299) | (1,738,300) | 1 |
| Total human resources | 2,602,816 | 2,150,424 | 452,392 |
| Human Relations: | | | |
| Salaries | 471,630 | 471,610 | 20 |
| Employee benefits | 159,510 | 159,507 | 3 |
| Operating expenses | 134,520 | 52,160 | 82,360 |
| Capital outlay | 2,650 | 2,494 | 156 |
| Utility service fee | (173,000) | (173,000) | - |
| Total human relations | 595,310 | 512,771 | 82,539 |
| Total general government | 26,899,838 | 12,054,806 | 14,845,032 |
| Public Safety: | | | |
| Police: | | | |
| Administration: | | | |
| Salaries | 1,551,200 | 1,551,191 | 9 |
| Employee benefits | 332,290 | 332,284 | 6 |
| Operating expenses | 302,896 | 282,041 | 20,855 |
| Total | 2,186,386 | 2,165,516 | 20,870 |
| Support Services: | | | |
| Salaries | 2,848,080 | 2,848,078 | 2 |
| Employee benefits | 925,170 | 924,550 | 620 |
| Operating expenses | 987,977 | 700,555 | 287,422 |
| Capital outlay | 187,648 | 187,648 | |
| Total | 4,948,875 | 4,660,831 | 288,044 |

GENERAL FUND

| | 2023 | | |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | |
| Public Safety (Continued): Special Operations: | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 1,824,750 | \$ 1,824,742 | \$ 8 |
| Employee benefits | 636,340 | 636,331 | 9 |
| Operating expenses | 483,342 | 369,348 | 113,994 |
| Capital outlay | 181,526 | 178,778 | 2,748 |
| Total | 3,125,958 | 3,009,199 | 116,759 |
| , 3.4. | | | , |
| Patrol Services: | | | |
| Salaries | 5,621,490 | 5,621,482 | 8 |
| Employee benefits | 2,120,130 | 2,120,127 | 3 |
| Operating expenses | 729,940 | 638,998 | 90,942 |
| Capital outlay | 431,604 | 623,499 | (191,895) |
| Total | 8,903,164 | 9,004,106 | (100,942) |
| Investigative Services: | | | |
| Salaries | 1,305,596 | 1,305,593 | 3 |
| Employee benefits | 455,280 | 455,275 | 5 |
| Operating expenses | 205,340 | 124,384 | 80,956 |
| Capital outlay | 60,000 | - | 60,000 |
| Total | 2,026,216 | 1,885,252 | 140,964 |
| Total police | 21,190,599 | 20,724,904 | 465,695 |
| <u>-</u> . | | | |
| Fire: | | | |
| Administration: | 717.500 | 700.040 | 40.070 |
| Salaries | 717,590 | 706,612 | 10,978 |
| Employee benefits | 509,920 | 509,741 | 179 |
| Operating expenses | 410,316 | 394,723 | 15,593 |
| Capital outlay Total | <u>1,166,418</u> 2,804,244 | 786,179 2,397,255 | 380,239 406,989 |
| Total | 2,004,244 | 2,397,233 | 400,969 |
| Operations: | | | |
| Salaries | 7,804,920 | 7,804,919 | 1 |
| Employee benefits | 2,599,920 | 2,599,916 | 4 |
| Operating expenses | 949,235 | 828,338 | 120,897 |
| Capital outlay | 237,084 | 176,952 | 60,132 |
| Total | 11,591,159 | 11,410,125 | 181,034 |
| Prevention: | | | |
| Salaries | 452,280 | 449,274 | 3,006 |
| Employee benefits | 133,810 | 133,802 | 8 |
| Operating expenses | 14,000 | 10,906 | 3,094 |
| Total | 600,090 | 593,982 | 6,108 |
| Trainings | | | |
| Training: Salaries | 516,810 | 516,804 | 6 |
| Employee benefits | 158,710 | 158,708 | 2 |
| Operating expenses | 59,700 | 55,029 | 4,671 |
| Total | 735,220 | 730,541 | 4,679 |
| | | . 50,0 . 1 | ., |
| | | | |
| Total fire | 15,730,713 | 15,131,903 | 598,810 |

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | 2023 | |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | |
| Public Works: | | | |
| Administration: | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 279,800 | \$ 279,580 | \$ 220 |
| Employee benefits | 88,060 | 86,224 | 1,836 |
| Operating expenses | 51,320 | 47,873 | 3,447 |
| Total | 419,180 | 413,677 | 5,503 |
| Street and ROW Maintenance: | | | |
| Salaries | 831,720 | 831,712 | 8 |
| Employee benefits | 290,930 | 290,847 | 83 |
| Operating expenses | 1,471,069 | 1,414,293 | 56,776 |
| Capital outlay | 5,000 | - | 5,000 |
| Service charges | (631,390) | (631,390) | |
| Total | 1,967,329 | 1,905,462 | 61,867 |
| Environmental Service: | | | |
| Salaries | 2,342,800 | 2,342,794 | 6 |
| Employee benefits | 1,079,760 | 1,079,753 | 7 |
| Operating expenses | 5,585,841 | 5,387,495 | 198,346 |
| Capital outlay | 124,354 | 124,353 | 1 |
| Total | 9,132,755 | 8,934,395 | 198,360 |
| Fleet Maintenance: | | | |
| Salaries | 628,150 | 628,141 | 9 |
| Employee benefits | 209,640 | 208,075 | 1,565 |
| Operating expenses | 2,849,930 | 2,716,703 | 133,227 |
| Capital outlay | 2,628,892 | 2,599,221 | 29,671 |
| Service charges | (3,722,090) | (3,722,094) | 4 |
| Total | 2,594,522 | 2,430,046 | 164,476 |
| Engineering: | | | |
| Administration: | 740.000 | 740.050 | _ |
| Salaries | 713,660 | 713,653 | 7 |
| Employee benefits | 224,210 | 224,205 | 5 |
| Operating expenses Utility service fee | 402,470 | 87,857 | 314,613 |
| Total | (459,800) 880,540 | (459,800) 565,915 | 314,625 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u> </u> | |
| Traffic: | 607 000 | 607 902 | 0 |
| Salaries | 607,900 | 607,892 | 8 |
| Employee benefits Operating expenses | 230,370 | 230,365 | 5 151 720 |
| | 528,970 | 377,250 | 151,720 |
| Capital outlay Utility service fee | 6,198 (636,000) | 6,198 (636,000) | - |
| Total | (636,000) 737,438 | 585,705 | 151,733 |
| Chroat Bassefasinas | | | |
| Street Resurfacing: Capital outlay | 5,490,896 | 2,565,967 | 2,924,929 |
| | | | |
| Total public works | 21,222,660 | 17,401,167 | 3,821,493 |

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | 2023 | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | |
| Parks and Recreation: Administration: | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 350,650 | \$ 350,644 | \$ 6 |
| Employee benefits | 115,910 | 115,908 | 2 |
| Operating expenses | 203,964 | 188,404 | 15,560 |
| Total | 670,524 | 654,956 | 15,568 |
| Athletics: | | | |
| Salaries | 305,010 | 305,007 | 3 |
| Employee benefits | 93,749 | 93,741 | 8 |
| Operating expenses Capital outlay | 238,015 2,815 | 237,223 2,815 | 792 |
| Total | 639,589 | 638,786 | 803 |
| | | 030,700 | |
| Cultural Arts: | 050 : | 0=0.4== | |
| Salaries | 350,180 | 350,176 | 2.003 |
| Employee benefits Operating expenses | 98,640 135,430 | 96,637 116,239 | 2,003 19,191 |
| Capital outlay | 5,000 | 110,239 | 5,000 |
| Total | 589,250 | 563,052 | 26,198 |
| Amusements and Special Events: | | | |
| Salaries | 54,890 | 54,882 | 8 |
| Employee benefits | 21,840 | 21,838 | 2 |
| Operating expenses | 452,360 | 433,626 | 18,734 |
| Total | 529,090 | 510,346 | 18,744 |
| Museum: | | | |
| Salaries | 245,500 | 236,352 | 9,148 |
| Employee benefits | 65,960 | 65,952 | 8 |
| Operating expenses | 145,365 | 138,695 | 6,670 |
| Capital outlay Total | 34,510 491,335 | 34,506 475,505 | 15,830 |
| Parks Maintenance: | | | |
| Salaries | 957,030 | 957,030 | _ |
| Employee benefits | 355,500 | 355,492 | 8 |
| Operating expenses | 970,826 | 947,758 | 23,068 |
| Capital outlay | 1,352,968 | 1,338,712 | 14,256 |
| Total | 3,636,324 | 3,598,992 | 37,332 |
| Cemetery Operations: | | | |
| Salaries | 249,640 | 266,245 | (16,605) |
| Employee benefits | 99,460 | 97,563 | 1,897 |
| Operating expenses | 476,145 | 431,180 | 44,965 |
| Capital outlay Total | 559,163 1,384,408 | 128,821 923,809 | 430,342 460,599 |
| Outdoor Programs: | | | |
| Outdoor Programs: Salaries | 238,660 | 238,658 | 2 |
| Employee benefits | 44,290 | 44,284 | 6 |
| Operating expenses | 25,270 | 22,242 | 3,028 |
| Total | 308,220 | 305,184 | 3,036 |
| | | | |

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | 2023 | |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Expenditures (Continued): | | | |
| Parks and Recreation (Continued): | | | |
| Neighborhood Programs: | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 823,480 | \$ 823,479 | \$ 1 |
| Employee benefits | 123,900 | 123,895 | 5 |
| Operating expenses | 564,264 | 537,245 | 27,019 |
| Capital outlay | 10,500 | 9,437 | 1,063 |
| Total | 1,522,144 | 1,494,056 | 28,088 |
| Senior Programs: | | | |
| Salaries | 299,100 | 298,937 | 163 |
| Employee benefits | 85,770 | 85,762 | 8 |
| Operating expenses | 214,000 | 202,795 | 11,205 |
| Capital outlay | 1,691,707 | 1,601,435 | 90,272 |
| Total | 2,290,577 | 2,188,929 | 101,648 |
| Sports Complex: | | | |
| Salaries | 478,810 | 478,806 | 4 |
| Employee benefits | 125,940 | 125,938 | 2 |
| Operating expenses | 380,381 | 360,988 | 19,393 |
| Capital outlay | 194,580 | 194,578 | 2 |
| Total | 1,179,711 | 1,160,310 | 19,401 |
| Imperial Centre: | | | |
| Salaries | 234,280 | 234,273 | 7 |
| Employee benefits | 51,630 | 51,627 | 3 |
| Operating expenses | 483,876 | 469,965 | 13,911 |
| Capital outlay | 3,500 | 2,853 | 647 |
| Total | 773,286 | 758,718 | 14,568 |
| Event Center: | | | |
| Operating expenses - contract | 2,714,410 | 2,717,996 | (3,586) |
| Operating expenses - other | 80,000 | 69,322 | 10,678 |
| Capital outlay | 156,942 | 65,112 | 91,830 |
| Total | 2,951,352 | 2,852,430 | 98,922 |
| Total parks and recreation | 16,965,810 | 16,125,073 | 840,737 |
| Public Service: | | | |
| Capital outlay | 4,234,295 | 765,003 | 3,469,292 |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal | 5,050,000 | 5,426,134 | (376,134) |
| Interest | 1,717,450 | 1,329,994 | 387,456 |
| Total debt service expenditures | 6,767,450 | 6,756,128 | 11,322 |
| Total expenditures | 113,011,365 | 88,958,984 | 24,052,381 |
| Deficiency of revenues under expenditures | (38,684,577) | (13,944,167) | 24,740,410 |

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | 2023 | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | \$ (1,305,819) | \$ (1,205,810) | \$ 100,009 |
| Transfers from other funds | 13,250,000 | 13,250,000 | = |
| SBITA liabilities issued | - | 234,577 | 234,577 |
| Lease liabilities issued | 448,617 | 449,047 | 430 |
| Installment purchase financing issued | 7,095,323 | 5,708,000 | (1,387,323) |
| Total other financing sources (uses): | 19,488,121 | 18,435,814 | (1,052,307) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses) | (19,196,456) | 4,491,647 | 23,688,103 |
| Fund balance appropriated | 19,196,456 | | (19,196,456) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ <u> </u> | 4,491,647 | \$ 4,491,647 |
| Fund Balance: | | | |
| Beginning of year, restated | | 59,146,800 | |
| End of year | | \$ 63,638,447 | |

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PUBLIC FACILITIES CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | Actual | | , | / |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|----|-----------------------|
| | Project | Prior | Current | | | /ariance Positive/ |
| | Budget | Years | Year | Total | 1) | Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Contributions | \$ - | \$ 9,000 | \$ - | \$ 9,000 | \$ | 9,000 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,473,632 | 1,074,232 | 210,519 | 1,284,751 | | (188,881) |
| Total revenues | 1,473,632 | 1,083,232 | 210,519 | 1,293,751 | | (179,881) |
| Expenditures: Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Interest | 1,473,632 | 1,074,232 | 210,519 | 1,284,751 | | 188,881 |
| Total expenditures | 1,473,632 | 1,074,232 | 210,519 | 1,284,751 | | 188,881 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | \$ 9,000 | - | \$ 9,000 | \$ | 9,000 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | 9,000 | | | |
| End of year | | | \$ 9,000 | | | |

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ARPA FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | Actual | | Variance |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Project | Prior | Current | | Positive/ |
| | Budget | Years | Year | Total | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 11,521,180 | \$ 1,160,942 | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 11,160,942 | \$ (360,238) |
| Investment earnings | | 6,602 | 16,899 | 23,501 | 23,501 |
| Total revenues | 11,521,180 | 1,167,544 | 10,016,899 | 11,184,443 | (336,737) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Salaries | 1,160,942 | 1,160,942 | - | 1,160,942 | - |
| Operating | 360,238 | - | - | - | 360,238 |
| Total expenditures | 1,521,180 | 1,160,942 | - | 1,160,942 | 360,238 |
| Excess of revenues over | | | | | |
| expenditures | 10,000,000 | 6,602 | 10,016,899 | 10,023,501 | 23,501 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | (10,000,000) | - | (10,000,000) | (10,000,000) | - |
| Total other financing (uses) | (10,000,000) | - | (10,000,000) | (10,000,000) | - |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ 6,602 | 16,899 | \$ 23,501 | \$ 23,501 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | 6,602 | | |
| End of year | | | \$ 23,501 | | |

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | Capital Project Funds | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------|----|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Assets: Cash and cash equivalents/investments | \$ | 2,265,578 | \$ | 1,108,571 | \$ | 3,374,149 |
| Receivables - net: | Ψ | 2,200,070 | Ψ | 1,100,011 | Ψ | 0,07 1,110 |
| Ad valorem taxes | | _ | | 4,825 | | 4,825 |
| Other governmental agencies | | 958,916 | | 414,367 | | 1,373,283 |
| Other | | 594,280 | | 7,402 | | 601,682 |
| Prepaid items | | 330,000 | | - | | 330,000 |
| Restricted cash and investments | | - | | 80,000 | | 80,000 |
| Total assets | \$ | 4,148,774 | \$ | 1,615,165 | \$ | 5,763,939 |
| Linkilition | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenditures | \$ | 42,252 | \$ | _ | \$ | 42,252 |
| Unearned revenue | Ψ | 42,232 | Ψ | 80,000 | Ψ | 80,000 |
| Due to other funds | | 167,301 | | 287,172 | | 454,473 |
| Total liabilities | | 209,553 | | 367,172 | - | 576,725 |
| | | <u> </u> | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | |
| Taxes receivable | | | | 4,841 | | 4,841 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | | | 4,841 | | 4,841 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | |
| Prepaid items | | 330,000 | | - | | 330,000 |
| Restricted: | | | | 404 -00 | | |
| Stabilization by state statute | | 1,553,196 | | 421,769 | | 1,974,965 |
| Public safety | | 1,098,402 | | - | | 1,098,402 |
| Parks and recreation | | 534,285 | | - | | 534,285 |
| Economic development | | 10,835 | | - | | 10,835 |
| Committed: | | 000.050 | | | | 600.056 |
| Public service | | 622,056 | | 740 400 | | 622,056 |
| Future capital projects | | - | | 749,109 72,274 | | 749,109 72,274 |
| Assigned Unassigned | | (209,553) | | 12,214 | | (209,553) |
| Total fund balances | | 3,939,221 | - | 1,243,152 | | 5,182,373 |
| Total faria palarious | | 0,000,221 | | 1,270,102 | | 0,102,010 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | | | | | |
| resources, and fund balances | \$ | 4,148,774 | \$ | 1,615,165 | \$ | 5,763,939 |

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | Special Revenue Funds | | Capital Project Funds | Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds |
|--------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|---|
| Revenues: | _ | | _ | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 4,827,669 | \$ | 646,617 | \$ 5,474,286 |
| Project revenues | | 2,328,822 | | - | 2,328,822 |
| Investment earnings | | 43,240 | | 28,721 | 71,961 |
| Contributions | | - | | 150 | 150 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | |
| Total revenues | | 7,199,731 | | 675,488 | 7,875,219 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Constal government | | | | 486,275 | 486.275 |
| General government Public safety | | - 139,911 | | 400,275 | 139,911 |
| Public safety Public service | | • | | - | • |
| | | 5,299,016 | | - | 5,299,016 |
| Community revitalization | | 1,434,413 | | - | 1,434,413 |
| Economic development | | 178,061 | | - | 178,061 |
| Debt service: | | 40.040 | | | 40.040 |
| Principal | | 16,316 | | - | 16,316 |
| Interest | | 134 | | - | 134 |
| Total expenditures | | 7,067,851 | | 486,275 | 7,554,126 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | | 131,880 | | 189,213 | 321,093 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Inception of SBITA agreement | | 23,531 | | - | 23,531 |
| Transfers to other funds | | (250,000) | | - | (250,000) |
| Transfers from other funds | | 969,431 | | 161,379 | 1,130,810 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 742,962 | | 161,379 | 904,341 |
| Net change in fund balances | | 874,842 | | 350,592 | 1,225,434 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | 3,064,379 | | 892,560 | 3,956,939 |
| End of year | \$ | 3,939,221 | \$ | 1,243,152 | \$ 5,182,373 |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Public Transportation Grants Fund

The purpose of the Public Transportation Grants Fund is to account for federal and state grants used to finance the Rocky Mount Transit (bus) system.

Entitlement Grants Fund

The purpose of the Entitlement Grants Fund is to account for projects financed with Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Grants that are used for revitalization of low and moderate-income areas within the City.

Crime/Safety Control Fund

This fund was established to account for federal and state grants used to finance law enforcement and fire projects including bullet proof vests, kid safety programs, law enforcement block grants, and other projects for crime and safety control.

Economic Development Fund

This fund was established to account for federal and state grants used to promote improvement in economically depressed areas, improve housing, public infrastructure, employment and business opportunities.

Emergency Management Fund

This fund was established to account for federal and state grant funds used to recover from the effects of natural disasters.

Emergency Telephone System Fund

This fund was established to account for state funds received related to monthly charges to telephone subscribers. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to specific purchase and maintenance of emergency telephone equipment.

Occupancy Tax

This fund was established to account for monies received from the local occupancy tax.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

| | Tra | Public nsportation Grants | titlement Grants | Crime/ Safety Control | | Economic Development | |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|--------|
| Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents/investments Receivables - net: | \$ | - | \$ 622,056 | \$ | 516,139 | \$ | 10,835 |
| Other governmental agencies | | 739,517 | 183,861 | | 35,538 | | - |
| Other | | 470,888 | - | | - | | - |
| Prepaid items | | 330,000 | - | | - | | - |
| Total assets | | 1,540,405 | 805,917 | | 551,677 | | 10,835 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenditures | | 42,252 | - | | - | | - |
| Due to other funds | | 167,301 | - | | - | | - |
| Total liabilities | | 209,553 | - | | - | | - |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | |
| Prepaid items | | 330,000 | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted: | | | | | | | |
| Stabilization by state statute | | 1,210,405 | 183,861 | | 35,538 | | - |
| Public safety | | - | - | | 516,139 | | - |
| Parks and recreation | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Economic development | | - | - | | - | | 10,835 |
| Committed | | - | 622,056 | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | | (209,553) | | | | | - |
| Total fund balance | | 1,330,852 | 805,917 | | 551,677 | | 10,835 |
| Total liabilities and fund balance | \$ | 1,540,405 | \$ 805,917 | \$ | 551,677 | \$ | 10,835 |

| Emerç Manag | | Te | nergency elephone System | 00 | ccupancy Tax | Total |
|----------------|---|----|--------------------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|
| \$ | - | \$ | 582,263 | \$ | 534,285 | \$ 2,265,578 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | 958,916 |
| | _ | | _ | | 123,392 | 594,280 |
| | _ | | _ | | - | 330,000 |
| | - | | 582,263 | | 657,677 | 4,148,774 |
| | | | · | | · | |
| | - | | - | | - | 42,252 |
| | - | | - | | - | 167,301 |
| | - | | - | | - | 209,553 |
| | - | | - | | - | 330,000 |
| | _ | | _ | | 123,392 | 1,553,196 |
| | _ | | 582,263 | | - | 1,098,402 |
| | _ | | - | | 534,285 | 534,285 |
| | _ | | _ | | - | 10,835 |
| | _ | | - | | - | 622,056 |
| | _ | | - | | - | (209,553) |
| | | | 582,263 | | 657,677 | 3,939,221 |
| \$ | _ | \$ | 582,263 | \$ | 657,677 | \$ 4,148,774 |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Tra | Public nsportation Grants | E | ntitlement Grants | Crime/ Safety Control | | conomic relopment |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|----|----------------------|---------------------------------|----|----------------------|
| Revenues: | • | | _ | | | • | .= |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 2,751,670 | \$ | 1,111,434 | \$ 324,837 | \$ | 178,061 |
| Project revenues | | 2,162,061 | | 166,761 | - | | - |
| Investment earnings | | - 1 0 1 0 7 0 1 | | 1,851 | 269 | | 339 |
| Total revenues | | 4,913,731 | | 1,280,046 | 325,106 | | 178,400 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | | - | | - | 139,911 | | - |
| Public service | | 5,188,471 | | - | - | | - |
| Community revitalization | | - | | 1,434,413 | - | | - |
| Economic development | | - | | - | - | | 178,061 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | 8,050 | | - | - | | - |
| Interest | | - | | - | - | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 5,196,521 | | 1,434,413 | 139,911 | | 178,061 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | | (282,790) | | (154,367) | 185,195 | | 339 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | |
| Inception of SBITA agreement Transfers to other funds | | 23,531 | | - | - | | - |
| Transfers from other funds | | 358,511 | | 550,000 | 24,486 | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 382,042 | | 550,000 | 24,486 | | - |
| Net change in fund balances | | 99,252 | | 395,633 | 209,681 | | 339 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | 1,231,600 | | 410,284 | 341,996 | | 10,496 |
| End of year | \$ | 1,330,852 | \$ | 805,917 | \$ 551,677 | \$ | 10,835 |

| Emergency Management | | nergency elephone System | 0 | ccupancy Tax | Total | | |
|-------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|-----------------|-------|-----------|--|
| \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 461,667 | \$ | 4,827,669 | |
| - | | - | | · - | | 2,328,822 | |
| - | | 16,915 | | 23,866 | | 43,240 | |
| _ | | 16,915 | | 485,533 | | 7,199,731 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| - | | - | | - | | 139,911 | |
| - | | 110,545 | | - | | 5,299,016 | |
| - | | - | | - | | 1,434,413 | |
| - | | - | | - | | 178,061 | |
| _ | | 8,266 | | - | | 16,316 | |
| - | | 134 | | - | | 134 | |
| | | 118,945 | | - | | 7,067,851 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | (102,030) | | 485,533 | | 131,880 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| - | | - | | - | | 23,531 | |
| - | | - | | (250,000) | | (250,000) | |
| - | | 36,434 | | - | | 969,431 | |
| | | 36,434 | | (250,000) | | 742,962 | |
| - | | (65,596) | | 235,533 | | 874,842 | |
| | 1 | 647,859 | | 422,144 | | 3,064,379 | |
| \$ | \$ | 582,263 | \$ | 657,677 | \$ | 3,939,221 | |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | | | Ac | tual | | | | | Variance |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----|----------------|----|-----------------|------|--------------|----|------------|----|------------------------|
| | Project Authorization | | Prior Years | | Current Year | | Closed | | Total | | Positive/ Negative) |
| Revenues: | Authorization | | rears | | rear | | Projects | | Total | | negative) |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 15,457,408 | \$ | 15,311,778 | \$ | 2.751.670 | \$ | (7,176,646) | \$ | 10,886,802 | \$ | (4,570,606) |
| Project revenues | 10,249,744 | • | 11,659,322 | • | 2,162,061 | • | (5,387,318) | • | 8,434,065 | • | (1,815,679) |
| Miscellaneous | 130,400 | | 66,210 | | - | | (9,711) | | 56,499 | | (73,901) |
| Total revenues | 25,837,552 | | 27,037,310 | | 4,913,731 | | (12,573,675) | | 19,377,366 | | (6,460,186) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Service: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating | 24,676,200 | | 22,590,994 | | 5,101,078 | | (9,313,741) | | 18,378,331 | | 6,297,869 |
| Capital outlay | 2,307,246 | | 5,967,550 | | 87,393 | | (4,512,508) | | 1,542,435 | | 764,811 |
| Debt Service Principal | 8,050 | | - | | 8,050 | | | | 8,050 | | - |
| Total expenditures | 26,991,496 | | 28,558,544 | | 5,196,521 | | (13,826,249) | | 19,928,816 | | 7,062,680 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (1,153,944) | | (1,521,234) | | (282,790) | | (1,252,574) | | (551,450) | | 602,494 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | 1,153,944 | | 1,223,962 | | 358,511 | | 669,485 | | 2,251,958 | | 1,098,014 |
| Transfers to other funds | (25,000) | | (25,000) | | - | | - | | (25,000) | | - |
| Inception of SBITA agreement | - | | - | | 23,531 | | - | | 23,531 | | 23,531 |
| Fund balance appropriated | 25,000 | | - | | | | - | | | | (25,000) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 1,153,944 | | 1,198,962 | | 382,042 | | 669,485 | | 2,250,489 | | 1,096,545 |
| , | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjustment for closed projects | <u>-</u> | _ | 1,553,872 | | | | <u>-</u> | | 1,553,872 | | 1,553,872 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ | 1,231,600 | | 99,252 | \$ | (583,089) | \$ | 3,252,911 | \$ | 3,252,911 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | | | 1,231,600 | | | | | | |
| End of year | | | | \$ | 1,330,852 | | | | | | |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ENTITLEMENT GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | Actual | | | Variance Positive/ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | Project | Prior | Current | | | | |
| | Authorization | Years | Year | Total | | | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 16,672,938 | \$ 11,008,283 | \$ 1,111,434 | \$ | 12,119,717 | \$ | (4,553,221) |
| Project revenues | 1,944,173 | 2,159,450 | 166,761 | | 2,326,211 | | 382,038 |
| Investment earnings | - | 1,664 | 1,851 | | 3,515 | | 3,515 |
| Miscellaneous | 5,462 | 17,843 | | | 17,843 | | 12,381 |
| Total revenues | 18,622,573 | 13,187,240 | 1,280,046 | | 14,467,286 | | (4,155,287) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Community revitalization program: | | | | | | | |
| Operating | 19,945,117 | 13,598,288 | 1,341,472 | | 14,939,760 | | 5,005,357 |
| Capital outlay | 5,100 | - | - | | - | | 5,100 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 826,990 | 760,000 | 72,500 | | 832,500 | | (5,510) |
| Interest | 320,366 | 293,668 | 20,441 | | 314,109 | | 6,257 |
| Total expenditures | 21,097,573 | 14,651,956 | 1,434,413 | | 16,086,369 | | 5,011,204 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (2,475,000) | (1,464,716) | (154,367) | | (1,619,083) | | 855,917 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | 2,475,000 | 1,875,000 | 550,000 | | 2,425,000 | | (50,000) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,475,000 | 1,875,000 | 550,000 | | 2,425,000 | | (50,000) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ 410,284 | 395,633 | \$ | 805,917 | \$ | 805,917 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | 410,284 | | | | |
| End of year | | | \$ 805,917 | | | | |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CRIME/SAFETY CONTROL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Project norization | Prior Years | Actual Current Year | Total | | F | /ariance Positive/ legative) |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Total revenues | \$ 795,088 - 795,088 | \$ 875,685 - 875,685 | \$ 324,837 269 325,106 | \$ | 1,200,522 269 1,200,791 | \$ | 405,434 269 405,703 |
| Expenditures: Public Safety: Operating Capital outlay Total expenditures | 416,150 426,700 842,850 | 176,671 428,540 605,211 | 72,171 67,740 139,911 | | 248,842 496,280 745,122 | | 167,308 (69,580) 97,728 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds | (47,762) 47,762 | 270,474 | 185,195 | | 455,669 95,214 | | 503,431 |
| Adjustment for closed projects | - | 794 | | | 794 | | 794 |
| Net change in fund balance Fund Balance: Beginning of year End of year | \$ | \$ 341,996 | \$ 209,681 341,996 551,677 | \$ | 551,677 | \$ | 551,677 |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | Actual | | | | | Variance | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-------------|-----------------|----|---------|----|-----------|------------|----------|--|
| | | Project | Prior | (| Current | | | Positive/ | | |
| | Au | thorization | Years | | Year | | Total | (Negative) | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 1,380,000 | \$ 1,280,447 | \$ | 178,061 | \$ | 1,458,508 | \$ | 78,508 | |
| Investment earnings | | - | 10,496 | | 339 | | 10,835 | | 10,835 | |
| Total revenues | | 1,380,000 | 1,290,943 | | 178,400 | | 1,469,343 | | 89,343 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Economic Development: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating | | 1,380,000 | 1,280,447 | | 178,061 | | 1,458,508 | | (78,508) | |
| Capital outlay | | - | - | | , - | | - | | - | |
| Total expenditures | | 1,380,000 | 1,280,447 | | 178,061 | | 1,458,508 | | (78,508) | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | | 10,496 | | 339 | | 10,835 | | 10,835 | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | | \$ 10,496 | | 339 | \$ | 10,835 | \$ | 10,835 | |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | | | 10,496 | | | | | |
| End of year | | | | \$ | 10,835 | | | | | |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | | | A | ctual | | Variance Positive/ | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------|-------|---------|------|-------|---------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | ı | Project | | Prior | Cu | rrent | | | | |
| | Authorization | | Years | | Year | | Total | (Negative | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| ntergovernmental | \$ | 793,141 | \$ | 793,141 | \$ | | \$ 793,141 | \$ | | |
| Total revenues | | 793,141 | | 793,141 | | | 793,141 | | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Emergency Management: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating | | 793,141 | | 793,141 | | - | 793,141 | \$ | | |
| Total expenditures | | 793,141 | | 793,141 | | - | 793,141 | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | | \$ | | | - | \$ | \$ | | |
| Fund Balance: Beginning of year | | | | | | | | | | |
| End of year | | | | | \$ | _ | | | | |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Budget | A | ctual | Variance Positive/ (Negative) | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|----|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Revenues: | Φ. | ¢. | 16.015 | ¢. | 16.015 | |
| Investment earnings Total revenues | <u>\$ -</u> | \$ | 16,915 16,915 | \$ | 16,915 16,915 | |
| Total revenues | | | 10,915 | | 10,915 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Public service: | | | | | | |
| Telephone | 216,590 | | 33,536 | | 183,054 | |
| Software maintenance | - | | 62,342 | | (62,342) | |
| Hardware maintenance | - | | 11,752 | | (11,752) | |
| Training | - | | 2,915 | | (2,915) | |
| Capital outlay | 184,820 | | - | | 184,820 | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal | 8,276 | | 8,266 | | 10 | |
| Interest | 134 | | 134 | | - | |
| Total expenditures | 409,820 | | 118,945 | | 290,875 | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (409,820) | | (102,030) | | 307,790 | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | 36,434 | | 36,434 | | - | |
| Fund balance appropriated | 373,386 | | - | | 373,386 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 409,820 | | 36,434 | | 373,386 | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | | (65,596) | \$ | (65,596) | |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | 647,859 | | | |
| End of year | | \$ | 582,263 | | | |

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OCCUPANCY TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | | | Actual | | ١ | /ariance | |
|------------------------------------|----|--------------|-----------------|------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | | Project | Prior | | Current | | Positive/ | | |
| | Αι | ıthorization | Years | Year | | Total | (1 | legative) | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 9,525,000 | \$ 9,589,226 | \$ | 461,667 | \$ 10,050,893 | \$ | 525,893 | |
| Investment earnings | | 35,000 | 91,925 | | 23,866 | 115,791 | | 80,791 | |
| Total revenues | | 9,560,000 | 9,681,151 | | 485,533 | 10,166,684 | | 606,684 | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | | (9,560,000) | (9,259,007) | | (250,000) | (9,509,007) | | 50,993 | |
| Total other financing sources | | , , | | | | , , | | | |
| (uses) | | (9,560,000) | (9,259,007) | | (250,000) | (9,509,007) | | 50,993 | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | | \$ 422,144 | | 235,533 | \$ 657,677 | \$ | 657,677 | |
| Fund Balance: Beginning of year | | | | | 422,144 | | | | |
| End of year | | | | \$ | 657,677 | | | | |

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

General Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for construction of various City projects to improve City parks and operational facilities.

General Capital Development Fund

This fund is used to account for federal and state grant funds and other locally funded projects for various parks and recreation projects in addition to the construction of various multi-year projects.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

| | General Capital Projects | | De | neral Capital evelopment Projects | | Total Ionmajor Dital Project Funds |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|----|---|----|---|
| Assets: | • | 0=0.400 | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents/investments | \$ | 359,462 | \$ | 749,109 | \$ | 1,108,571 |
| Receivables - net: | | 4.005 | | | | 4.005 |
| Ad valorem taxes | | 4,825 | | - | | 4,825 |
| Other governmental agencies | | - | | 414,367 | | 414,367 |
| Other | | - | | 7,402 | | 7,402 |
| Restricted cash and investments | | - | _ | 80,000 | _ | 80,000 |
| Total assets | \$ | 364,287 | \$ | 1,250,878 | \$ | 1,615,165 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Unearned revenues Due to other funds | \$ | - 287,172 | \$ | 80,000 | \$ | 80,000 287,172 |
| Total liabilities | | 287,172 | | 80,000 | | 367,172 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | |
| Taxes receivable | | 4,841 | | | | 4,841 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | 4,841 | | | | 4,841 |
| Fund Balances: Restricted: | | | | | | |
| Stabilization by state statute | | - | | 421,769 | | 421,769 |
| Committed | | - | | 749,109 | | 749,109 |
| Assigned | | 72,274 | | - | | 72,274 |
| Total fund balance | | 72,274 | | 1,170,878 | | 1,243,152 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 364,287 | \$ | 1,250,878 | \$ | 1,615,165 |
| -, | | , | | ,===,== | | ,, |

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | General Capital Projects | | | eral Capital velopment Projects | Total Ionmajor bital Project Funds |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|----|---------------------------------------|---|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | - | \$ | 646,617 | \$ 646,617 |
| Investment earnings | | - | | 28,721 | 28,721 |
| Contributions | | - | | 150 | 150 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | <u>-</u> | |
| Total revenues | | | | 675,488 | 675,488 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General government | | | | 486,275 | 486,275 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | | | 189,213 | 189,213 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | | - | | 161,379 | 161,379 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | 161,379 | 161,379 |
| Net change in fund balances | | - | | 350,592 | 350,592 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | 72,274 | | 820,286 | 892,560 |
| End of year | \$ | 72,274 | \$ | 1,170,878 | \$ 1,243,152 |

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - GENERAL CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM PROJECT INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | | Actu | al | | Variance |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| | Project Authorization | Prior Years | | Current Year | Closed Projects | Total | Positive/ (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | • | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 2,977,894 | \$ 7,094,9 | 74 \$ | 646,617 | \$ (4,845,384) | \$ 2,896,207 | \$ (81,687) |
| Investment earnings | 403,081 | 466,6 | 89 | 28,721 | - | 495,410 | 92,329 |
| Contributions | 5,684,869 | 5,063,9 | 06 | 150 | (6,600) | 5,057,456 | (627,413) |
| Total revenues | 9,065,844 | 12,625,5 | 69 | 675,488 | (4,851,984) | 8,449,073 | (616,771) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Capital projects: | | | | | | | |
| Development projects | 38,779,040 | 44,293,8 | 29 | 486,275 | (8,984,134) | 35,795,970 | 2,983,070 |
| Total expenditures | 38,779,040 | 44,293,8 | 29 | 486,275 | (8,984,134) | 35,795,970 | 2,983,070 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (29,713,196) | (31,668,2 | 60) | 189,213 | 4,132,150 | (27,346,897) | 2,366,299 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | (18,555,557) | (18,555,5 | 57) | - | - | (18,555,557) | - |
| Transfers from other funds | 4,968,238 | 7,951,6 | 16 | 161,379 | (4,132,150) | 3,980,845 | (987,393) |
| Unamortized bond premium/discount | - | 3,477,4 | 87 | - | - | 3,477,487 | 3,477,487 |
| Debt financing issued | 43,300,515 | 39,615,0 | 00 | - | - | 39,615,000 | (3,685,515) |
| Total other financing sources | | | | | | | |
| (uses) | 29,713,196 | 32,488,5 | 46 | 161,379 | (4,132,150) | 28,517,775 | (1,195,421) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ 820,2 | 86 | 350,592 | - | \$ 1,170,878 | \$ 1,170,878 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | _ | 820,286 | | | |
| End of year | | | \$ | 1,170,878 | | | |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for utility operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises where the intent is that the cost of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Electric Fund

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's electric power distribution system.

Gas Fund

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's natural gas distribution system.

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water treatment and distribution system.

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewer treatment system.

Stormwater Management Fund

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's storm water management system.

Water Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the capital projects of the City's water treatment and distribution system.

Sewer Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the capital projects of the City's sewer treatment system.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - ELECTRIC FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Budget | | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | _ | _ |
| User charges | \$ 75,750 | | \$ 72,871,475 | \$ (2,878,525) |
| Other operating revenue | | ,100 | 496,206 | (449,894) |
| Other nonoperating revenue | | ,600 | 132,150 | 31,550 |
| Investment earnings Total revenues | 76,821 | ,000 | 1,214,293 74,714,124 | 1,189,293 (2,107,576) |
| Total revenues | 70,021 | ,700 | 74,714,124 | (2,107,370) |
| Expenditures and Budgetary Appropriations: | | | | |
| Distribution systems: | | | | |
| Salaries | 2,959 | | 2,934,779 | 24,441 |
| Employee benefits | 2,065 | | 2,065,618 | 2 |
| Electric power purchase | 51,316 | | 51,099,920 | 216,724 |
| Operating expense | 12,789 | ,600 | 11,773,542 | 1,016,058 |
| Engineering: | | | | |
| Salaries | | ,110 | 788,351 | 5,759 |
| Employee benefits | | ,220 | 258,447 | 13,773 |
| Operating expense | 429 | ,322 | 310,874 | 118,448 |
| Energy services: Salaries | 705 | 004 | 770 007 | E 004 |
| | | ,001 | 779,997 | 5,004 |
| Employee benefits Operating expense | 1,461 | ,310 | 220,882 1,053,199 | 3,428 408,318 |
| Capital outlay | | ,349 | 96,355 | 13,994 |
| Budgetary appropriations: | 110 | ,349 | 90,333 | 13,994 |
| Capital outlay | 11,454 | 103 | 6,052,940 | 5,401,553 |
| Debt service expenditures | 1,491 | | 1,489,529 | 1,515 |
| Total expenditures and budgetary appropriations | 86,153 | | 78,924,433 | 7,229,017 |
| . Star Stip State South Datagetter, appropriations | | , | . 0,02 1,100 | .,, |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations | (9,331 | ,750) | (4,210,309) | 5,121,441 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | (2,600 | ,001) | (2,600,000) | 1 |
| Issuance of lease | 38 | ,740 | 39,048 | 308 |
| Issuance of installment purchases | 4,124 | ,260 | 2,250,000 | (1,874,260) |
| Fund balance appropriated | 7,768 | ,751 | | (7,768,751) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 9,331 | ,750 | (310,952) | (9,642,702) |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | \$ | <u>-</u> | (4,521,261) | \$ (4,521,261) |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis: | | | | |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | | | (0.040.400) | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | (2,310,109) | |
| Capitalized capital outlay | | | 2,266,620 | |
| Debt issued | | | (2,289,048) 1,409,621 | |
| Debt principal (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | | (28,911) | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | | 1,014,032 | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | | 578,436 | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | | (1,793,926) | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | | (371,385) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | | (182,370) | |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | | 454,555 | |
| Change in net position | | | \$ (5,773,746) | |
| - , | | | <u> </u> | |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - GAS OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| Paramora | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | \$ 29,514,916 | \$ 27,779,573 | 3 \$ (1,735,343) |
| User charges Other operating revenue | 425,000 | 318,456 | , |
| . • | 425,000 | 310,430 | (100,344) |
| Other nonoperating revenue | 75.000 | 400 201 | - 222.205 |
| Investment earnings Total revenues | 75,000 30,014,916 | 408,295 28,506,324 | |
| Total revenues | 30,014,910 | 20,300,322 | (1,500,592) |
| Expenditures and Budgetary Appropriations: | | | |
| Distribution systems: | | | |
| Salaries | 1,404,630 | 1,382,657 | 21,973 |
| Employee benefits | 1,668,630 | 1,607,292 | 61,338 |
| Natural gas purchases | 18,439,625 | 18,132,752 | 306,873 |
| Operating expense | 9,021,956 | 8,468,952 | 553,004 |
| Budgetary appropriations: | | | |
| Capital outlay | 1,911,823 | 1,106,257 | 805,566 |
| Debt services expenditures | 604,166 | 318,814 | 285,352 |
| Appropriation to school system | 250,000 | | - 250,000 |
| Total expenditures and budgetary appropriations | 33,300,830 | 31,016,724 | 2,284,106 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations | (3,285,914) | (2,510,400 | 775,514 |
| 04 5: : 0 41) | | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | (400,000) | (400.000 | . \ |
| Transfers to other funds | (400,000) | • | , |
| Proceeds from inventory sale | - | (272 | , |
| Issuance of lease | 60,084 | 61,109 | |
| Fund balance appropriated | 3,625,830 | (000.40) | (3,625,830) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 3,285,914 | (339,163 | (3,624,805) |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | \$ - | (2,849,563 | 3) \$ (2,849,291) |
| (under) experiencies and budgetary appropriations and other infancing uses | Ψ - | = (2,049,500 | θ (2,043,231) |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis: | | | |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | | | |
| Depreciation | | (545,503 | 3) |
| Capitalized capital outlay | | 328,822 | 2 |
| Debt principal | | 307,490 | |
| Debt issued | | (61,109 | |
| Gain (loss) on retirement/transfer of assets | | 22,027 | , |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | 7,113 | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | 394,346 | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | 224,947 | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | (697,637 | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | (122,228 | , |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred utilities of resources - OPEB | | (60,020 | • |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | 149,60 | • |
| Change in net position | | \$ (2,901,714 | _ |
| onango in not pooliton | | Ψ (2,301,712 | <u>~</u> |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| Revenues: | | Budget | | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|----------|------------------------|----|-------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| User charges | \$ | 11,825,000 | \$ | 12,047,259 | \$ | 222,259 |
| Licenses and permits | φ | 115,495 | φ | 47,875 | φ | (67,620) |
| Other operating revenue | | 313,360 | | 77,396 | | (235,964) |
| Other nonoperating revenue | | 150,000 | | 24,879 | | (125,121) |
| Investment earnings | | 5,000 | | 356,004 | | 351,004 |
| Total revenues | | 12,408,855 | | 12,553,413 | | 144,558 |
| | | ,, | | ,, | | , |
| Expenditures and Budgetary Appropriations: Water treatment plants: | | | | | | |
| Salaries | | 1,756,045 | | 1,773,635 | | (17,590) |
| Employee benefits | | 1,271,401 | | 1,267,411 | | 3,990 |
| Operating expense | | 5,548,673 | | 4,789,564 | | 759,109 |
| Water services: | | 5,546,075 | | 4,709,304 | | 759,109 |
| Salaries | | 792,490 | | 800,343 | | (7,853) |
| | | 308,290 | | 283,109 | | 25,181 |
| Employee benefits Operating expense | | 2,688,710 | | 2,543,502 | | 145,208 |
| | | 2,000,710 | | 2,343,302 | | 145,206 |
| Budgetary appropriations: Capital outlay | | 3,695,880 | | 989,017 | | 2,706,863 |
| Debt services expenditures | | 210,662 | | 208,253 | | 2,700,803 |
| Total expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | 16,272,151 | | 12,654,834 | | 3,617,317 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | (3,863,296) | | (101,421) | | 3,761,875 |
| Other Financing Sources (Head) | | | | | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of lease | | 24 505 | | 24 570 | | 74 |
| | | 34,505 | | 34,579 | | 12.741 |
| Inception of subscription-based information technology agreement | | 2 020 704 | | 12,741 | | , |
| Fund balance appropriated | | 3,828,791 3,863,296 | | 47,320 | | (3,828,791) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 3,003,290 | | 47,320 | | (3,815,976) |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over | \$ | _ | | (54.404) | \$ | (54,101) |
| (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | <u> </u> | | | (54,101) | <u> </u> | (04,101) |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis | | | | | | |
| (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis: | | | | | | |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | | (1,245,039) | | |
| Capitalized capital outlay | | | | 207,356 | | |
| Gain (loss) on retirement/transfer of assets | | | | (25,876) | | |
| Debt issued | | | | (47,320) | | |
| Debt principal | | | | 207,541 | | |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | | | 28,849 | | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | | | 732,357 | | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | | | 417,759 | | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | | | (1,295,613) | | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | | | (110,808) | | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | | | (225,612) | | |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | | | 276,186 | | |
| Change in net position | | | \$ | (1,134,321) | | |
| - 0 1 | | | | (. , ,) | | |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | Budget | | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | |
|--|----|-----------|----|---------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Expenditures and Budgetary Appropriations: | Φ. | 704.000 | Φ. | 4 404 | Φ | 700 500 |
| Capital outlay | \$ | 791,000 | \$ | 1,404 | \$ | 789,596 |
| Total expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | 791,000 | | 1,404 | | 789,596 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | (791,000) | | (1,404) | | 789,596 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | |
| Fund balance appropriated | | 791,000 | | | | (791,000) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 791,000 | | | | (791,000) |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | (1,404) | \$ | (1,404) |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | Budget | | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|----|-------------|----|-------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | • | 14 250 000 | Φ | 10.050.644 | . | (4.400.250) |
| User charges | \$ | 14,350,000 | \$ | 12,850,644 | \$ | (1,499,356) |
| Licenses and permits | | 132,000 | | 34,220 | | (97,780) |
| Other operating revenue | | 1,761,000 | | 1,183,108 | | (577,892) |
| Investment earnings | | 5,000 | | 73,980 | | 68,980 |
| Total revenues | | 16,248,000 | | 14,141,952 | | (2,106,048) |
| Expenditures and Budgetary Appropriations: | | | | | | |
| Waste water treatment plants: | | | | | | |
| Salaries | | 1,199,570 | | 1,209,945 | | (10,375.00) |
| Employee benefits | | 1,024,310 | | 1,023,560 | | 750 |
| Operating expense | | 7,466,083 | | 6,668,572 | | 797,511 |
| Sewer services: | | .,, | | 0,000,0.2 | | , |
| Salaries | | 655,460 | | 576,498 | | 78.962 |
| Employee benefits | | 240,632 | | 195,179 | | 45,453 |
| Operating expense | | 4,155,300 | | 3,638,834 | | 516,466 |
| Budgetary appropriations: | | 4,100,000 | | 3,030,034 | | 310,400 |
| Capital outlay | | 4,255,721 | | 1,393,204 | | 2,862,517 |
| Debt services expenditures | | 1,080,129 | | 1,067,735 | | 12,394 |
| Total expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | 20,077,205 | | 15,773,527 | | 4,303,678 |
| Total experiorules and budgetally appropriations | | 20,077,203 | | 13,773,327 | - | 4,303,076 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | (3,829,205) | | (1,631,575) | | 2,197,630 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | 4.040 | | 4.040 | | |
| Issuance of lease | | 1,242 | | 1,242 | | - (4.054.750) |
| Installment purchase financing issued | | 1,533,758 | | 179,000 | | (1,354,758) |
| Fund balance appropriated | | 2,294,205 | | | | (2,294,205) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 3,829,205 | | 180,242 | | (3,648,963) |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | \$ | | | (1,451,333) | \$ | (1,451,333) |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis: | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | | | (2,158,400) | | |
| Debt principal | | | | 972,349 | | |
| Capitalized capital outlay | | | | 977,706 | | |
| Debt issued | | | | (180,242) | | |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | | | 15,309 | | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | | | 436,597 | | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | | | 249,048 | | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | | | (772,385) | | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | | | (164,538) | | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | | | (80,797) | | |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | | | 201,384 | | |
| Change in net position | | | \$ | (1,955,302) | | |
| · | | | | (, = = ; = = =) | | |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Budget | | Actual | | F | /ariance Positive legative) |
|---|--------|-----------|--------|-------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Expenditures and Budgetary Appropriations: | | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | \$ | 980,000 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 979,500 |
| Total expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | 980,000 | | 500 | | 979,500 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations | | (980,000) | | (500) | | 979,500 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | | 271,000 | | - | | (271,000) |
| Fund balance appropriated | | 709,000 | | - | | (709,000) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 980,000 | | | | (980,000) |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | \$ | | \$ | (500) | \$ | (500) |

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|--------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: User charges | \$ 4,130,000 | \$ 4,157,480 | \$ 27,480 |
| Other operating revenue | 82,000 | 22.721 | (59,279) |
| Investment earnings | 10,000 | 189,960 | 179,960 |
| Total revenues | 4,222,000 | 4,370,161 | 148,161 |
| Expenditures and Budgetary Appropriations: | | | |
| Stormwater management: | | | |
| Salaries | 130,060 | 131,666 | (1,606) |
| Employee benefits | 70,920 | 42,544 | 28,376 |
| Operating expense | 1,128,300 | 988,884 | 139,416 |
| Stormwater operations: | | | |
| Salaries | 1,297,870 | 1,300,897 | (3,027) |
| Employee benefits | 859,730 | 751,123 | 108,607 |
| Operating expense | 620,660 | 503,718 | 116,942 |
| Budgetary appropriations: | | | |
| Capital outlay | 2,184,614 | 1,340,827 | 843,787 |
| Debt services expenditures | 221,660 | 221,659 | 1 |
| Total expenditures and budgetary appropriations | 6,513,814 | 5,281,318 | 1,232,496 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations | (2,291,814) | (911,157) | 1,380,657 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | 75,000 | 75,000 | - |
| Inception of lease | 273,000 | 116,000 | (157,000) |
| Fund balance appropriated | 1,943,814 | - | (1,943,814) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,291,814 | 191,000 | (2,100,814) |
| Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated over | | | |
| (under) expenditures and budgetary appropriations and other financing uses | \$ - | (720,157) | \$ (720,157) |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis: | | | |
| Depreciation | | (333,357) | |
| Capitalized capital outlay | | 1,060,258 | |
| Debt issued | | (116,000) | |
| Debt principal | | 213,063 | |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | 24,940 | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | 380,262 | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | 216,913 | |
| Increase (decrease) in net pension liability | | (672,723) | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | (131,630) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | (64,638) | |
| Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability | | 161,108 | |
| Change in net position | | \$ 18,039 | |

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service funds are used to account for intragovernmental services or any shared type service.

Risk Management Fund

This fund is established to manage the City's self-insurance revenues and expenditures.

Communications Fund

This fund is established to manage the City's radio and telephone expenditures.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

| | Risk Management | | Com | ımunications | Total Internal Service Funds | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|-----|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 641,927 | \$ | 885,973 | \$ | 1,527,900 | |
| Other | | 31,873 | | - | | 31,873 | |
| Total current assets | | 673,800 | | 885,973 | | 1,559,773 | |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated | | | | 1 700 517 | | 4 700 547 | |
| depreciation and amortization | | | | 1,730,517 | | 1,730,517 | |
| Total noncurrent assets | | - | | 1,730,517 | | 1,730,517 | |
| Total assets | | 673,800 | | 2,616,490 | | 3,290,290 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | - | | 42,232 | | 42,232 | |
| Current portion of long term liability | | | | 144,083 | | 144,083 | |
| Total current liabilities | | - | | 186,315 | | 186,315 | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent portion of long term liability | | - | | 135,943 | | 135,943 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | - | · | 135,943 | | 135,943 | |
| Total liabilities | | | | 322,258 | | 322,258 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | _ | | 1,450,491 | | 1,450,491 | |
| Unrestricted | | 673,800 | | 843,741 | | 1,517,541 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 673,800 | \$ | 2,294,232 | \$ | 2,968,032 | |

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | M | Risk Management Commun | | munications | | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|----|---------------------------|----|----------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| Operating Revenues: Insurance premiums | \$ | 14,583,803 | \$ | | \$ | 14,583,803 |
| User charges | φ | 14,565,605 | φ | - 1,418,789 | φ | 1,418,789 |
| Total operating revenues | | 14,583,803 | | 1,418,789 | | 16,002,592 |
| Operating Expenses: Current: | | | | | | |
| Insurance claims | | 11,562,652 | | - | | 11,562,652 |
| Cost of service and administration | | 2,890,891 | | - | | 2,890,891 |
| Communications | | - | | 1,263,672 | | 1,263,672 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | | 390,819 | | 390,819 |
| Total operating expenses | | 14,453,543 | | 1,654,491 | | 16,108,034 |
| Operating income (loss) | | 130,260 | | (235,702) | | (105,442) |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | | | | | | |
| Interest expense | | | | (12,854) | | (12,854) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | - | | (12,854) | | (12,854) |
| Change in net position | | 130,260 | | (248,556) | | (118,296) |
| Net Position: | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year, restated | | 543,540 | | 2,542,788 | | 3,086,328 |
| End of year | \$ | 673,800 | \$ | 2,294,232 | \$ | 2,968,032 |

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | M | Risk anagement | Con | nmunications | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|----|-------------------|-----|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ | 14,583,715 | \$ | 1,418,789 | \$ 16,002,504 |
| Payments to suppliers for goods and services | | (14,472,697) | | (1,071,092) | (15,543,789) |
| Payments to or on behalf of employees | | | | (166,851) | (166,851) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 111,018 | | 180,846 | 291,864 |
| Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | | | | |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | | - | | (140,033) | (140,033) |
| Interest paid on long-term debt | | - | | (12,854) | (12,854) |
| Net cash used by capital and related financing activities | | - | | (152,887) | (152,887) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 111,018 | | 27,959 | 138,977 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments: | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | 530,909 | | 858,014 | 1,388,923 |
| End of year | \$ | 641,927 | \$ | 885,973 | \$ 1,527,900 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 130,260 | \$ | (235,702) | \$ (105,442) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | _ | | 390,819 | 390,819 |
| Change in Assets and Liabilities: | | | | , | , |
| Decrease in receivables and assessments | | (88) | | _ | (88) |
| Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses | | `- | | 25,729 | 25,729 [°] |
| Decrease in accrued compensated absences | | | | • | |
| and other accrued liabilities | | (19,154) | | | (19,154) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 111,018 | \$ | 180,846 | \$ 291,864 |

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - RISK MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FINANCIAL PLAN AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Financial Plan | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Insurance premiums | \$ 14,830,000 | \$ 14,583,803 | \$ (246,197) |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Insurance claims | 14,480,000 | 11,562,652 | 2,917,348 |
| Administrative fees | 350,000 | 2,890,891 | (2,540,891) |
| Total expenditures | 14,830,000 | 14,453,543 | 376,457 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ - | \$ 130,260 | \$ 130,260 |

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - COMMUNICATIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FINANCIAL PLAN AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | <u>Fir</u> | nancial Plan | Actual | ı | Variance Positive/ Negative) |
|--|------------|--------------|----------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | = = = = | | (100 =0.1) |
| User charges | _\$ | 1,852,310 | \$ 1,418,789 | \$ | (433,521) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | | 165,050 | 166,851 | | (1,801) |
| Operating expense | | 1,209,366 | 944,934 | | 264,432 |
| Capital outlay | | 522,273 | 176,617 | | 345,656 |
| Debt service: | | | | | |
| Principal | | 152,901 | 140,033 | | 12,868 |
| Interest | | _ | 12,854 | | (12,854) |
| Total expenditures | | 2,049,590 | 1,441,289 | | 608,301 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (197,280) | (22,500) | | 174,780 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Fund balance appropriated | | 197,280 | - | | (197,280) |
| Issuance of SBITA | | - | 24,730 | | 24,730 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 197,280 | 24,730 | | (172,550) |
| Revenues and other financing sources and fund balances appropriated over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses) | _ \$ | <u>-</u> | 2,230 | \$ | 2,230 |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis: Depreciation and amortization Principal payments on long-term debt | | | (390,819) 140,033 | | · |
| Change in net position | | | \$ (248,556) | | |

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

The information in this section includes supplemental information about the City of Rocky Mount

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE-GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2023

| Year | Uncollected Balance June 30, 2022 | Additions and Refunds | | | Collections and Credits | | Incollected Balance ine 30, 2023 |
|--|---|-----------------------|------------|----|-------------------------|----|--|
| 2022-2023 | \$ - | \$ | 29,481,476 | \$ | 28,812,724 | \$ | 668,752 |
| 2021-2022 | 1,244,796 | * | | * | 587,890 | * | 656,906 |
| 2020-2021 | 904,240 | | _ | | 285,888 | | 618,352 |
| 2019-2020 | 489,804 | | - | | 129,651 | | 360,153 |
| 2018-2019 | 354,354 | | - | | 96,390 | | 257,964 |
| 2017-2018 | 307,655 | | _ | | 77,182 | | 230,473 |
| 2016-2017 | 300,283 | | _ | | 69,115 | | 231,168 |
| 2015-2016 | 269,475 | | - | | 61,301 | | 208,174 |
| 2014-2015 | 246,653 | | _ | | 48,592 | | 198,061 |
| 2013-2014 | 260,430 | | - | | 48,627 | | 211,803 |
| 2012-2013 | 237,251 | | - | | 172,237 | | 65,014 |
| 2011-2012 | 62,109 | | - | | 49,780 | | 12,329 |
| 2010-2011 | 11,375 | | - | | 11,375 | | - |
| Total | \$ 4,688,425 | \$ | 29,481,476 | \$ | 30,450,752 | | 3,719,149 |
| Ad valorem taxes receivable, net Reconcilement with Revenue: Taxes Penalties and interest | | | | | | \$ | 1,084,584 30,386,463 534,739 |
| Total | | | | | | | 30,921,202 |
| Ad valorem taxes (excluding penaltic | es and interest): | | | | | | 20 040 602 |
| Current year | | | | | | | 28,919,603 |
| Prior years | | | | | | | 1,404,460 |
| Special District | | | | | | | 62,400 30,386,463 |
| Releases and transfers from interest Other | t | | | | | | 28,447 35,842 |
| Total collections and credits | | | | | | \$ | 30,450,752 |

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | | | | | | Total | Levy | |
|--|---|-----|------------------------------------|----|--|--|------|---------------------------------|
| | Property Valuation | Per | Tax Rate Per \$100 Valuation | | Tax Levy | Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles | | legistered Motor Vehicles |
| Original Levy: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxed at current year's rate: Real property Personal property Public service property | \$ 2,986,521,901 1,191,460,279 112,124,526 4,290,106,706 | \$ | 0.685 0.685 0.685 | \$ | 20,457,681 8,161,505 768,053 29,387,239 | \$ 20,457,681 4,773,269 768,053 25,999,003 | \$ | 3,388,236 - 3,388,236 |
| Discoveries Discoveries Discoveries Total property valuation | 13,268,003 501,486 6,870 \$ 4,303,883,065 | | 0.685 0.660 0.605 | | 90,886 3,310 41 | 90,886 3,310 41 | | |
| Net levy | | | | | 29,481,476 | 26,093,240 | | 3,388,236 |
| Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023 | | | | | 668,752 | 666,541 | | 2,211 |
| Current year's taxes collected | | | | \$ | 28,812,724 | \$ 25,426,699 | \$ | 3,386,025 |
| Percent of current year taxes collected | | | | | 97.73% | 97.45% | | 99.93% |

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY SOURCE FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2023

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Governmental Funds Capital Assets: | | |
| Land and land improvements | \$ 34,862,205 | \$ 33,199,691 |
| Buildings | 78,190,997 | 75,686,703 |
| Equipment | 65,732,459 | 61,843,147 |
| Infrastructure | 65,726,735 | 65,450,597 |
| Construction in progress | 5,280,602 | 799,358 |
| Right to use lease assets | 8,598,306 | 8,130,013 |
| Subscription assets | 667,440 | 406,332 |
| Total governmental funds capital assets | \$ 259,058,744 | \$ 245,515,841 |
| Investment in Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source: | | |
| General fund | \$ 251,095,346 | \$ 237,510,401 |
| Special revenue funds | 7,963,398 | 8,005,440 |
| Total governmental funds capital assets | \$ 259,058,744 | \$ 245,515,841 |

Note: Amounts presented above exclude accumulated depreciation.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2023

| | Land and Land Improvement | s Buildings | Equipment | Infrastructure | Construction In Progress | Right to use lease assets | Subscription assets | Totals |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| General government: Mayor and Council | \$ 4,036,52 | 8 \$ - | \$ 7,169 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 4,043,697 |
| City clerk | 4,807,23 | | 37,629 | Ф - | Ф - | Ъ - | Ф - | 4,987,558 |
| City manager | 4,007,23 | - 142,091 | 144,881 | - | - | 202,783 | - | 347,664 |
| Finance | | - 47,860 | 1,611,180 | _ | _ | 202,703 | _ | 1,659,040 |
| Business services | | - 6.220 | 292.557 | _ | _ | 2,252 | _ | 301.029 |
| Central services | 1.922.63 | ., . | 5,554,641 | 762,487 | 1,083,276 | 147,639 | _ | 48,003,083 |
| Human resources | 1,022,00 | - 5,229 | 14,132 | | -,000,2.0 | 17,430 | _ | 36,791 |
| Technology services | | - 53,541 | 3,704,019 | _ | - | 146,716 | 307,423 | 4,211,699 |
| Community and Business Development | | | - | - | - | 34,903 | - | 34,903 |
| Total general government | 10,766,40 | 3 38,787,944 | 11,366,208 | 762,487 | 1,083,276 | 551,723 | 307,423 | 63,625,464 |
| Transit | 350,53 | 4 381,162 | 7,175,175 | . <u>-</u> | | | 23,531 | 7,930,402 |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | |
| Police | 51,59 | 515,037 | 6,229,392 | 59,863 | - | 2,613,431 | 192,251 | 9,661,564 |
| Fire | 59,34 | | 10,227,718 | 76,250 | 677,530 | 30,035 | | 17,319,765 |
| Total public safety | 110,93 | 9 6,763,920 | 16,457,110 | 136,113 | 677,530 | 2,643,466 | 192,251 | 26,981,329 |
| Public works | 1,324,02 | 0 4,722,606 | 18,492,760 | 63,300,947 | 3,181,996 | 92,847 | | 91,115,176 |
| Planning/inspections | 9,58 | 0 | 380,775 | . <u> </u> | | | | 390,355 |
| Parks and recreation | 21,244,84 | 0 27,437,167 | 7,267,175 | 1,415,263 | 337,800 | 5,310,270 | 111,239 | 63,123,754 |
| Community and business development | 1,048,18 | 9 - | 72,891 | . <u> </u> | | | | 1,121,080 |
| Internal service fund - communications | 7,70 | 98,198 | 4,520,365 | 111,925 | | | 24,730 | 4,762,918 |
| E-911 fund | | <u>- </u> | | | | | 8,266 | 8,266 |
| Total general capital assets | \$ 34,862,20 | 5 \$ 78,190,997 | \$ 65,732,459 | \$ 65,726,735 | \$ 5,280,602 | \$ 8.598.306 | \$ 667.440 | \$ 259,058,744 |

Note: Amounts presented above exclude accumulated depreciation/amortization.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | _Ju | Balance ine 30, 2022 | Additions | <u>D</u> | eductions | _Jı | Balance une 30, 2023 |
|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|-----|-------------------------|
| General government: | | | | | | | |
| Mayor and Council | \$ | 3,264,413 | \$ 1,076,900 | \$ | 297,615 | \$ | 4,043,698 |
| City clerk | | 4,744,905 | 242,653 | | - | | 4,987,558 |
| City manager | | 288,810 | 63,457 | | 3,816 | | 348,451 |
| Finance | | 1,978,593 | - | | 319,553 | | 1,659,040 |
| Business services | | 249,358 | 90,656 | | 41,523 | | 298,491 |
| Central services | | 45,781,849 | 2,346,428 | | 125,193 | | 48,003,084 |
| Human resources | | 36,791 | _ | | _ | | 36,791 |
| Technology services | | 4,033,457 | 176,773 | | | | 4,210,230 |
| Community and Business Development | | 9,883 | 28,238 | | | | 38,121 |
| Economic development | | 2,848 | - | | 2,848 | | - |
| Total general government | | 60,390,907 | 4,025,105 | | 790,548 | | 63,625,464 |
| Transit | | 7,972,445 | 23,531 | | 65,574 | | 7,930,402 |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | |
| Police | | 9,184,937 | 1,018,730 | | 542,104 | | 9,661,563 |
| Fire | | 16,487,434 | 838,215 | | 5,883 | | 17,319,766 |
| Total public safety | | 25,672,371 | 1,856,945 | | 547,987 | | 26,981,329 |
| Public works | | 85,460,689 | 6,413,240 | | 758,753 | | 91,115,176 |
| Planning/inspections | | 325,718 | 64,637 | | | | 390,355 |
| Parks and recreation | | 59,738,404 | 3,616,713 | | 231,363 | | 63,123,754 |
| Community and business development | | 1,121,080 | | | | | 1,121,080 |
| Internal service fund - communications | | 4,825,961 | | | 63,043 | | 4,762,918 |
| E-911 fund | | 8,266 | | | | | 8,266 |
| Total general capital assets | \$ | 245,515,841 | \$ 16,000,171 | \$ | 2,457,268 | \$ | 259,058,744 |

Note: Amounts presented above exclude accumulated depreciation/amortization.

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

Schedules presented in the Statistical Section differ from financial statements because they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present nonaccounting data. The Statistical Section reflects social and economic data, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the City.

Content

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source(s).

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | | Fisca | l Ye | ar | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 101,937,388 | \$ 96,137,124 | \$ | 99,725,082 | \$ 81,540,859 | \$ 80,360,386 |
| Restricted | 11,415,537 | 11,808,330 | | 11,099,682 | 13,193,796 | 15,896,233 |
| Unrestricted | 14,645,780 | 14,213,439 | | 17,989,713 | 30,839,119 | 891,807 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ 127,998,705 | \$ 122,158,893 | \$ | 128,814,477 | \$ 125,573,774 | \$ 97,148,426 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 131,834,630 | \$ 132,597,894 | \$ | 134,594,908 | \$ 136,435,853 | \$ 137,736,874 |
| Restricted | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Unrestricted | 45,598,769 | 51,243,421 | | 60,342,541 | 68,867,998 | 67,964,293 |
| Total business-type activities net position | \$ 177,433,399 | \$ 183,841,315 | \$ | 194,937,449 | \$ 205,303,851 | \$ 205,701,167 |
| Primary government | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 233,772,018 | \$ 228,735,018 | \$ | 234,319,990 | \$ 217,976,712 | \$ 218,097,260 |
| Restricted | 11,415,537 | 11,808,330 | | 11,099,682 | 13,193,796 | 15,896,233 |
| Unrestricted | 60,244,549 | 65,456,860 | | 78,332,254 | 99,707,117 | 68,856,100 |
| Total primary government net position | \$ 305,432,104 | \$ 306,000,208 | \$ | 323,751,926 | \$ 330,877,625 | \$ 302,849,593 |

Source: Audited Annual financial reports for the City of Rocky Mount

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| (meet and busis of needanting) | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2020</u> | | <u>2021</u> | | <u>2022</u> | | <u>2023</u> |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 76,922,983 | \$ | 76,448,008 | \$ | 80,168,758 | \$ | 82,832,384 | \$ | 84,333,700 |
| Restricted | | 17,038,331 | | 18,199,733 | | 15,844,242 | | 17,798,456 | | 19,645,472 |
| Unrestricted | | 3,056,112 | | 5,551,292 | | 13,387,874 | | 12,883,106 | | 17,668,446 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ | 97,017,426 | \$ | 100,199,033 | \$ | 109,400,874 | \$ | 113,513,946 | \$ | 121,647,618 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 139,979,877 | \$ | 144,714,974 | \$ | 146,886,096 | \$ | 151,384,975 | \$ | 150,239,394 |
| Restricted | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unrestricted | | 73,535,748 | | 70,348,770 | | 72,890,058 | | 67,504,472 | | 56,906,009 |
| Total business-type activities net position | \$ | 213,515,625 | \$ | 215,063,744 | \$ | 219,776,154 | \$ | 218,889,447 | \$ | 207,145,403 |
| Primary government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 216,902,860 | \$ | 221,162,982 | \$ | 227,054,854 | \$ | 234,217,359 | \$ | 234,573,094 |
| Restricted | | 17,038,331 | | 18,199,733 | | 15,844,242 | | 17,798,456 | | 19,645,472 |
| Unrestricted | | 76,591,860 | | 75,900,062 | | 86,277,932 | | 80,387,578 | | 74,574,455 |
| Total primary government net position | \$ | 310,533,051 | \$ | 315,262,777 | \$ | 329,177,028 | \$ | 332,403,393 | \$ | 328,793,021 |

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | | 2014 | 2015 | Fiscal Year 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---|----------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Expenses | | 2011 | 2015 | 2010 | 2017 | 2010 |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | |
| General government | S | 9,044,265 \$ | 4,615,284 \$ | 5,737,117 \$ | 4,246,118 \$ | 5,607,38 |
| Public safety | | 25,449,659 | 25,597,650 | 26,975,314 | 29,086,467 | 29,605,0 |
| Public Works | | 9,453,179 | 10,706,055 | 8,077,219 | 9,728,894 | 9,953,7 |
| Engineering | | 814,945 | 583,199 | 932,529 | 886,679 | 1,060,0 |
| Parks and recreation | | 1,587,287 | 8,938,049 | 9,977,191 | 16,248,923 | 21,956,4 |
| Public Service | | 5,951,988 | 5,997,352 | 8,562,021 | 6,358,027 | 6,859,0 |
| Emergency management | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Economic development | | 18,735 | 136,816 | 31,056 | 41,392 | 29,1 |
| Community revitalization | | 860,152 | 699,439 | 1,884,490 | 1,588,747 | 984,4 |
| Interest on Long-term debt | _ | 621,151 | 448,397 | 444,951 | 843,423 | 2,207,9 |
| otal governmental activities expenses | _ | 53,801,361 | 57,722,241 | 62,621,888 | 69,028,670 | 78,263,2 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | |
| Electric | | 89,711,665 | 87,658,326 | 69,017,466 | 70,787,007 | 71,232,2 |
| Gas | | 21,752,958 | 21,526,874 | 20,071,951 | 18,422,872 | 24,975,0 |
| Water | | 7,709,102 | 10,170,488 | 10,065,328 | 10,431,418 | 10,373,2 |
| Sewer | | 13,223,459 | 13,050,143 | 12,673,511 | 12,860,780 | 12,716,6 |
| Storm Water Management | | 3,618,378 | 3,342,760 | 3,348,865 | 3,328,174 | 3,347,8 |
| Total business-type activities expenses | _ | 136,015,562 | 135,748,591 | 115,177,121 | 115,830,251 | 122,645,0 |
| Total primary government expenses | \$ | 189,816,923 \$ | 193,470,832 \$ | 177,799,009 \$ | 184,858,921 \$ | 200,908,2 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | | |
| = | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | 1.041.272 | 1 775 761 | 1 922 656 | 964 670 | 0 672.0 |
| General government | | 1,941,273 | 1,775,761 | 4,832,656 | 864,670 | 9,672,9 |
| Public Safety | | 265,988 | 353,021 | 327,997 | 375,369 | 294,5 |
| Public Works | | 6,851,520 | 6,615,262 | 6,690,067 | 6,798,518 | 6,860,3 |
| Recreation | | 1,389,363 | 1,321,850 | 1,360,969 | 1,246,085 | 1,617,8 |
| Public Service | | 1,985,842 | 2,022,601 | 2,014,616 | 2,540,841 | 2,371,4 |
| Other activities | | 15,959 | 11,956 | 34,578 | 3,608 | 6,3 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 7,407,188 | 5,373,671 | 6,766,148 | 6,343,215 | 5,792,8 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 1,015,333 | 762,051 | 718,009 | 3,332,477 | 1,139,9 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | | 20,872,466 | 18,236,173 | 22,745,040 | 21,504,783 | 27,756,2 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | |
| Electric | | 93,835,654 | 93,130,224 | 81,661,205 | 80,722,623 | 77,137,4 |
| Gas | | 26,655,662 | 27,193,682 | 20,390,319 | 21,533,673 | 27,026,0 |
| Water | | 10,991,423 | 10,953,543 | 11,348,246 | 11,050,295 | 11,196,2 |
| Sewer | | 11,957,654 | 12,063,032 | 12,848,730 | 12,950,113 | 13,915,3 |
| Storm Water Management | | 3,505,458 | 4,096,545 | 4,068,312 | 4,087,544 | 4,218,9 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | - | - | - | - | |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 29,000 | - | - | 94,658 | 62,3 |
| Total business-type activities program revenues | _ | 146,974,851 | 147,437,026 | 130,316,812 | 130,438,906 | 133,556,4 |
| Total primary government program revenues | S | 167,847,317 \$ | 165,673,199 \$ | 153,061,852 \$ | 151,943,689 \$ | 161,312,6 |
| | | | | | | |
| Net (expense)/revenue | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | (32,928,895) \$ | (39,486,068) \$ | (39,876,848) \$ | (47,523,887) \$ | (50,506,9 |
| Business-type activities | | 10,959,289 | 11,688,435 | 15,139,691 | 14,608,655 | 10,911,4 |
| Total primary government net expense | S | (21,969,606) \$ | (27,797,633) \$ | (24,737,157) \$ | (32,915,232) \$ | (39,595,5 |
| Component unit: | | | | | | |
| City of Rocky Mount Theatre, LLC | | | | | | |
| | | (0.142.074) | | | | |
| Expenses | | (8,143,974) | - | - | - | |
| Investment earnings | | 1 044 520 | - | - | - | - |
| Operating grants and contributions | • | 1,944,530 (6,199,444) \$ | - \$ | | - \$ | |
| Total City of Rocky Mount Theatre, LLC | 3 | (6,199,444) \$ | - 3 | - 2 | - 2 | |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | | 23,435,908 | 23,283,987 | 24,034,407 | 24,460,822 | 24,973,0 |
| | | | | | | |
| Local option taxes | | 9,271,192 | 9,979,384 | 10,455,857 | 11,355,472 | 11,788,8 |
| Other taxes | | 3,672,642 | 4,257,262 | 4,752,948 | 4,703,361 440,160 | 4,663,4 909,6 |
| Investment earnings | | 65,120 | 63,732 | 106,992 | | |
| Miscellaneous | | 3,024,711 | 5,028,768 | 2,946,466 | 2,996,049 | 3,473,1 |
| Transfers | _ | 2,967,000 | 3,660,250 | 4,235,762 | 4,725,000 | 3,075,0 |
| Total governmental activities | | 42,436,573 | 46,273,383 | 46,532,432 | 48,680,864 | 48,883,1 |
| Ni 4 4 ¹ i4 ¹ | | 00 *** | 02 *** | 102 202 | 402 = 1= | 1.00.0 |
| | | 98,463 | 92,516 | 192,205 | 482,747 | 1,036,9 |
| Investment earnings | | - | (3,660,250) | (4.005.750) | - (4.505.000) | (2.055 |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous | | (2.0(7.000) | | (4,235,762) | (4,725,000) | (3,075,0 |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers | _ | (2,967,000) | | (4.042.555) | | (2,038,0 |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers fotal business-type activities | _ | (2,868,537) | (3,567,734) | (4,043,557) | (4,242,253) | |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Fotal business-type activities | \$ | | | (4,043,557) 42,488,875 \$ | (4,242,253) 44,438,611 \$ | |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government | S | (2,868,537) | (3,567,734) | | | |
| Miscellaneous Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Position | s | (2,868,537) 39,568,036 \$ | (3,567,734) 42,705,649 \$ | 42,488,875 \$ | 44,438,611 \$ | 46,845,0 |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Cotange in Net Position Governmental activities | <u>s</u> | (2,868,537) 39,568,036 \$ 9,507,678 \$ | (3,567,734) 42,705,649 \$ 6,787,315 \$ | 42,488,875 \$ 6,655,584 \$ | 44,438,611 \$ 1,156,977 \$ | 46,845,0 |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities | \$ | (2,868,537) 39,568,036 \$ 9,507,678 \$ 8,090,752 | (3,567,734) 42,705,649 \$ 6,787,315 \$ 8,120,701 | 42,488,875 \$ 6,655,584 \$ 11,096,134 | 44,438,611 \$ 1,156,977 \$ 10,366,402 | (1,623,8 8,873,3 |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Position Governmental activities | S S | (2,868,537) 39,568,036 \$ 9,507,678 \$ | (3,567,734) 42,705,649 \$ 6,787,315 \$ | 42,488,875 \$ 6,655,584 \$ | 44,438,611 \$ 1,156,977 \$ | 46,845,0 |

Source: Audited annual financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

Note: Effective 9/1/15, the electric rates reflected an overall reduction due to the sale of the NCEMPA generation assets to Duke Energy Progess.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| (accrual basis of accounting) | | | | | | |
|--|----|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | Fiscal Year | | |
| | | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | |
| General government | S | 7,357,849 \$ | 6,848,465 | | 12,327,072 \$ | 12,508,765 |
| Public safety Public Works | | 29,825,141 9,021,275 | 32,377,844 11,278,326 | 31,534,336 6,775,575 | 32,292,754 11,221,898 | 37,284,082 14,254,730 |
| Engineering | | 9,021,273 | 11,276,320 | 0,775,575 | 11,221,090 | 14,234,730 |
| Parks and recreation | | 18,943,080 | 13,413,840 | 10,857,582 | 12,448,235 | 15,048,561 |
| Public Service | | 8,814,382 | 6,570,392 | 11,012,582 | 6,239,506 | 6,064,019 |
| Emergency management | | | - | 665,162 | 127,979 | 138,428 |
| Economic development | | 106,821 | 11,297 | 728,614 | 545,579 | - |
| Community revitalization | | 466,546 | 1,075,455 | 1,309,612 | 1,797,915 | 1,434,413 |
| Interest on Long-term debt | | 2,190,205 | 2,147,553 | 2,046,395 | 1,564,995 | 1,573,162 |
| Total governmental activities expenses | | 76,725,299 | 73,723,172 | 72,141,387 | 78,565,933 | 88,306,160 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | |
| Electric | | 71,142,497 | 69,985,488 | 69,259,226 | 71,664,187 | 77,887,870 |
| Gas | | 21,456,450 | 21,093,159 | 20,545,958 | 24,820,895 | 31,008,038 |
| Water | | 11,798,893 | 12,141,931 | 12,092,929 | 11,757,729 | 13,687,734 |
| Sewer | | 13,286,082 | 15,208,286 3,879,397 | 15,732,793 | 15,893,835 | 16,097,254 |
| Storm Water Management Total business-type activities expenses | _ | 3,570,243 121,254,165 | 122,308,261 | 3,521,327 121,152,233 | 3,522,754 127,659,400 | 4,427,122 143,108,018 |
| Total primary government expenses | 9 | 197,979,464 \$ | 196,031,433 | \$ 193,293,620 \$ | 206,225,333 \$ | 231,414,178 |
| | 3 | 197,979,404 3 | 190,031,433 | 3 193,293,020 3 | 200,223,333 3 | 231,414,176 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | |
| General government | | 3,226,365 | 2,516,056 | 2,510,582 | 1,586,500 | 1,743,720 |
| Public Safety | | 340,056 | 289,210 | 631,326 | 837,131 | 157,500 |
| Public Works Recreation | | 7,214,890 2,227,424 | 7,334,261 1,491,125 | 7,810,018 1,408,814 | 8,713,031 | 9,479,138 2,394,032 |
| Public Service | | 3,079,191 | 2,538,310 | 1,752,613 | 1,761,433 2,041,335 | 2,394,032 |
| Other activities | | 3,075,151 | 2,550,510 | 1,752,015 | 2,041,555 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 5,306,611 | 5,634,127 | 8,181,445 | 8,209,652 | 20,212,730 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 2,239,141 | 1,474,267 | 1.189.785 | 652,759 | 646,617 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | _ | 23,633,678 | 21,277,356 | 23,484,583 | 23,801,841 | 34,633,737 |
| Business-type activities: | _ | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | |
| Electric | | 76,969,195 | 74,175,274 | 76,046,308 | 75,844,699 | 73,367,681 |
| Gas | | 22,678,311 | 21,196,220 | 22,021,733 | 24,169,921 | 28,098,029 |
| Water | | 11,563,436 | 11,788,916 | 11,391,136 | 11,837,945 | 12,172,530 |
| Sewer | | 14,754,290 | 14,382,455 | 14,909,238 | 13,398,684 | 14,067,972 |
| Storm Water Management | | 4,167,514 | 4,171,205 | 4,136,256 | 4,149,725 | 4,180,201 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | | | - | - | - |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 300,000 | 303,926 | - | - | - |
| Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues | | 130,432,746 154,066,424 \$ | 126,017,996 147,295,352 | 128,504,671 \$ 151,989,254 \$ | 129,400,974 153,202,815 \$ | 131,886,413 166,520,150 |
| Total primary government program revenues | , | 134,000,424 3 | 147,293,332 | 3 131,767,234 3 | 133,202,613 3 | 100,320,130 |
| Net (expense)/revenue | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | s | (53,091,621) \$ | (52,445,816) | \$ (48,656,804) \$ | (54,764,092) \$ | (53,672,423) |
| Business-type activities | | 9,178,581 | 3,709,735 | 7,352,438 | 1,741,574 | (11,221,605) |
| Total primary government net expense | S | (43,913,040) \$ | (48,736,081) | \$ (41,304,366) \$ | (53,022,518) \$ | (64,894,028) |
| | | | | | | |
| Component unit: | | | | | | |
| City of Rocky Mount Theatre, LLC Expenses | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating grants and contributions | | | | | | |
| Total City of Rocky Mount Theatre, LLC | S | - S | - | s - s | - S | |
| Total City of Robity Mount Theatre, 220 | Ť | . | | - | 9 | |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | | 26,982,181 | 27,882,481 | 28,748,392 | 28,504,020 | 30,587,804 |
| Local option taxes | | 12,545,552 | 13,490,989 | 14,707,055 | 16,801,811 | 16,789,438 |
| Other taxes | | 4,699,243 | 4,602,075 | 4,415,117 | 4,126,335 | 4,692,514 |
| Investment earnings | | 1,055,402 | 846,130 | 302,777 | 416,332 | 1,768,417 |
| Miscellaneous Transfers | | 4,578,243 | 5,380,748 | 7,010,304 | 6,253,666 | 3,961,914 |
| Thirde | _ | 3,100,000 | 3,425,000 | 2,675,000 | 2,775,000 | 2,925,000 |
| Total governmental activities | _ | 52,960,621 | 55,627,423 | 57,858,645 | 58,877,164 | 60,725,087 |
| Business-type activities Investment earnings | | 1,735,877 | 1,263,384 | 34,972 | 149,719 | 2,242,532 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,733,077 | 1,203,304 | 34,7/4 | 177,/17 | 157,029 |
| Transfers | | (3,100,000) | (3,425,000) | (2,675,000) | (2,775,000) | (2,925,000) |
| Total business-type activities | _ | (1,364,123) | (2,161,616) | (2,640,028) | (2,625,281) | (525,439) |
| Total primary government | S | 51,596,498 \$ | 53,465,807 | \$ 55,218,617 \$ | 56,251,883 \$ | 60,199,648 |
| | | | ,,, | ,, | ,, | ,, |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | S | (131,000) \$ | 3,181,607 | | | 7,052,664 |
| Business-type activities | _ | 7,814,458 | 1,548,119 | 4,712,410 | (883,707) | (11,747,044) |
| Total primary government | \$ | 7,683,458 \$ | 4,729,726 | \$ 13,914,251 \$ | 3,229,365 \$ | (4,694,380) |
| Total City of Rocky Mount Theatre, LLC | s | - \$ | _ | s - s | - S | _ |
| , Si toony mount inchies, also | 9 | - 3 | | | - 3 | |

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

modified accrual basis of accounting

| indunctivated and basis of accounting | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | Fiscal Year 2016 | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> |
|---|---------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| General Fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 490,108 | \$ 433,469 | \$ 405,755 | \$ 17,037,600 | \$ 17,025,604 |
| Restricted | 11,284,591 | 11,214,768 | 11,354,780 | 11,801,938 | 14,350,085 |
| Assigned | 2,700,083 | 1,355,673 | 1,786,573 | 3,355,341 | 3,499,959 |
| Unassigned | 12,321,582 | 13,640,541 | 13,739,204 | 15,058,082 | 14,675,194 |
| Total General Fund | \$ 26,796,364 | \$ 26,644,451 | \$ 27,286,312 | \$ 47,252,961 | \$ 49,550,842 |
| All other governmental funds Nonspendable, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | 99,000 | 99,000 | \$ 260,000 | \$ 16,989,800 | \$ 288,000 |
| Capital projects funds | - | - | 200,000 | ψ 10,202,000 - | Ψ 200,000 - |
| Restricted, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | 1,592,589 | 1,259,277 | 1,438,274 | 2,147,811 | 1,573,675 |
| Capital projects funds | 1,127,925 | 2,204,394 | 792,144 | 17,186,740 | 8,809,355 |
| Committed, reported in: | , ,, | , | , | .,, | -,, |
| Special revenue funds | 430,111 | 574,086 | 285,493 | 171,100 | 255,230 |
| Capital projects funds | 266,215 | 207,522 | 383,770 | 1,626,320 | 16,649,800 |
| Assigned, reported in: | • | • | , | | |
| Special revenue funds | _ | _ | - | _ | - |
| Capital projects funds | 541,010 | 881,740 | - | _ | - |
| Unassigned, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | (75,353) | (135,664) | (181,120) | (61,850) | (141,462) |
| Capital projects funds | - | - | (100,445) | (16,749,075) | (17,206,874) |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ 3,981,497 | \$ 5,090,355 | \$ 2,878,116 | \$ 21,310,846 | \$ 10,227,724 |
| | | | | | |
| Total governmental funds | \$ 30,777,861 | \$ 31,734,806 | \$ 30,164,428 | \$ 68,563,807 | \$ 59,778,566 |

Source: Audited Annual financial reports for the City of Rocky Mount

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

modified accrual basis of accounting

| 9 | | | Fiscal Year | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2022</u> | <u>2023</u> |
| General Fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 17,098,015 | \$ 17,053,667 | \$ 17,071,142 | \$ 17,155,917 | \$ 20,104,763 |
| Restricted | 13,751,476 | 16,175,052 | 12,821,221 | 16,112,969 | 17,760,358 |
| Assigned | 2,895,545 | 3,204,430 | 4,520,486 | 3,700,000 | 6,883,074 |
| Unassigned | 15,321,511 | 16,406,375 | 18,918,002 | 20,560,302 | 18,890,252 |
| Total General Fund | \$ 49,066,547 | \$ 52,839,524 | \$ 53,330,851 | \$ 57,529,188 | \$ 63,638,447 |
| All other governmental funds | | | | | |
| Nonspendable, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | \$ 288,000 | \$ 400,000 | \$ 400,000 | \$ 390,000 | \$ 330,000 |
| Capital projects funds | - | - | - | _ | _ |
| Restricted, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | 3,530,318 | 3,000,684 | 3,023,021 | 3,076,067 | 3,196,718 |
| Capital projects funds | 1,678,308 | - | - | - | 421,769 |
| Committed, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | 233,245 | 480,040 | 3,302,127 | 1,059,280 | 645,557 |
| Capital projects funds | 16,817,750 | 18,990,988 | 16,649,800 | 16,649,800 | 749,109 |
| Assigned, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | - | - | _ | _ | - |
| Capital projects funds | 72,274 | 72,274 | 72,274 | 72,274 | 72,274 |
| Unassigned, reported in: | ŕ | ŕ | ŕ | • | ŕ |
| Special revenue funds | (237,144) | (656,888) | (150,103) | (640,682) | (209,553) |
| Capital projects funds | (16,640,800) | (16,640,800) | (16,640,800) | (16,640,800) | 9,000 |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ 5,741,951 | \$ 5,646,298 | \$ 6,656,319 | \$ 3,965,939 | \$ 5,214,874 |
| | | | | | |
| Total governmental funds | \$ 54,808,498 | \$ 58,485,822 | \$ 59,987,170 | \$ 61,495,127 | \$ 68,853,321 |

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| (mounted activations) | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|----------|-------------|----|-------------|----|--------------|-------------------|
| | 2014 | | <u>2015</u> | _ | 2016 | | 2017 | 2018 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 23,821,093 | \$ | 23,496,912 | \$ | 24,081,429 | \$ | 24,560,773 | \$ 25,131,933 |
| Intergovernmental revenues | 21,373,550 |) | 22,431,424 | | 24,634,137 | | 28,152,162 | 25,885,896 |
| Licenses and permits | 845,949 |) | 891,336 | | 858,853 | | 1,524,414 | 1,800,839 |
| Sales and services | 8,606,993 | 3 | 8,303,246 | | 8,815,725 | | 8,607,485 | 8,555,114 |
| Investment earnings | 65,120 |) | 63,733 | | 106,991 | | 440,161 | 909,680 |
| Contributions | - | | - | | 20,000 | | 9,000 | - |
| Project revenue | 4,156,053 | 3 | 2,026,322 | | 2,246,491 | | 2,491,335 | 2,400,116 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,268,572 | 2 | 965,243 | | 1,126,983 | | 1,203,327 | 1,382,903 |
| Total revenues | 60,137,330 |) | 58,178,216 | | 61,890,609 | | 66,988,657 | 66,066,481 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 4,672,485 | 5 | 4,809,567 | | 5,437,814 | | 5,211,280 | 6,732,506 |
| Public safety | 25,717,824 | | 26,351,478 | | 27,970,036 | | 27,845,239 | 29,112,732 |
| Public service | 5,746,295 | | 5,277,826 | | 7,149,186 | | 8,898,666 | 6,203,232 |
| Public works | 9,404,184 | | 11,056,678 | | 9,740,887 | | 9,533,773 | 9,121,086 |
| Engineering | 986,374 | | 999,738 | | 1,011,477 | | 867,699 | 1,019,422 |
| Parks and recreation | 7,890,472 | | 8,771,419 | | 8,507,568 | | 14,886,325 | 20,294,354 |
| Economic development | 18,735 | | 136,816 | | 31,056 | | 41,392 | 29,177 |
| Community revitalization | 860,152 | | 699,439 | | 1,884,490 | | 1,588,747 | 984,449 |
| Emergency management | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Capital projects: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 2,328,864 | ļ | 97,114 | | 826,855 | | - | - |
| Public safety | 374,769 |) | 69,883 | | 95,483 | | 73,191 | 517,470 |
| Parks and recreation | 212,243 | 3 | 821,261 | | 1,642,385 | | 1,020,954 | 188,143 |
| Public service | 108,768 | 3 | 485,370 | | 1,261,081 | | _ | - |
| Community revitalization | = | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 4,030,356 | ó | 3,863,984 | | 3,870,807 | | 3,640,565 | 3,481,980 |
| Interest | 621,151 | | 447,948 | | 440,624 | | 840,934 | 2,207,171 |
| Total expenditures | \$ 62,972,672 | 2 \$ | 63,888,521 | \$ | 69,869,749 | \$ | 74,448,765 | \$ 79,891,722 |
| Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures | (2,835,342 | 2) | (5,710,305) | | (7,979,140) | | (7,460,108) | (13,825,241) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 4,064,942 | 2 | 5,105,019 | | 6,577,346 | | 24,806,450 | 5,217,446 |
| Transfers out | (1,097,942 | 2) | (1,444,769) | | (2,341,584) | | (20,081,450) | (2,142,446) |
| Bond premium/discount | - | | - | | - | | 3,477,487 | - |
| Debt financing | - | | - | | - | | 36,815,000 | - |
| Lease obligations issued | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Inception of SBITA agreement | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Proceeds from installment purchase agreement | 1,955,000 | | 3,007,000 | | 2,173,000 | | 842,000 | 1,965,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 4,922,000 |) | 6,667,250 | | 6,408,762 | | 45,859,487 | 5,040,000 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ 2,086,658 | \$ | 956,945 | \$ | (1,570,378) | \$ | 38,399,379 | \$ (8,785,241) |
| Total debt service | \$ 4,651,507 | 7 \$ | 4,311,932 | \$ | 4,311,431 | \$ | 4,481,499 | \$ 5,689,151 |
| Total expenditures | 62,972,672 | 2 | 63,888,521 | | 69,869,749 | | 74,448,765 | 79,891,722 |
| Capital outlay primary government only | 13,621,602 | | 7,094,717 | | 10,420,735 | | 11,387,714 | 13,365,605 |
| Non-capital expenditures | \$ 49,351,070 |) \$ | 56,793,804 | \$ | 59,449,014 | \$ | 63,061,051 | \$ 66,526,117 |
| Daht sarvice as a percentage of | | | | | | | | |
| Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures | 9.439 | % | 7.59% | | 7.25% | | 7.11% | 8.55% |

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| (mounted accidant basis of accounting) | Fiscal Year | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | <u>2022</u> | <u>2023</u> | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 27,112,512 | \$ 27,730,817 | \$ 28,732,213 | \$ 28,395,797 | \$ 30,921,202 | | |
| Intergovernmental revenues | 27,263,383 | 27,727,887 | 31,599,609 | 33,738,205 | 42,692,391 | | |
| Licenses and permits | 1,778,770 | 1,673,666 | 1,831,084 | 1,896,908 | 1,913,320 | | |
| Sales and services | 9,792,320 | 10,300,303 | 9,719,476 | 11,340,654 | 11,877,809 | | |
| Investment earnings | 1,055,402 | 846,129 | 302,776 | 416,332 | 1,826,188 | | |
| Contributions | - | - | - | - | 150 | | |
| Project revenue | 3,135,089 | 2,499,037 | 1,783,938 | 2,101,638 | 2,328,822 | | |
| Miscellaneous | 2,097,793 | 986,405 | 841,748 | 1,309,607 | 1,557,572 | | |
| Total revenues | 72,235,269 | 71,764,244 | 74,810,844 | 79,199,141 | 93,117,454 | | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| General government | 8,250,322 | 7,366,387 | 9,196,354 | 16,557,772 | 12,054,806 | | |
| Public safety | 30,597,901 | 29,779,845 | 29,495,513 | 33,179,464 | 35,996,718 | | |
| Public service | 8,875,480 | 6,219,969 | 9,900,073 | 6,503,162 | 6,064,019 | | |
| Public works | 9,892,601 | 9,633,834 | 9,809,297 | 12,103,320 | 17,401,167 | | |
| Engineering | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Parks and recreation | 11,284,337 | 11,889,415 | 9,136,239 | 12,368,784 | 16,125,073 | | |
| Economic development | 106,821 | 11,297 | 728,614 | 374,536 | 178,061 | | |
| Community revitalization | 466,546 | 1,075,455 | 1,309,612 | 1,797,915 | 1,434,413 | | |
| Emergency management | - | - | 665,162 | 127,979 | - | | |
| Capital projects: | | | | . , | | | |
| General government | - | _ | - | - | - | | |
| Public safety | - | _ | - | - | - | | |
| Parks and recreation | 6,389,829 | 612,806 | 85,192 | 385,831 | 486,275 | | |
| Public service | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Community revitalization | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 3,778,295 | 3,751,359 | 3,612,045 | 4,386,248 | 5,442,450 | | |
| Interest | 2,190,205 | 2,147,553 | 2,046,395 | 1,920,005 | 1,540,647 | | |
| Total expenditures | \$ 81,832,337 | \$ 72,487,920 | \$ 75,984,496 | \$ 89,705,016 | \$ 96,723,629 | | |
| Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures | (9,597,068) | (723,676) | (1,173,652) | (10,505,875) | (3,606,175) | | |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 5,165,984 | 5,520,811 | 6,974,755 | 5,580,577 | 14,380,810 | | |
| Transfers out | (2,065,984) | (2,095,811) | (4,299,755) | (2,805,577) | (11,455,810) | | |
| Bond premium/discount | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Debt Financing | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Lease obligations issued | - | - | - | 7,630,832 | 449,047 | | |
| Inception of SBITA agreement | - | - | - | - | 258,108 | | |
| Proceeds from installment purchase agreement | 1,527,000 | 976,000 | - | 1,608,000 | 5,708,000 | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 4,627,000 | 4,401,000 | 2,675,000 | 12,013,832 | 9,340,155 | | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ (4,970,068) | \$ 3,677,324 | \$ 1,501,348 | \$ 1,507,957 | \$ 5,733,980 | | |
| Total debt service | \$ 5,968,500 | \$ 5,898,912 | \$ 5,658,440 | \$ 6,306,253 | \$ 6,983,097 | | |
| Total expenditures | 81,832,337 | 72,487,920 | 75,984,496 | 89,705,016 | 96,723,629 | | |
| Capital outlay primary government only | 8,462,868 | 5,121,232 | 7,890,412 | 5,993,341 | 14,576,036 | | |
| Non-capital expenditures | \$ 73,369,469 | \$ 67,366,688 | \$ 68,094,084 | \$ 83,711,675 | \$ 82,147,593 | | |
| Deltamain | | | | | | | |
| Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures | 8.13% | 8.76% | 8.31% | 7.53% | 8.50% | | |
| | | | | | | | |

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | General Government | Public Safety | Public Service | Public Works | Parks & Recreation | | |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| 2014 | \$ 7,001,349 | \$ 26,092,593 | \$ 5,855,063 | \$ 10,390,558 | \$ 8,102,715 | | |
| 2015 | 4,906,681 | 26,421,361 | 5,763,196 | 12,056,416 | 9,592,680 | | |
| 2016 | 6,264,669 | 28,065,519 | 8,410,267 | 10,752,364 | 10,149,953 | | |
| 2017 | 5,211,280 | 27,918,430 | 8,898,666 | 10,401,472 | 15,907,279 | | |
| 2018 | 6,732,506 | 29,630,202 | 6,203,232 | 10,140,508 | 20,482,497 | | |
| 2019 | 8,250,322 | 30,597,901 | 8,875,480 | 9,892,601 | 17,674,166 | | |
| 2020 | 7,366,387 | 29,779,845 | 6,219,969 | 9,633,834 | 12,502,221 | | |
| 2021 | 9,196,354 | 29,495,513 | 9,900,073 | 9,809,297 | 9,221,431 | | |
| 2022 | 15,782,661 | 33,179,464 | 6,503,162 | 12,103,320 | 12,368,784 | | |
| 2023 | 12,541,081 | 35,996,718 | 6,064,019 | 17,401,167 | 16,125,073 | | |
| 2023 | Emergency | 33,990,718 | 0,004,019 | 17,401,107 | 10,123,073 | | |
| Fiscal Year | Management Hazard Mitigation | Community Revitalization | Economic Development | Debt Service | Total Expenditures | | |
| 2014 | \$ - | \$ 860,152 | \$ 18,735 | \$ 4,651,507 | \$ 62,972,672 | | |
| 2015 | - | 699,439 | 136,816 | 4,311,932 | 63,888,521 | | |
| 2016 | - | 1,884,490 | 31,056 | 4,311,431 | 69,869,749 | | |
| 2017 | - | 1,588,747 | 41,392 | 4,459,862 | 74,427,128 | | |
| 2018 | | 984,449 | 29,177 | 5,478,632 | 79,681,203 | | |

106,821

11,297

728,614

374,536

178,061

5,757,981

5,688,393

5,658,440

6,095,734

6,983,097

81,621,818

72,277,401

75,984,496

88,333,555

96,723,629

Source: Audited annual financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

665,162

127,979

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds

466,546

1,075,455

1,309,612

1,797,915

1,434,413

Excludes ARPA Fund and Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Ad Valorem Taxes | Local Option Sales Tax | Franchise Tax | Tele- Communications Tax | Beer & Wine Tax | Licenses Permits & Other Taxes | Total Tax Revenues |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2014 | \$ 23,755,532 | \$ 9,271,192 | \$ 2,918,783 | \$ 753,859 | \$ 247,804 | \$ 845,949 | \$ 37,793,119 |
| 2015 | 23,415,767 | 9,929,384 | 3,549,282 | 707,980 | 268,678 | 891,336 | 38,762,427 |
| 2016 | 24,003,773 | 10,390,857 | 4,133,398 | 619,550 | 246,175 | 858,853 | 40,252,606 |
| 2017 | 24,494,306 | 11,290,472 | 4,088,160 | 615,201 | 249,805 | 1,524,414 | 42,262,358 |
| 2018 | 25,061,494 | 11,723,835 | 4,105,496 | 557,957 | 237,583 | 1,800,839 | 43,487,204 |
| 2019 | 27,112,512 | 12,545,552 | 4,179,452 | 519,791 | 236,289 | 1,778,770 | 46,372,366 |
| 2020 | 27,730,817 | 13,490,989 | 4,139,735 | 462,340 | 235,036 | 1,673,666 | 47,732,583 |
| 2021 | 28,732,213 | 14,707,055 | 4,035,227 | 379,890 | 229,359 | 1,826,334 | 49,910,078 |
| 2022 | 28,395,797 | 16,801,811 | 4,110,613 | 306,122 | 215,541 | 1,892,858 | 51,722,742 |
| 2023 | 30,921,202 | 16,789,438 | 4,300,064 | 305,954 | 246,949 | 1,913,320 | 54,476,927 |

Source: Audited annual financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

Note: Ad valorem taxes includes penalties, interest, & special district tax

Includes General fund

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Ad Valorem Taxes | Tele- communication Tax | Inter- Governmental Revenue | Licenses & Permits | Sales and Services | Project Revenue | Investment Earnings | Other Revenue | Total Revenues |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 2014 | \$ 23,821,093 | \$ 753,859 | \$ 20,619,691 | \$ 845,949 | \$ 8,606,993 | \$ 4,156,053 | \$ 65,120 | \$ 1,268,572 | \$ 60,137,331 |
| 2015 | 23,496,912 | 707,980 | 21,723,444 | 891,336 | 8,303,246 | 2,026,322 | 63,733 | 965,243 | 58,178,216 |
| 2016 | 24,081,429 | 619,550 | 24,014,587 | 858,853 | 8,815,725 | 2,246,491 | 106,991 | 1,146,983 | 61,890,609 |
| 2017 | 24,560,773 | 615,201 | 27,536,961 | 1,524,414 | 8,607,485 | 2,491,335 | 440,161 | 1,181,690 | 66,958,020 |
| 2018 | 25,131,933 | 557,957 | 25,327,939 | 1,800,839 | 8,555,114 | 2,400,116 | 909,680 | 1,172,384 | 65,855,962 |
| 2019 | 27,112,512 | 519,791 | 26,743,592 | 1,778,770 | 9,792,320 | 3,135,089 | 1,055,402 | 1,887,274 | 72,024,750 |
| 2020 | 27,730,817 | 462,340 | 27,265,547 | 1,673,666 | 10,300,303 | 2,499,037 | 846,129 | 775,887 | 71,553,726 |
| 2021 | 28,732,213 | 379,890 | 31,219,719 | 1,826,334 | 9,724,226 | 1,781,950 | 302,776 | 633,217 | 74,600,325 |
| 2022 | 28,395,797 | 306,122 | 32,271,141 | 1,896,908 | 11,340,654 | 2,101,638 | 409,730 | 1,099,088 | 77,821,078 |
| 2023 | 30,921,202 | 305,954 | 32,386,437 | 1,913,320 | 11,877,809 | 2,328,822 | 1,809,289 | 1,347,203 | 82,890,036 |

Source:

Audited annual financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds Excludes ARPA Fund and Rocky Mount Public Facilities Corporation

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | - |
|------|----------|
| Real | Property |

| Fiscal | Residential Property | | | Commercial | Property | Personal Property | | | |
|------------|----------------------|----------------|----|---------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| Year | Nash | Edgecombe | | Nash | Edgecombe | Nash | | Edgecombe | |
| 2014 | \$ 1,607,339,569 | \$ 469,763,599 | \$ | 964,403,741 | \$ 35,358,550 | \$ | 734,489,531 | \$ 115,903,296 | |
| 2015 | 1,619,968,919 | 471,493,161 | | 951,410,318 | 35,488,733 | | 687,277,074 | 163,609,353 | |
| 2016 | 1,615,745,248 | 469,421,346 | | 948,929,749 | 35,332,789 | | 683,952,105 | 151,311,571 | |
| 2017 (4) | 1,490,253,165 | 462,645,300 | | 1,079,148,844 | 45,756,129 | | 749,073,020 | 149,823,142 | |
| 2018 (4&5) | 1,376,224,104 | 427,888,176 | | 996,576,076 | 42,318,611 | | 746,582,183 | 137,286,402 | |
| 2019 (4) | 1,388,260,912 | 419,315,859 | | 1,005,292,384 | 41,470,799 | | 856,703,977 | 121,713,809 | |
| 2020 (4) | 1,382,753,080 | 421,304,030 | | 1,043,129,517 | 41,667,431 | | 959,086,093 | 141,648,235 | |
| 2021 (4) | 1,262,384,044 | 422,431,708 | | 1,212,878,788 | 41,778,960 | | 995,856,344 | 161,333,847 | |
| 2022 (4) | 1,273,738,440 | 423,112,080 | | 1,223,787,912 | 41,846,250 | | 988,158,206 | 131,772,111 | |
| 2023 (4) | 1,314,088,702 | 421,000,204 | | 1,213,004,955 | 41,637,383 | | 1,062,773,479 | 139,253,800 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Fiscal | Public Se | rvic | e (1) | - | Fotal Taxable Assessed | Total Direct Tax | Estimated Actual Taxable | Assessed Value as a Percentage of |
|------------|------------------|------|------------|----|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Year | Nash | I | Edgecombe | | Value | Rate (2) | Value (3) | Actual Value |
| 2014 | \$ 42,301,359 | \$ | 38,394,016 | \$ | 4,007,953,661 | 0.58 | \$ 3,972,326,494 | 100.90% |
| 2015 | 46,020,988 | | 35,272,383 | | 4,010,540,929 | 0.58 | 3,950,569,476 | 101.52% |
| 2016 | 50,550,431 | | 32,875,817 | | 3,988,119,056 | 0.605 | 3,931,828,062 | 101.43% |
| 2017 (4) | 50,254,170 | | 31,893,692 | | 4,058,847,462 | 0.605 | 4,100,095,736 | 98.99% |
| 2018 (4&5) | 58,086,015 | | 31,185,813 | | 3,816,147,381 | 0.66 | 4,003,696,773 | 95.32% |
| 2019 (4) | 61,226,994 | | 41,081,664 | | 3,935,066,398 | 0.685 | 4,129,418,060 | 95.29% |
| 2020 (4) | 67,640,174 | | 37,149,632 | | 4,094,378,192 | 0.685 | 4,391,080,499 | 93.24% |
| 2021 (4) | 69,026,526 | | 41,351,771 | | 4,207,041,988 | 0.685 | 4,700,039,972 | 89.51% |
| 2022 (4) | 71,619,252 | | 38,912,038 | | 4,192,946,289 | 0.685 | 5,234,040,561 | 80.11% |
| 2023 (4) | 71,587,511 | | 40,537,031 | | 4,303,883,065 | 0.685 | 5,963,303,426 | 72.17% |

Source: Audited annual financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Public service companies valuations are provided to the City by the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

⁽²⁾ Per \$100 of value.

⁽³⁾ The estimated market value is calculated by dividing the assessed value by an assessment-to-sales ratio determined by the State Department of Revenue. The ratio is based on actual property sales which took place during the fiscal year.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes annexed property.

⁽⁵⁾ Revaluation year for Property values.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

| City | of Rocky M | ount | | Overla Edgeco | Total Direct | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Fiscal Year | Operating Millage | Debt Service Millage | Total City Millage | Operating Millage | Total County Millage | and Overlapping Rates (Edgecombe County) |
| 2014 | 0.58 | - | 0.58 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 1.44 |
| 2015 | 0.58 | - | 0.58 | 0.895 | 0.895 | 1.475 |
| 2016 | 0.605 | - | 0.605 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.555 |
| 2017 | 0.605 | - | 0.605 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.555 |
| 2018 | 0.660 | - | 0.660 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.610 |
| 2019 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.635 |
| 2020 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.635 |
| 2021 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.635 |
| 2022 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.635 |
| 2023 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.635 |

| City | of Rocky M | ount | | Nash County | | Total Direct |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|
| Fiscal Year | Operating Millage | Debt Service Millage | Total City Millage | Total County Millage | Municipal Service District Tax (1) | and Overlapping Rates (Nash County) |
| 2014 | 0.58 | _ | 0.58 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.45 |
| 2015 | 0.58 | - | 0.58 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.45 |
| 2016 | 0.605 | - | 0.605 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.475 |
| 2017 | 0.605 | - | 0.605 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.475 |
| 2018 | 0.660 | - | 0.660 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.530 |
| 2019 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.555 |
| 2020 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.555 |
| 2021 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.555 |
| 2022 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.555 |
| 2023 | 0.685 | - | 0.685 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 1.555 |

Sources: City of Rocky Mount Finance Department

Notes: 1) Municipal Service District represents part of the Downtown Business District

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

| | | 2023 | | | 2014 | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|------|---|------------------------------|------|---|
| Taxpayer | Type of Business | Taxable Assessed Value | Rank | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value | Taxable Assessed Value | Rank | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value |
| Hospira Inc ^a | Pharmaceuticals Manufacturing | \$ 451,241,585 | 1 | 10.48 % | \$154,304,592 | 1 | 3.85 % |
| Kaba Ilco Corp | Key & Security System Manufacturing | 29,622,700 | 2 | 0.69 | 20,090,467 | 6 | 0.50 |
| Duke Energy Progress, Inc.b | Utility - Electrical | 24,961,746 | 3 | 0.58 | 16,045,211 | 9 | 0.40 |
| Dominion North Carolina Power | Utility - Electrical | 22,416,761 | 4 | 0.52 | | | |
| Oakwood Properties LLC | Community Development Company | 17,536,508 | 5 | 0.41 | \$18,945,395 | 7 | 0.47 |
| Honeywell International Inc | Aircraft Manufacturing | 17,405,861 | 6 | 0.40 | \$14,867,784 | 10 | 0.37 |
| CSX Transportation | Freight Transportation | 15,055,986 | 7 | 0.35 | | | |
| Hendon Golden East LLC | Retail Shopping Center | 14,090,598 | 8 | 0.33 | \$35,677,641 | 4 | 0.89 |
| Carolina Telephone Company | Communications | 14,030,982 | 9 | 0.33 | 38,757,400 | 2 | 0.97 |
| Boddie Noell Enterprises Inc | Restaurant Operator/Land Development | 12,914,687 | 10 | 0.30 | | | |
| Cobb Corners Shops LLP Rocky Mount WEH LP | Retail Shopping Center Community Development Company | | | | 18,440,182 | 8 | 0.46 |
| PNC Bank | Banking | | | | 18,040,940 | 5 | 0.45 |
| Edgecombe Genco LLC | Electrical Energy Producer | | | | 38,515,368 | 3 | 0.96 |
| Total | | \$ 619,277,414 | | 14.39 % | \$373,684,980 | | 9.32 % |

Source: City of Rocky Mount Finance Dept ^a On September 3, 2015, Hospira was acquired by Pfizer ^b Formerly Progress Energy Carolinas

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | ear for the | | | | | Collected v | | Co | ollections | Total Collec | ctions to Date | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------|----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|--------------|----------------|---------|
| Ended | Fi | iscal Year | Total | | Total | | Percentage | e in Subsequent | | | Percentage | |
| June 30, | (Or | iginal Levy) | Adj | ustments | Ac | ljusted Levy | Amount | of Levy | | Years | Amount | of Levy |
| 2014 | \$ | 23,143,497 | \$ | 127,360 | \$ | 23,270,857 | \$ 22,351,527 | 96.58 | \$ | 707,527 | \$ 23,059,054 | 99.09 |
| 2015 | | 23,012,679 | | 269,223 | | 23,281,902 | 22,562,575 | 98.04 | | 521,264 | 23,083,839 | 99.15 |
| 2016 | | 24,015,823 | | 110,955 | | 24,126,778 | 23,394,761 | 97.41 | | 523,844 | 23,918,605 | 99.14 |
| 2017 | | 24,402,640 | | 152,032 | | 24,554,672 | 23,836,350 | 97.68 | | 487,154 | 24,323,504 | 99.06 |
| 2018 | | 25,022,642 | | 157,473 | | 25,180,115 | 24,533,103 | 98.04 | | 416,539 | 24,949,642 | 99.08 |
| 2019 | | 26,588,336 | | 336,848 | | 26,925,184 | 26,270,847 | 98.81 | | 396,373 | 26,667,220 | 99.04 |
| 2020 | | 27,917,124 | | 128,045 | | 28,045,169 | 27,008,648 | 96.75 | | 676,368 | 27,685,016 | 98.72 |
| 2021 | | 28,662,926 | | 153,000 | | 28,815,926 | 27,691,523 | 96.61 | | 506,051 | 28,197,574 | 97.85 |
| 2022 | | 28,598,799 | | 122,363 | | 28,721,162 | 27,476,366 | 96.08 | | 587,890 | 28,064,256 | 97.71 |
| 2023 | | 29,387,239 | | 94,237 | | 29,481,476 | 28,812,724 | 98.05 | | - | 28,812,724 | 97.73 |

Source: City of Rocky Mount Finance Department

City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina

Electric Utility Revenue Rates Fiscal Year 2022-2023

| Service Type | Monthly Customer Charge | Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase | Monthly Customer Charge-Under 1,000 kW | Monthly Customer Charge-1,000 - 2,500 kW | Monthly Customer Charge-1,500 - 2,500 kW | Monthly Customer Charge-Over 2,500 kW |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Residential effective 7/1/17 | Charge | 26.00 | 45.00 | 1,000 KW | 2,500 KW | 2,500 KW | 2,500 KW |
| Small General Service 7/1/17 | | 26.00 | 45.00 | | | | |
| Medium General Service 7/1/17 | | 50.00 | 70.00 | | | | |
| Large General Service 7/1/17 | 600.00 | | | | | | |
| Coordinated Demand Control Service 7/1/2013 | | | | 265.00 | 975.00 | | 1,850.00 |
| Med General Seasonal/Intermittent 7/1/2017 | | 33.00 | 50.00 | | | | |
| Industrial Service 7/1/17 | 1,125.00 | | | | | | |
| Service Type | Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | Monthly Energy Charge- First 750 kWH/kWH | Monthly Energy Charge-Next 1250 kWH/kWH | Monthly Energy Charge- All Over 2000 kWH/kWH | Monthly Energy Charge-First 2000 kWH/kWH | Monthly Energy Charge- Additional kWH/kWH | |
| Residential effective 7/1/17 | 0.097077 | | | | | | |
| Small General Service 7/1/17 | | 0.123620 | 0.102931 | 0.097237 | | | |
| Medium General Service 7/1/17 | 0.068000 | | | | | | |
| Large General Service 7/1/17 | 0.053700 | | | | | | |
| Coordinated Demand Control Service 7/1/2013 | 0.058375 | | | | | | |
| Med General Seasonal/Intermittent 7/1/2017 | | | | | 0.125159 | 0.099238 | |
| Industrial Service 7/1/17 | 0.042200 | | | | | | |

Source: City of Rocky Mount Administrative Policy

Note: These rates represent the major rate categories, they do not reflect other misc rate categories.

City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina

Electric Utility Revenue Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | Fiscal Year | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Residential-rates at fiscal year-end | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | 14.00 | 14.00 | 26.00 | 26.00 | 26.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase(add amount to single) | 21.00 | 21.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Small General Service-rates at fiscal year-end | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | 26.00 | 26.00 | 26.00 | 26.00 | 26.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase(add amount to single) | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH-First 750 kWH/kWH | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH-Next 1250 kWH/kWH | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.10 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH-Over 2000 kWH/kWH | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Medium General Service-rates at fiscal year-end | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | 2018 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | 27.00 | 27.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 50.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase(add amount to single) | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Large General Service-rates at fiscal year-end | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> |
| Monthly Customer Charge | 1,130.00 | 1,130.00 | 600.00 | 600.00 | 600.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.05 |
| Coordinated Demand Control Service-rates fiscal end | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Under 1,000 kW | 265.00 | 265.00 | 265.00 | 265.00 | 265.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-1,000 -2,500 kW | 975.00 | 975.00 | 975.00 | 975.00 | 975.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Over 2,500 kW | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| Coordinated Demand Control Service/Industrial-rates fiscal e | <u>nd</u> | | | | |
| repealed 9/1/15 | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | 2018 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-1,500 -2,500 kW | 975.00 | 975.00 | 975.00 | - | - |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Over 2,500 kW | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | - | - |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 | - | - |
| Med General Seasonal/Intermittent-rates fiscal end | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | 2018 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | 38.00 | 38.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase | 20.00 | 20.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge-First 2000 kWH/kWH | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 |
| Monthly Energy Charge-Additional kWH/kWH | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Industrial Service Monthly Facilities Charge | <u>2014</u> | 2015 | 2016 700.00 | 2017 700.00 | 2018 1,125.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | - | - | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.04 |

Source: City of Rocky Mount Administrative Policy

Note: These rates represent the major rate categories, they do not reflect other misc rate categories.

City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina

Electric Utility Revenue Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Residential-rates at fiscal year-end Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | 2019 26.00 | 2020 26.00 | Fiscal Year <u>2021</u> 26.00 | 2022 26.00 | 2023 26.00 |
|---|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase(add amount to single) | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Small General Service-rates at fiscal year-end | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2022</u> | 2023 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase(add amount to single) | 26.00 19.00 | 26.00 19.00 | 26.00 19.00 | 26.00 19.00 | 26.00 19.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH-First 750 kWH/kWH | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH-Next 1250 kWH/kWH | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH-Over 2000 kWH/kWH | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Medium General Service-rates at fiscal year-end | 2019 | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2022</u> | <u>2023</u> |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase(add amount to single) | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 |
| Large General Service-rates at fiscal year-end | 2019 | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | 2022 | 2023 |
| Monthly Customer Charge | 600.00 | 600.00 | 600.00 | 600.00 | 600.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Coordinated Demand Control Service-rates fiscal end | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2022</u> | <u>2023</u> |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Under 1,000 kW | 265.00 | 265.00 | 265.00 | 265.00 | 265.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-1,000 -2,500 kW | 975.00 | 975.00 | 975.00 | 975.00 | 975.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Over 2,500 kW | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 | 1,850.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| Coordinated Demand Control Service/Industrial-rates fiscal en | | | | | |
| repealed 9/1/15 | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2022</u> | <u>2023</u> |
| Monthly Customer Charge-1,500 -2,500 kW | - | - | - | - | - |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Over 2,500 kW | - | - | - | - | - |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | - | - | - | - | - |
| Med General Seasonal/Intermittent-rates fiscal end | 2019 | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | 2022 | 2023 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Single Phase | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.00 |
| Monthly Customer Charge-Three Phase | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge-First 2000 kWH/kWH | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.13 |
| Monthly Energy Charge-Additional kWH/kWH | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Industrial Service | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | 2022 | 2023 |
| Monthly Facilities Charge | 1,125.00 | 1,125.00 | 1,125.00 | 1,125.00 | 1,125.00 |
| Monthly Energy Charge/kWH | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 |

City of Rocky Mount, North Carolina

Principal Electric Revenue Payers by Business Type Current Year and Nine Years Ago

| | | 2023 | | | 2014 | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------|--|-----------------|------|--|
| | Electric | | Percentage of Total Electric Revenue | Electric | | Percentage of Total Electric Revenue |
| Type of Business | Revenue Billing | Rank | 74,714,124 | Revenue Billing | Rank | 93,859,674 |
| Healthcare | \$ 2,100,570 | 1 | 2.81% | \$ 2,905,882 | 1 | 3.10% |
| Bakery Production Facility | 684,871 | 2 | 0.92% | 1,047,058 | 3 | 1.12% |
| Elevator Production Facility | 593,952 | 3 | 0.79% | 537,764 | 7 | 0.57% |
| Communications | 560,713 | 4 | 0.75% | 698,770 | 6 | 0.74% |
| Plastic Packaging Manufacturer | 531,885 | 5 | 0.71% | 1,142,762 | 2 | 1.22% |
| Food Distributor | 516,161 | 6 | 0.69% | 882,455 | 5 | 0.94% |
| Healthcare packaging | 470,728 | 7 | 0.63% | - | | 0.00% |
| Key & Security System Manufacturer | 465,489 | 8 | 0.62% | 1,021,625 | 4 | 1.09% |
| Bakery Production Facility | 442,145 | 9 | 0.59% | - | | 0.00% |
| Data Systems | 428,821 | 10 | 0.57% | 451,620 | 8 | 0.48% |
| Plastic Packaging Manufacturer | - | | - | 425,407 | | 0.45% |
| Department Store | - | | - | 447,603 | 9 | 0.48% |
| | \$ 6,795,335 | | 9.10% | \$ 9,560,946 | | 10.19% |

Source: City of Rocky Mount Public Utilities-Energy Services Department

ELECTRIC FUND REVENUES, EXPENSES AND NET INCOMELast Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Operating Purchased Revenues Power | | Operating Expenses | Operating Income | Nonoperating Revenues & (Expenses) Net | Income Before Transfers | |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ 93,771,709 93,059,344 81,344,061 79,960,866 77,070,580 76,875,739 74,034,437 75,955,186 75,005,750 73,367,681 | \$ 75,354,137 72,729,666 53,102,969 54,693,922 53,108,853 53,310,732 51,950,592 50,980,465 52,732,148 51,099,920 | \$ 14,052,385 14,139,991 15,495,839 15,863,768 16,694,544 17,586,957 17,907,538 18,218,851 18,860,804 26,708,042 | \$ 4,365,187 6,189,687 12,745,253 9,403,176 7,267,183 5,978,050 4,176,307 6,755,870 3,412,798 (4,440,281) | \$ (217,178) (697,028) (31,786) 766,753 (829,289) 726,582 643,031 54,586 841,075 1,266,535 | \$ 4,148,009 5,492,659 12,713,467 10,169,929 6,437,894 6,704,632 4,819,338 6,810,456 4,253,873 (3,173,746) | |
| Fiscal Year | Capital Contributions & Transfers In (Out) Net | Net Income (Loss) | Ratio of Net Income (loss) to Operating Revenues | (4,440,201) | 1,200,333 | (3,173,740) | |
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ (1,425,000) (1,700,000) (1,700,000) (2,058,968) (2,165,000) (2,150,000) (2,300,000) (2,485,000) (2,550,000) (2,600,000) | \$ 2,723,009 3,792,659 11,013,467 8,110,961 4,272,894 4,554,632 2,519,338 4,325,456 1,703,873 (5,773,746) | 2.9% 4.1% 13.5% 10.1% 5.5% 5.9% 3.4% 5.7% 2.3% -7.9% | | | | |

Source: Audited financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

Note: FY2016 reduction in electric rates due to sale of NCEMPA generation assets to Duke Energy Progress

ELECTRIC FUND REVENUES BY SOURCELast Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | User Charges | Other Operating Revenues | ating Non-opera | | Grants and Subsidies | | Investment Earnings | | Total Revenues | |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------|--------|------------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| 2014 | \$ 91,430,978 | \$ 2,340,731 | \$ | 63,945 | \$ | - | \$ | 24,020 | \$ | 93,859,674 |
| 2015 | 91,929,928 | 1,129,416 | | 70,880 | | - | | 20,761 | | 93,150,985 |
| 2016 | 80,485,127 | 858,934 | | 317,144 | | - | | 69,728 | | 81,730,933 |
| 2017 | 78,883,736 | 1,077,130 | | 761,757 | | 51,032 | | 234,313 | | 81,007,968 |
| 2018 | 75,958,532 | 1,112,048 | | 66,895 | | - | | 532,631 | | 77,670,106 |
| 2019 | 75,633,092 | 1,242,647 | | 93,456 | | - | | 877,934 | | 77,847,129 |
| 2020 | 73,090,603 | 943,834 | | 140,837 | | - | | 629,552 | | 74,804,826 |
| 2021 | 74,754,278 | 1,200,908 | | 91,122 | | - | | 23,374 | | 76,069,682 |
| 2022 | 74,443,295 | 562,455 | | 838,949 | | - | | 73,361 | | 75,918,060 |
| 2023 | 72,871,475 | 496,206 | | 132,150 | | - | | 1,214,293 | | 74,714,124 |

Source: Audited financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

Note: FY2016 reduction in electric rates due to sale of NCEMPA generation assets to Duke Energy Progress

ELECTRIC FUND USER CHARGESLast Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Residential | Commercial/ Industrial | Commercial | Seasonal | Other Lights | Total User Charges | |
|----------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | \$ 42,714,433 | \$ 42,689,175 | \$ 3,609,477 | \$ 331,702 | \$ 2,086,191 | \$ 91,430,978 | |
| 2015 | 42,738,735 | 43,073,256 | 3,607,192 | 366,185 | 2,144,560 | 91,929,928 | |
| 2016 | 37,041,030 | 35,509,526 | 5,485,774 | 350,457 | 2,098,339 | 80,485,127 | |
| 2017 | 36,940,907 | 32,871,262 | 6,642,553 | 321,445 | 2,107,569 | 78,883,736 | |
| 2018 | 36,859,938 | 30,335,500 | 6,778,103 | 236,125 | 1,748,866 | 75,958,532 | |
| 2019 | 37,088,897 | 30,044,885 | 6,798,932 | 326,813 | 1,373,566 | 75,633,092 | |
| 2020 | 36,124,626 | 28,687,347 | 6,593,357 | 329,344 | 1,355,929 | 73,090,603 | |
| 2021 | 38,155,503 | 28,366,207 | 6,543,499 | 231,824 | 1,457,245 | 74,754,278 | |
| 2022 | 37,466,316 | 29,013,852 | 6,245,383 | 234,106 | 1,483,637 | 74,443,295 | |
| 2023 | 36,308,365 | 28,650,729 | 6,200,679 | 224,361 | 1,487,341 | 72,871,475 | |

Source: Internal Monthly Sales Reports

Audited financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

Note: FY2016 reduction in electric rates due to sale of NCEMPA generation assets to Duke Energy Progress

GAS FUND REVENUES, EXPENSES AND NET INCOME Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Operating Revenues Purchased Gas | | Operating Expenses | Operating Income | Nonoperating Revenues & (Expenses) Net | Income Before Transfers |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ 26,655,662 27,193,682 20,385,720 21,533,673 27,026,009 22,678,311 21,196,220 22,021,733 24,169,921 28,098,029 | \$ 14,329,752 14,881,099 11,028,446 10,705,249 15,587,726 12,060,598 10,215,375 10,279,075 14,117,388 18,132,752 | \$ 7,156,602 6,372,319 8,847,685 7,626,627 8,922,674 8,967,289 10,274,014 10,237,137 10,679,912 12,885,989 | \$ 5,169,308 5,940,264 509,589 3,201,797 2,515,609 1,650,424 706,831 1,505,521 (627,379) (2,920,712) | \$ (257,710) (258,012) (152,026) 1,152 (283,443) (112,756) (365,342) (24,568) 15,358 418,998 | \$ 4,911,598 5,682,252 357,563 3,202,949 2,232,166 1,537,668 341,489 1,480,953 (612,021) (2,501,714) |
| Fiscal Year | Capital Contributions & Transfers In (Out) Net | Net Income (Loss) | Ratio of Net Income (loss) to Operating Revenues | | | |
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ (1,066,000) (1,900,000) (2,100,000) (2,245,000) (1,025,000) (1,200,000) (300,000) (400,000) | \$ 3,845,598 3,782,252 (1,742,437) 957,949 2,232,166 512,668 (858,511) 1,480,953 (912,021) (2,901,714) | 14.43% 13.91% -8.55% 4.45% 8.26% -4.05% 6.72% -3.77% -10.33% | | | |

Source: Audited financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

GAS FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | | | Other Operating Revenues | | Other Non-operating Revenues | | Investment Earnings | Total Revenues |
|----------------|----|------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|----|------------------------|------------------|
| 2014 | \$ | 26,507,748 | \$ | 147,914 | \$ - | \$ | 8,894 | \$ 26,664,556 |
| 2015 | | 26,993,761 | | 199,921 | - | | 15,444 | 27,209,126 |
| 2016 | | 20,218,245 | | 167,475 | 4,599 | | 39,195 | 20,429,514 |
| 2017 | | 21,390,421 | | 143,252 | - | | 92,148 | 21,625,821 |
| 2018 | | 26,683,450 | | 342,559 | - | | 181,197 | 27,207,206 |
| 2019 | | 22,478,312 | | 199,999 | - | | 315,807 | 22,994,118 |
| 2020 | | 20,826,108 | | 370,112 | - | | 238,428 | 21,434,648 |
| 2021 | | 21,702,587 | | 319,146 | - | | 5,178 | 22,026,911 |
| 2022 | | 23,858,265 | | 311,656 | - | | 38,953 | 24,208,874 |
| 2023 | | 27,799,573 | | 318,456 | 22,027 | | 408,295 | 28,548,351 |

Source: Audited financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

GAS FUND USER CHARGES **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

| Fiscal Year | Residential Commercial | | ommercial | Industrial | Special | | Seasonal | | Other | | Total User Charges | |
|----------------|------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------------------|---------------|
| 2014 | \$ | 13,789,553 | \$ | 7,557,336 | \$ 1,185,317 | \$ | 3,791,887 | \$ | 183,655 | \$ | _ | \$ 26,507,748 |
| 2015 | | 13,865,721 | | 7,763,319 | 1,364,225 | | 3,761,901 | | 238,596 | | - | 26,993,761 |
| 2016 | | 10,252,283 | | 5,733,321 | 1,204,443 | | 2,800,705 | | 227,494 | | - | 20,218,245 |
| 2017 | | 10,890,188 | | 5,710,045 | 1,289,012 | | 2,508,488 | | 992,687 | | - | 21,390,421 |
| 2018 | | 13,843,786 | | 7,369,478 | 1,578,075 | | 2,585,328 | | 1,306,783 | | - | 26,683,450 |
| 2019 | | 11,428,483 | | 6,392,600 | 1,318,358 | | 2,427,881 | | 910,991 | | - | 22,478,312 |
| 2020 | | 10,849,421 | | 5,859,192 | 1,214,339 | | 2,433,886 | | 469,270 | | - | 20,826,108 |
| 2021 | | 11,771,636 | | 6,174,013 | 1,055,920 | | 2,229,696 | | 471,322 | | - | 21,702,587 |
| 2022 | | 12,328,407 | | 6,870,206 | 868,317 | | 3,094,070 | | 697,265 | | - | 23,858,265 |
| 2023 | | 13,601,444 | | 8,188,159 | 1,160,959 | | 3,772,886 | | 1,056,125 | | - | 27,779,573 |

Source:

Internal Monthly Sales Reports Audited financial reports of the City of Rocky Mount

WATER FUND REVENUES, EXPENSES AND NET INCOME Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Operating Revenues | Operating Expenses | Operating Income (loss) | Nonoperating Revenues & (Expenses) Net | Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ 10,961,723 10,942,768 11,340,187 11,022,058 11,192,092 11,420,235 11,776,384 11,383,117 11,701,267 12,172,530 | \$ 7,570,233 9,998,089 9,913,611 10,306,996 10,346,891 11,675,726 12,117,860 12,097,541 11,748,292 13,687,022 | \$ 3,391,490 944,679 1,426,576 715,062 845,201 (255,491) (341,476) (714,424) (47,025) (1,514,492) | \$ (90,826) (145,622) (111,578) (21,630) 132,776 266,093 160,083 15,704 148,146 380,171 | \$ 3,300,664 799,057 1,314,998 693,432 977,977 10,602 (181,393) (698,720) 101,121 (1,134,321) |
| Fiscal Year | Capital Contributions & Transfers In (Out) Net | Net Income (Loss) | Ratio of Net Income (loss) to Operating Revenues | | |
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ (526,000) (125,000) (500,000) (445,000) (922,640) 150,000 | \$ 2,774,664 674,057 814,998 248,432 55,337 160,602 (181,393) (963,720) 101,121 (1,134,321) | 25.3% 6.2% 7.2% 2.3% 0.5% 1.4% -1.5% -8.5% 0.9% -9.3% | | |

WATER FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | User Charges | Licenses d Permits | O | Other Operating Revenues | | Other Non-operating Revenues | | Grants and Subsidies | | vestment arnings | Total Revenues |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|---------------------|-------------------|
| 2014 | \$ 10,771,384 | \$ 22,020 | \$ | 168,319 | \$ | 29,700 | \$ | _ | \$ | 18,343 | \$ 11,009,766 |
| 2015 | 10,664,276 | 61,813 | | 216,679 | | 10,775 | | _ | | 16,002 | 10,969,545 |
| 2016 | 11,046,278 | 49,025 | | 244,884 | | 8,059 | | _ | | 32,080 | 11,380,326 |
| 2017 | 10,673,585 | 30,050 | | 318,423 | | 28,237 | | - | | 74,555 | 11,124,850 |
| 2018 | 10,844,652 | 31,380 | | 255,375 | | 64,891 | | 62,360 | | 154,973 | 11,413,631 |
| 2019 | 11,024,513 | 39,298 | | 265,113 | | 234,512 | | 150,000 | | 246,059 | 11,959,495 |
| 2020 | 10,794,113 | 31,498 | | 852,027 | | 111,278 | | - | | 171,622 | 11,960,538 |
| 2021 | 10,845,204 | 168,170 | | 206,952 | | 170,810 | | - | | 3,073 | 11,394,209 |
| 2022 | 11,299,148 | 173,346 | | 228,773 | | 136,678 | | - | | 20,905 | 11,858,850 |
| 2023 | 12,047,259 | 47,875 | | 77,396 | | 24,879 | | - | | 356,004 | 12,553,413 |

WATER FUND USER CHARGES Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Inside City | | Inside City Outside City | | | Municipal | | Other | Total User Charges | | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------|----|-----------|----|--------|-----------------------|------------|--|
| 2014 | \$ | 8.234.091 | \$ | 752,157 | \$ | 1,785,136 | \$ | _ | \$ | 10,771,384 | |
| 2015 | * | 8,332,830 | • | 753,613 | • | 1,577,833 | • | - | • | 10,664,276 | |
| 2016 | | 8,647,758 | | 834,213 | | 1,564,307 | | _ | | 11,046,278 | |
| 2017 | | 8,324,804 | | 825,383 | | 1,523,398 | | - | | 10,673,585 | |
| 2018 | | 8,268,276 | | 803,464 | | 1,772,912 | | 60,685 | | 10,905,337 | |
| 2019 | | 8,363,159 | | 804,937 | | 1,856,418 | | - | | 11,024,513 | |
| 2020 | | 8,093,319 | | 696,980 | | 2,003,815 | | 98,746 | | 10,892,859 | |
| 2021 | | 7,975,926 | | 682,939 | | 2,186,339 | | - | | 10,845,204 | |
| 2022 | | 8,152,586 | | 818,001 | | 2,328,560 | | - | | 11,299,148 | |
| 2023 | | 8,364,470 | | 929,850 | | 2,752,940 | | - | | 12,047,259 | |

Source: Internal Monthly Sales Reports

SEWER FUND REVENUES, EXPENSES AND NET INCOME Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Operating Revenues | Operating Expenses | Operating Income | Nonoperating Revenues & (Expenses) Net | Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ 11,933,548 12,063,032 12,848,473 12,947,995 13,914,800 14,753,709 14,382,455 14,908,826 13,398,684 14,067,972 | \$ 12,777,308 11,763,654 11,841,856 12,615,367 12,566,997 13,075,414 14,963,383 15,602,124 15,757,211 16,001,868 | \$ (843,760) 299,378 1,006,617 332,628 1,347,803 1,678,295 (580,928) (693,298) (2,358,527) (1,933,896) | \$ (380,992) (1,251,280) (788,783) (180,735) (28,933) (5,649) (94,781) (128,105) (129,456) (21,406) | \$ (1,224,752) (951,902) 217,834 151,893 1,318,870 1,672,646 (675,709) (821,403) (2,487,983) (1,955,302) | | |
| Fiscal Year | Capital Contributions & Transfers In (Out) Net | Net Income (Loss) | Ratio of Net Income to Operating Revenues | | | | |
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ (10,250) (10,762) 43,626 - 150,000 | \$ (1,224,752) (962,152) 207,072 195,519 1,318,870 1,822,646 (675,709) (821,403) (2,487,983) | -10.3% -8.0% 1.6% 1.5% 9.5% 12.4% -4.7% -5.5% | | | | |

SEWER FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | User Charg | | Licenses and Permits | | Other Operating Revenues | | Other Non-Operating Revenues | | Grants and Subsidies | | Investment Earnings | | Total Revenues | |
|----------------|---------------|-------|-------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------------|----|-------------------|--|
| 2014 | \$ 11,689 | ,883 | \$ 12,103 | \$ | 231,562 | \$ | _ | \$ | 24,106 | \$ | 41,053 | \$ | 11,998,707 | |
| 2015 | 11,756 | ,097 | 50,506 | | 256,429 | | _ | | · - | | 35,209 | | 12,098,241 | |
| 2016 | 12,532 | 2,495 | 53,534 | | 262,444 | | 257 | | - | | 42,615 | | 12,891,345 | |
| 2017 | 12,552 | 2,634 | 60,865 | | 334,496 | | 2,118 | | 43,626 | | 62,560 | | 13,056,299 | |
| 2018 | 13,011 | ,724 | 50,959 | | 852,117 | | 524 | | _ | | 120,195 | | 14,035,519 | |
| 2019 | 13,639 | ,553 | 74,472 | | 1,039,684 | | 581 | | 150,000 | | 204,438 | | 15,108,728 | |
| 2020 | 12,829 | ,201 | 59,738 | | 1,493,516 | | - | | - | | 150,122 | | 14,532,577 | |
| 2021 | 13,308 | 3,814 | 386,908 | | 1,213,516 | | - | | - | | 2,152 | | 14,911,390 | |
| 2022 | 12,018 | 3,443 | 175,468 | | 1,204,773 | | - | | - | | 7,168 | | 13,405,852 | |
| 2023 | 12,850 | ,644 | 34,220 | | 1,183,108 | | - | | - | | 73,980 | | 14,141,952 | |

SEWER FUND USER CHARGES Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Se | wer Service | Sewe | r Surcharge | Sewe | er No Water | Wholesale | Other | _Us | Total ser Charges |
|----------------|----|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|-----|----------------------|
| 2014 | \$ | 8,715,746 | \$ | 357,862 | \$ | 98,083 | \$ 2,495,781 | \$ 22,411 | \$ | 11,689,883 |
| 2015 | | 8,728,066 | | 333,735 | | 100,247 | 2,571,500 | 22,549 | | 11,756,097 |
| 2016 | | 9,443,112 | | 463,221 | | 128,912 | 2,474,028 | 23,222 | | 12,532,495 |
| 2017 | | 9,469,942 | | 532,009 | | 138,498 | 2,389,584 | 22,602 | | 12,552,634 |
| 2018 | | 9,684,729 | | 477,134 | | 133,389 | 2,692,761 | 23,711 | | 13,011,724 |
| 2019 | | 9,611,200 | | 572,201 | | 156,265 | 3,277,548 | 22,339 | | 13,639,553 |
| 2020 | | 9,338,875 | | 605,696 | | 114,283 | 2,749,235 | 21,112 | | 12,829,201 |
| 2021 | | 9,158,994 | | 725,351 | | 80,502 | 3,323,137 | 20,830 | | 13,308,814 |
| 2022 | | 9,248,256 | | 316,623 | | 116,057 | 2,317,264 | 20,244 | | 12,018,443 |
| 2023 | | 9,617,534 | | 329,265 | | 120,691 | 2,409,791 | 21,053 | | 12,498,333 |

Source: Internal Monthly Sales Reports

STORM WATER FUND REVENUES, EXPENSES AND NET INCOME Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Operating Revenues | Operating Expenses | Operating Income | Nonoperating Revenues & (Expenses) Net | Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ 3,505,458 4,096,545 4,068,312 4,087,544 4,218,997 4,167,514 4,171,205 4,136,256 4,149,725 4,180,201 | \$ 3,594,178 3,322,599 3,328,062 3,315,112 3,334,062 3,540,490 3,869,601 3,511,802 3,516,540 4,418,526 | \$ (88,720) 773,946 740,250 772,432 884,935 627,024 301,604 624,454 633,185 (238,325) | \$ (18,047) (15,061) (12,216) 6,109 34,134 61,886 63,864 (8,330) 3,118 181,364 | \$ (106,767) 758,885 728,034 778,541 919,069 688,910 365,468 616,124 636,303 (56,961) | | |
| Fiscal Year | Capital Contributions & Transfers In (Out) Net | Net Income (Loss) | Ratio of Net Income to Operating Revenues | | | | |
| 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ 79,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 378,926 75,000 75,000 75,000 | \$ (27,767) 833,885 803,034 853,541 994,069 763,910 744,394 691,124 711,303 18,039 | -0.8% 20.4% 19.7% 20.9% 23.6% 18.3% 17.8% 16.7% 17.1% 0.4% | | | | |

STORMWATER FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | User Charges | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Other Operating Revenues | N | Other on-operating Revenues | a | Grants and Subsidies | Investment Earnings | Tot | al Revenues |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|----|---|----|---------|-------------|----|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------|-----|-------------|
| 2014 | \$ | 3,457,268 | \$ 48,190 | \$ | - | \$ | 29,000 | \$ 6,153 | \$ | 3,540,611 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | | 4,040,905 | 55,640 | | - | | · - | 5,100 | | 4,101,645 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | | 4,022,698 | 45,614 | | - | | - | 8,587 | | 4,076,899 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | | 4,031,624 | 55,920 | | - | | - | 19,171 | | 4,106,715 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | | 4,131,208 | 87,789 | | _ | | - | 47,924 | | 4,266,921 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | | 4,087,899 | 79,615 | | _ | | - | 91,639 | | 4,259,153 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | | 4,113,775 | 57,430 | | - | | 303,926 | 73,660 | | 4,548,791 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | | 4,109,219 | 27,037 | | _ | | - | 1,195 | | 4,137,451 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | | 4,132,321 | 17,404 | | - | | - | 9,332 | | 4,159,057 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | | 4,157,480 | 22,721 | | - | | - | 189,960 | | 4,370,161 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

STORMWATER FUND USER CHARGES Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Residential | | Residential | | l Multi-family | | | Commercial | Total User Charges | | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------|----------------|-----------|----|------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | \$ | 890,392 | \$ | 229,306 | \$ | 2,337,570 | \$ | 3,457,268 | | | |
| 2015 | | 1,045,465 | | 273,979 | | 2,721,461 | | 4,040,905 | | | |
| 2016 | | 1,042,414 | | 275,866 | | 2,704,418 | | 4,022,698 | | | |
| 2017 | | 2,706,221 | | 277,409 | | 1,047,994 | | 4,031,624 | | | |
| 2018 | | 2,785,419 | | 283,020 | | 1,062,769 | | 4,131,208 | | | |
| 2019 | | 2,744,729 | | 283,574 | | 1,059,596 | | 4,087,899 | | | |
| 2020 | | 2,761,328 | | 288,322 | | 1,064,125 | | 4,113,775 | | | |
| 2021 | | 2,741,210 | | 290,628 | | 1,077,381 | | 4,109,219 | | | |
| 2022 | | 2,758,472 | | 289,977 | | 1,083,872 | | 4,132,321 | | | |
| 2023 | | 2,772,706 | | 287,811 | | 1,096,963 | | 4,157,480 | | | |

Source: Internal Monthly Sales Reports

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | Business-type Activities | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Fiscal Year | Installment Purchases | Special Obligation Bonds* | HUD Section 108 Loan | YMCA Debt | Lease Liabilities | Subscription Liabilities | Sewer Loans | Installment Purchases | Lease Liabilities | Subscription Liabilities | Primary Government | |
| 2014 | \$ 18,728,008 | \$ - | \$ 2,220,000 | \$ 300,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 6,947,668 | \$11,578,875 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 39,774,551 | |
| 2015 | 18,578,801 | - | 2,075,000 | 200,000 | - | - | 6,518,239 | 8,845,332 | - | - | 36,217,372 | |
| 2016 | 16,967,327 | - | 1,930,000 | 100,000 | - | - | 6,088,810 | 8,475,070 | - | - | 33,561,207 | |
| 2017 | 14,255,095 | 40,109,743 | 1,785,000 | - | - | - | 5,659,382 | 10,818,316 | - | - | 72,627,536 | |
| 2018 | 12,737,671 | 40,007,826 | 1,640,000 | - | - | - | 5,229,953 | 10,893,282 | - | - | 70,508,732 | |
| 2019 | 10,931,376 | 39,323,409 | 1,495,000 | - | - | - | 4,800,525 | 10,844,387 | - | - | 67,394,697 | |
| 2020 | 9,756,017 | 37,473,475 | 1,350,000 | - | - | - | 4,371,097 | 8,877,390 | - | - | 61,827,979 | |
| 2021 | 7,798,972 | 35,590,588 | 1,205,000 | - | - | - | 3,941,669 | 9,854,607 | - | - | 58,390,836 | |
| 2022 | 7,958,334 | 33,424,736 | 1,060,000 | - | 7,422,136 | 355,432 | 3,512,240 | 7,957,907 | - | - | 61,690,785 | |
| 2023 | 11 364 044 | 31 468 352 | 915 000 | _ | 7 004 674 | 301 240 | 3.082.811 | 7 829 646 | 132 177 | 8 366 | 62 106 310 | |

| Fiscal | Percentage of Personal | Per |
|--------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Year | Income ^a | Capita ^a |
| 2014 | 0.76% | \$ 706.16 |
| 2015 | 0.68% | 643.01 |
| 2016 | 0.63% | 599.76 |
| 2017 | 1.32% | 1,309.41 |
| 2018 | 1.24% | 1,294.07 |
| 2019 | 1.12% | 1,236.92 |
| 2020 | 0.96% | 1,137.78 |
| 2021 | 0.83% | 1,067.16 |
| 2022 | 0.89% | 1,125.72 |
| 2023 | not available | 1,130.42 |

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Net of Unamortized bond premium and accrued interest

[^]NC Department of Transportation agreements excluded effective fiscal year 2021.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding General **Less: Amounts** Percentage or Special Available in Percentage of Actual **Fiscal** Obligation Debt of Personal Taxable Value Per Bonds (3) **Service Fund** of Property(2) Year **Total** Income(1) Capita(1) \$ \$ \$ 2014 \$ 0.00% 0.00% 2015 0.00%0.00% 2016 0.00% 0.00% 2017 40,109,743 40,109,743 723 0.01% 0.96% 2018 40,007,826 40,007,826 0.01% 0.90% 734 2019 39,323,409 39,323,409 0.02% 722 0.83% 2020 37,473,475 37,473,475 0.02% 0.71% 690 2021 not available 0.59% 650 35,590,588 35,590,588 2022 33,424,736 33,424,736 not available not available 610 2023 31,468,352 31,468,352 not available not available 573

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the Financial Statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

⁽²⁾ See Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

⁽³⁾ Net of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING Total Debt as of June 30, 2023

| Name of Governmental Unit | | Total Debt Outstanding | Percentage Applicable to City of Rocky Mount ¹ | | ry of Rocky unt Share of Debt |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Direct Debt | \$ | 51,053,310 | 100.0% | \$ | 51,053,310 |
| Total Direct Debt | | 51,053,310 | | | 51,053,310 |
| Overlapping Debt Edgecombe County: School Non General Obligation Nash County Non Gen Obligation | | 3,302,000 26,246,586 32,620,500 | 0 0 1 | | 528,320 4,199,454 27,401,220 |
| Total Overlapping Debt | | 62,169,086 | | | 32,128,994 |
| Total Direct and Overlapping debt | <u>\$</u> | 113,222,396 | | <u>\$</u> | 83,182,304 |

¹ Percentage applicable to the City of Rocky Mount is calculated by determining value of taxable property in Edgecombe and Nash Counties.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Rocky Mount. This process recognizes that, when the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>15</u> <u>2016</u> | | | <u>2017</u> | | <u>2018</u> |
|--|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----|--|----|-------------|
| Debt Limit | \$ 320,636 | \$ 320,843 | \$ | 319,050 | \$ | 324,708 | \$ | 305,292 |
| Total net debt applicable to limit | \$ | \$ <u> </u> | \$ | | \$ | 36,815 | \$ | 36,815 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ 320,636 | \$ 320,843 | \$ | 319,050 | \$ | 287,893 | \$ | 268,477 |
| Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | 0.00% | 0.00% | | 0.00% | | 11.34% | | 12.06% |
| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | | <u>2021</u> | | 2022 | | <u>2023</u> |
| Debt Limit | \$ 314,805 | \$ 327,550 | \$ | 336,563 | \$ | 335,436 | \$ | 344,311 |
| Total net debt applicable to limit | \$ 36,515 | \$ 35,060 | \$ | 33,550 | \$ | 45,897 | \$ | 55,618 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ 278,290 | \$ 292,490 | \$ | 303,013 | \$ | 289,539 | \$ | 288,693 |
| Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | 11.60% | 10.70% | | 9.97% | | 13.68% | | 16.15% |
| Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023 | | | | | | | | |
| Assessed Value | | | | | \$5 | ,963,303,426 | | |
| Debt Limit (8% of total assessed value) (1) | | | | | | 344,310,645 | | |
| Debt applicable to limitation: Outstanding bonded debt at 6/30/23 Outstanding debt not evidenced by bonds at 6/30/23 Total Debt | | | | | | 30,325,000 30,469,586 60,794,586 | - | |
| | | | | | | 00,774,300 | | |
| Less: Statutory deductions (2 and 3) Bonds issued and outstanding for water purposes Bonds issued and outstanding for sewer purposes | | | | - | | 367,903 4,808,620 5,176,523 | | |
| Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit | | | | _ | | 55,618,063 | | |
| Legal debt margin | | | | = | \$ | 288,692,582 | | |

Notes:

- North Carolina General Statute 159-55(c) limits the City's net debt to 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation within the City.
- (2) North Carolina General Statute 159-55(c)(2) exempts bonds issued for electric system and water system purposes from inclusion in the calculation of legal debt margin.
- (3) North Carolina General Statute 159-55(c)(3) exempts bonds issued for sanitary sewer system purposes from inclusion in the calculation of legal debt margin.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Years

| Year | City Population (1) | M Person | y Mount SA(a) al Income ions) (2) | Rocky Mount MSA(a) Per Capita Income (2) | | Rocky Mount Unemployment Rate (3) | Rocky Mount Retail Sales (Millions) (4) |
|------|------------------------|-------------|--|---|---------------|---|---|
| 2014 | 56,325 | \$ | 5,201 | \$ | 35,086 | 10.2% | 742.4 |
| 2015 | 56,325 | | 5,321 | | 36,311 | 8.9% | 769.0 |
| 2016 | 55,958 | | 5,357 | | 36,667 | 7.5% | 815.4 |
| 2017 | 55,466 | | 5,503 | | 37,839 | 6.4% | 868.1 |
| 2018 | 54,486 | | 5,697 | | 39,416 | 6.3% | 897.0 |
| 2019 | 54,486 | | 6,013 | | 41,793 | 6.1% | 972.1 |
| 2020 | 54,341 | | 6,440 | | 44,808 | 16.1% | 1,086.8 |
| 2021 | 54,716 | | 7,006 | | 48,812 | 10.5% | 1,189.2 |
| 2022 | 54,801 | | 6,959 | | 48,298 | 7.4% | 1,291.8 |
| 2023 | 54,941 | : | not available | | not available | 6.5% | 1,418.3 |

Sources:

- (1) NC Office of the State Budget and Management, U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) NC Department of Commerce Labor and Economic Analysis
- (4) NC Department of Revenue, corrected from prior versions of ACFR

⁽a) Metropolitan Statistical Area

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

| | | 2023 | | | 2014 | | | | | |
|--|--------------|------|--|--------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Employer | Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total MSA (a) Employment | Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total MSA (a) Employment | | | | |
| Pfizer (formerly Hospira) | 1,000+ | 1 | 1.68%+ | 1,000+ | 1 | 1.62%+ | | | | |
| Nash County Public Schools (formerly Nash Rocky Mount Schools) | 1,000+ | 2 | 1.68%+ | 1,000+ | 3 | 1.62%+ | | | | |
| Cummins-Rocky Mount Engines (Consolidated Diesel Co.) | 1,000+ | 3 | 1.68%+ | 1,000+ | 4 | 1.62%+ | | | | |
| Nash General Hospital (Nash Health Care Systems) | 1,000+ | 4 | 1.68%+ | 1,000+ | 5 | 1.62%+ | | | | |
| McLane Mid-Atlantic | 500-999 | 5 | 0.84-1.68% | 500-999 | 8 | 0.81%-1.62% | | | | |
| City of Rocky Mount | 500-999 | 6 | 0.84-1.68% | 1,000+ | 7 | 1.62%+ | | | | |
| Walmart Associates | 500-999 | 7 | 0.84-1.68% | 500-999 | 9 | 0.81%-1.62% | | | | |
| Universal Leaf North America | 500-999 | 8 | 0.84-1.68% | 1,000+ | 6 | 1.62%+ | | | | |
| Sara Lee Frozen Bakery Llc | 500-999 | 9 | 0.84-1.68% | | | | | | | |
| The Cheesecake Factory | 500-999 | 10 | 0.84-1.68% | | | | | | | |
| QVC of Rocky Mount | | | | 1,000+ | 2 | 1.62%+ | | | | |
| Intercall Inc. | | | | 500-999 | 10 | 0.81%-1.62% | | | | |
| | 7,000-10,000 | | 11.76%-16.80% | 8,500-10,000 | | 13.75%-16.17% | | | | |

Source: NC Department of Commerce

(a) Metropolitan Statistical Area

Principal employers most current data is for December 2022, MSA% based on Employed Workforce for March 2023 (59,518) and March 2014 (61,836)

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function/Program | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| General Government | 107 | 110 | 119 | 112 | 120 | 112 | 118 | 125 | 131 | 136 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | 199 | 198 | 198 | 199 | 191 | 187 | 197 | 179 | 163 | 182 |
| Fire | 145 | 140 | 144 | 146 | 140 | 140 | 141 | 144 | 140 | 131 |
| Public Works | 90 | 86 | 75 | 89 | 77 | 94 | 102 | 98 | 91 | 108 |
| Engineering* | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Parks & Recreation | 62 | 59 | 58 | 59 | 57 | 55 | 59 | 55 | 54 | 56 |
| Public Service | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Economic Development | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 18 | 33 | 26 | 23 | 32 | 34 |
| Electric | 66 | 64 | 70 | 66 | 68 | 60 | 55 | 51 | 52 | 42 |
| Gas | 19 | 20 | 16 | 19 | 21 | 24 | 28 | 23 | 20 | 24 |
| Water | 44 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 41 | 39 | 43 | 41 | 44 | 38 |
| Sewer | 34 | 37 | 36 | 37 | 33 | 33 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 29 |
| Storm Water | 34 | 35 | 36 | 32 | 33 | 33 | 30 | 31 | 27 | 28 |
| Total | 844 | 836 | 839 | 845 | 822 | 812 | 832 | 804 | 789 | 810 |

Source: Finance Department

Note: This schedule represents number of persons employed as of June 30 of each year. Vacant positions are not included in the above numbers.

^{*} Engineering is reported under Public Works beginning FY2019

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAMLast Ten Fiscal Years

| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2022</u> | <u>2023</u> |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Function/Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical arrests | 9,014 | 8,171 | 7,831 | 6,517 | 6,005 | 6,367 | 5,870 | 4,751 | 3,866 | 3,790 |
| Traffic violations | 6,760 | 8,098 | 7,799 | 8,089 | 9,374 | 8,499 | 6,241 | 4,151 | 4,084 | 2,685 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of calls answered | 9,672 | 9,884 | 10,455 | 10,661 | 10,628 | 10,833 | 8,872 | 6,201 | 8,925 | 9,302 |
| Inspections | 1,760 | 2,754 | 2,196 | 2,108 | 2,138 | 2,745 | 1,539 | 2,503 | 2,674 | 1,253 |
| Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of meters | 24,365 | 24,403 | 24,694 | 23,861 | 25,892 | 26,396 | 26,756 | 25,258 | 28,604 | 26,195 |
| Avg daily consumption (millions of gallons) | 9.50 | 7.90 | 9.00 | 8.49 | 8.20 | 8.50 | 8.00 | 8.40 | 8.85 | 8.61 |
| Peak daily consumption (millions of gallons) | 12.40 | 13.00 | 14.20 | 11.30 | 11.80 | 15.60 | 12.50 | 13.80 | 13 | 15 |
| Wastewater | | | | | | | | | | |
| Avg daily sewer treatment (millions of gallons) | 11.6 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 10.96 | 14.12 | 11.90 | 14.48 | 9.76 | 10.02 |

Sources: Offices of the Finance Director, Fire Chief, Police Chief, Parks & Recreation Director, Directors of Energy Resources and Water Resources and City Clerk of the City of Rocky Mount, N.C.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | <u>2019</u> | <u>2020</u> | 2021 | <u>2022</u> | 2023 |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Function/Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Patrol units | 73 | 66 | 72 | 72 | 71 | 67 | 66 | 70 | 71 | 68 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stations | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Streets (miles) | 283 | 283 | 283 | 283 | 283 | 286 | 290 | 291 | 291 | 291 |
| Streetlights | 7,113 | 7,207 | 7,254 | 7,246 | 7,268 | 7,375 | 7,477 | 7,488 | 7507 | 7545 |
| Recreation and Parks | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| Acreage | 482 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 580 | 580 | 580 | 580 | 580 |
| Swimming Pools | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Tennis Courts | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 26 | 24 | 20 | 16 | 16 |
| Recreation centers | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water mains (miles) | 494 | 494 | 497 | 497 | 497 | 505 | 506 | 506 | 507 | 497 |
| Maximum daily capacity | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| (millions of gallons) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Storage capacity | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| (millions of gallons) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wastewater | | | | | | | | | | |
| Treatment capacity | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| (millions of gallons) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric | | | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution lines (miles) | 742 | 744 | 744 | 740 | 742 | 751 | 744 | 748 | 749 | 756 |
| Gas | | | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution lines (miles) | 535 | 542 | 550 | 555 | 555 | 555 | 557 | 556 | 558 | 559 |

Sources: Offices of the Finance Director, Fire Chief, Police Chief, Parks & Recreation Director, Directors of Energy Resources and Water Resources and City Clerk of the City of Rocky Mount, N.C.